SSC-340

ICE FORCES AND SHIP RESPONSE TO ICE

CONSOLIDATION REPORT



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An Interagency Advisory Committee Dedicated to the Improvement of Marine Structures

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ICE LOADS AND SHIP RESPONSE TO ICE CONSOLIDATION REPORT

This report is the third in a series of six that address ice loads, ice forces, and ship response to ice. The data for these reports were obtained during deployments of the U.S. Coast Guard Icebreaker POLAR SEA. This report contains an extreme value analysis of the pressure and force data collected during four deployments. These statistics should be useful in assessing criteria for the design of ice breaking hulls. The other ice reports are published as SSC-329, SSC-339, SSC-341, SSC-342 and SSC-343.

J. D. SIPES Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard Chairman, Ship Structure Committee Technical Report Documentation Page

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PREFACE

This report presents the results and final analysis of the local ice load measurement conducted on the four deployments aboard the USCGC POLAR SEA between 1982-84. Data were collected in first year and multiyear level ice in McMurdo Sound, Antarctica. The first and second deployment results from trips to the Alaskan Arctic as well as the instrumentation and data analysis techniques were presented in "Ice Loads and Ship Response to Ice" (SSC-329) (reference 1). The third deployment results from the Antarctic were presented in a report to the Maritime Administration (Reference 2). Results of the fourth data collection program from the Beaufort Sea in the summer of 1984 are presented in "Ice Loads and Ship response to Ice - A Second Season" (SSC-339) (Reference 4). This report summarizes the previous data collection programs and provides the final data analysis of all data as a whole.

A statistical analysis of extreme pressures and forces was performed for the data collected on all four deployments and is presented in this report. Pressures over one subpanel, four subpanels, and forces on frames, stringers (as if the ship were longitudinally framed), and the total load on the panel were fitted to 3 parameter extreme value distributions. The results of the extreme value statistics performed were then used to suggest ice load criteria in support of icebreaking ship design and hull design regulations for icebreaking ships.

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Ice Forces and Ship Response to Ice Consolidation Report

1. INTRODUCTION

In 1982, USCGC POLAR SEA was instrumented with an array of strain gages on the port bow for the purpose of measuring ice impact pressures. Two trips to the Alaskan Arctic were made in October 1982 and March-April 1983 during which time about 1400 impact events were collected. The research was carried out on behalf of the Interagency Ship Structure Committee, the U.S. Maritime Administration, and Transport Canada (Transportation Development Centre). Work was performed in conjunction with environmental data collection programs sponsored by the Alaskan Oil and Gas Association and the U.S. Maritime Administration.

Ten cant frames (CF 35 to CF 44) were instrumented at 8 vertical locations by strain gaging the webs of the frames in compression perpendicular to the shell plating (Figure 1). A total of sixty active channels of strain gages allowed contact pressures over an area of up to 98 ft² (9.1 m²) to be measured. An individual strain gage channel was related to an area of 1.63 ft² (.15 m²) for which a uniform pressure was computed for a measured strain. A complete description of the data acquisition system and the data reduction procedures as well as the results of the two deployments can be found in Reference [1]*.

The POLAR SEA's trip to the Antarctic in January 1984 offered a third opportunity to collect ice impact data in thick level ice in conjunction with resistance tests sponsored by the Maritime Administration (MARAD), Naval Engineering Division of the U.S. Coast Guard and Canadian Transportation Development Centre (TDC). An additional 310 ice impact events were collected by this effort and are reported under contracts to MARAD [2] and TDC [3].

A fourth data collection program was conducted in October and November of 1984, termed the 1984 Summer Deployment, to gather additional data in summer multiyear ice conditions where the highest loads could be expected. This deployment recorded 337 impact events which are presented and analyzed in SSC-339 [4]. This report summarizes data from all four deployments and presents further analysis of the complete data set.

* Numbers in brackets refer to references listed in Section 8.





2. SUMMARY OF THE MEASUREMENT PROGRAMS, COLLECTED DATA AND ICE CONDITIONS

The local ice impact loads data collection program has made use of four deployments of POLAR SEA between the fall of 1982 and the fall of 1984 to acquire data in different geographical areas. Seven data sets are identified by geographical area and date of data collection. The data sets, representing 2039 individual impact events, are summarized in Table 1. A listing summarizing the extremes of each event for each data set can be found in Appendix A, sorted by the highest average single sub-panel pressure. Actual routes of the ship or operating areas where the data were collected are shown on the maps in Figures 2 and 3.

For two of the data sets involving ice conditions that included both first-year and multi-year ice, it was possible to identify subsets of known multi-year impacts. Sixty-seven known multi-year known multi-year events were identified in the North Chukchi Winter 83 data which included the dedicated rams of multi-year ridges described in Reference 1. An additional 32 known multi-year events were identified in the Summer Beaufort 84 data set. The multi-year subsets are summarized at the bottom of Table 1. It should be noted that many more multi-year events occurred and were recorded in the South Chukchi Winter 83, North Chukchi Winter 83 and Beaufort Summer 84 data sets, however specific multi-year events could not be identified. The Beaufort Summer 82 data were collected at a time when only multi-year ice, with the exception of light refreeze, existed in the area.

Table 2 presents combined data sets that were grouped according to ice conditions first and, secondly, according to geographic area. The data sets were grouped to provide the largest collection of data of similar conditions for the extreme value analysis of Section 4. In this type of analysis, larger data sets provide improved extrapolation to the longer return periods.



Figure 2 LOCATIONS OF DATA COLLECTION EFFORTS IN THE ALASKAN ARCTIC



Figure 3 LOCATION OF ANTARCTIC ICE LOADS DATA COLLECTION

TABLE 1

SUMMARY OF DEPLOYMENTS, DATA SETS AND ICE CONDITIONS

TITLE & DATE	LOCATION	ICE TYPE	NO OF EVENTS
Beaufort Summer 82 Sep 28 - Oct 16	100-150 nm north of Prudhoe Bay in the Alaskan Beaufort Sea	MY	167
S Bering Winter 83 Mar 24 - Mar 26	Transit from St.Paul Is. to the west end of St.Lawrence Is. in the Bering Sea	FY	173
N Bering Winter 83 Mar 27 - Mar 28	Transit from St. Lawrence Is. to the Bering Strait in the Bering Sea	FY	241
S Chukchi Winter 83 Mar 29 -Apr 2 Apr 28 - May 2	Transit from the Bering Strait to Point Hope in the Chukchi Sea and return	FY,MY	299
N Chukchi Winter 83 Apr 3 - Apr 27	Round trip transit Point Hope to Wainwright in the Chukchi Sea, operation off Wainwright	FY,MY	513
Antarctic Summer 84 Jan 9 - Jan 13	McMurdo Sound, break-in to McMurdo Base	FY	309
Beaufort Summer 84 Nov 18 - Dec 1	Operation between Barter Is. and Barrow in the Beaufort Sea, transit through the Chukchi Sea to the Bering Strait	FY,MY	337

SUBSETS OF KNOWN MULTI-YEAR EVENTS

N Chukchi Winter 83 MY Apr 3 - Apr 27	North Chukchi Sea off Wainwright	MY	67
Beaufort Summer 84 MY Nov 12 - Dec 1	Beaufort and Chukchi Seas	MY	32

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TABLE 2

SUMMARY OF COMBINED DATA SETS

TITLE	COMBINED FROM	ICE TYPE	NO OF EVENTS
Known Multi-Year	Beaufort Summer 82 N Chukchi Winter 83 MY Beaufort Summer 84 MY	MY	266
Heavy Mixed FY & MY	Beaufort Summer 82 S Chukchi Sea 83 N Chukchi Sea 83 Beaufort Summer 84	FY,MY	1017
Known First-Year	S Bering Winter 83 N Bering Winter 83 Antarctic Summer 84	FY	723
Summer Beaufort Sea	Beaufort Summer 82 Beaufort Summer 84	mostly MY	504
Winter Chukchi Sea	S Chukchi Winter 83 N Chukchi Winter 83	FY,MY	398
Winter Bering Sea	S Bering Winter 83 N Bering Winter 83	FY	812

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3. ANALYSIS OF PRESSURE VERSUS CONTACT AREA RELATIONSHIPS

The intent of this section is to investigate specific relationships that may exist among the data collected. Section 3.1 examines an actual event to illustrate the nature of the measured pressures. Section 3.2 looks at average pressure over the contact area. Three of the data sets (North Chukchi Winter 83, South Bering Winter 83 and Antarctic Summer 84) are used to illustrate three major operating scenarios; high Arctic with old ice, first-year ice near the ice edge and first-year thick level ice. Section 3.3 shows the influence (or lack there of) of impact force on velocity.

3.1 Pressure Imprint Descriptions

Ice pressure is calculated at each time step within an event by multiplying the sixty measured strains by a 60 x 60 matrix to produce the sixty average ice pressures over the sub-panel areas. Results from each event are saved in the form of an impact pressure time-history. Figure 4 shows these calculated pressures for five sequential time-steps for an event taken from the North Chukchi Winter 83 data set. Sampling occurred 32 times per second so the time-step shown is .031 seconds. The values printed are in psi (145 psi = 1 MPa) and are arranged in the same manner as the sub-panel areas on the hull.

This event took place during April, 1983 in the North Chukchi Sea, resulting in a peak pressure of 1141 psi (7.9 MPa). To illustrate the impact, all values above 100 psi (0.69 MPa) were highlighted. The sub-panels are approximately square so this event has a length to height ratio of about 4. Part of the event may be below the panel which would reduce this ratio.

A few negative values can be seen both near the imprint and on the "quiet" portions of the panel. Two factors account for the negative values. One is a shift in the zeroes of all channels due to thermal effects. New zeroes could only be taken when there was no load on the panel and often this was not possible. Negative zero shifts result in measured values below the true value. Near the impact, negative values could also result from an assumption in the data reduction algorithm. The algorithm assumes that the impact pressure is uniform over the sub-panel area. If the actual impact is concentrated over a smaller area than the sub-panel, the uniform pressure for that sub-panel will be over-predicted and the adjacent sub-panels will be under-predicted (negative if there was no actual load on them). The two effects cancel and are therefore not expected to, cause any significant errors (i.e. less than 10 percent).

Software was developed during the 1984 Antartic deployment to correct the thermal drift problem. This involves viewing and zeroing each strain gage time-history prior to data reduction. All data collected after 1983 has employed this method as part of the data reduction process. Additionally, revision of the data reduction matrix to include the effects of non-uniform sub-panel loading has been studied. While reduction of all the data sets a second time with an improved matrix would improve the accuracy of the predicted pressures, the improvement would not affect the final results significantly and would not warrant the effort required.

PRESSURES AT EACH TIME STEP DURING THE EVENT

TIM	E STEP	53									TIME (sec)
FRA	ME 44	4 <u>3</u>	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	
ROW											
3	-57	-39	-36	-36	-36	-30	-34	-30	-21	-26	
4	-12	-34	-22	-50	-35	-17	+9	-6	-12	-1	
5	-B	+8	-3	-1	+13	-74	+7	+9	+5	~39	
6	-5	+37	+61	+54	+52	+81	+21	[+101]	+81	+108	- 093
7	+8	+39	-3	+4	+435	+550	+4	+19	+49	+74	.000
8	-1	+331	+814	+787	T+339	+67	+37	-71		-25	
TIM	E STEP	54						~*		20	
FRA	ME 44	43	47	41	40	70	τo	37	74	75	
ROM				••	- v				Şa	-LC	
3	-59	-44	-41	-74	-75	-29	_72	_77	-20	-24	
Ā	~20	-41	-22	-==54	-77	-10	-32	-33	-10	-24	
5	-10			-0	±/ ±17	-10	+3	-7	-10	-2	- 000
Ă				- 14		-20	+ 20	TTTTT	-13		062
7	175	+31	-10	+00	T33	+ / /	+ <u>+</u> 27 1	+110	+82	+//	
ó	120			+000	17997 •	+410	+18	L	+109	+29	
TTM:	гад Потер		78/4	+828	+213	+35	+17	-15	-19	4	
5110											
DOU	12 44	45	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	
RUW											
ذ	-49	-49	-45	<u>-ئ-</u>	-35	-33	-22	-31	-19	-21	
4	-30	-53	-15	-59	-21	-2	+2	-ó	-11	-2	
5	-13	+11	-16	+4	+14	-26	+6	-6	-23	-18	031
6	-3	+68	+71	+35	<u>+52</u>	+73	, +54 (+114	+71	+44	
7	+32	-41	50	+90	+474	+240	+19	+58	+150	+30	
8	+154	+676	+991	+688	+75	+35	+12	-21	-36	-19	
TIM	E STEP	54									
FRA	ME 44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	
ROW											-
2	-44	-56	-44	-33	-34	-30	-31	-33	-15	-22	
4	-42	-68	-21	-55	-12	+0	-4	τó	-10	-2	0
5	-13	+11	+26	+7	+16	-21	-1	-12	-21	-13	
6	+4	+91	+71	+25	+25	+62	+88	+92	+48	+28	
7	+27	-68	-50	+184	+407	+115	+24	+09	+184	+24	
8	+306	+790	+1141	+766	<u> </u>	+24	+15	-30	-53	-10	
TIM	E STEP	57			-						
FRA	1E 44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	
ROW											
3	-41	-60	-41	-31	-31	-31	-31	-27	-15	-22	
4	-48	-76	-20	-49	-4	-3	~8	-4	-10	-2	
5	-17	+8	-31	+12	+14	-18	-6	-19	-12	-12	+.031
6	+10	+98	+68	+18	+8	+55	+111	+66	+26	+26	
7	+17	-114	+1	+238	+242	+61	+31	+161	+204	+20	
8	+431	+823	+1118	+581	-51	+11	+31	-48	-58	+1	

EVENT RECORDED IN THE NORTH CHUKCHI SEA ON APRIL 24, 1983 AT 16:11:59

Note: Values above 100 Psi (.69MPa) are highlighted

Figure 4

EXAMPLE OF AN ICE PRESSURE IMPRINT

3.2 Average Pressure versus Contact Area

There are many ways to plot pressure versus area. In this section only the average pressure over the total contact area will be considered. This should not be confused with the average pressure over some smaller area within the contact area. In this section, data points associated with a single subpanel area imply that the total contact area was only one sub-panel area for that event and so forth for larger areas. Higher average pressures over a portion of the contact area are not plotted. It is important not to confuse a plot such as Figure 5 with one such as Figure 10 that plots highest average pressures within the contact zone.

Looking at average pressure and contact area helps to understand the mechanics of the impact event. To make use of this data for design, it is useful to know the contact area associated with a given force (which implies a certain average pressure over the contact area). In this section, the pressure versus height (line loads on transverse frames) and pressure versus length (line loads on longitudinal framing) will also be presented.

Figure 5 shows the average pressure versus contact area for 3 of the data sets. Figure 5a is from the North Chukchi Sea 83 data and represents the high Arctic with considerable multi-year ice. Clearly the large imprints have lower average pressures. At 86 ft² (8 m²), the pressure tends to cluster around 60 psi (0.4 MPa). Figures 5b and 5c show similar data for the South Bering Sea 83 and Summer Antarctic 84 data. The relatively light first-year ice conditions of the South Bering Sea produced low average pressures over the contact area. The Antarctic data taken in thick first-year ice fell between the other two data sets.

The same data can be viewed as a plot of force versus contact area shown in Figure 6. The highest force in the North Chukchi Winter 83 data set (Figure 6a) occurred at only 43 ft² (4 m²). One would expect the highest forces to be associated with the largest contact areas, in general, as the other data sets show (Figure 6b and 6c). Possibly there were insufficient high energy impacts in hard ice to generate both large forces and contact areas at the same time. The randomness of the ice properties could also be responsible. Figures 6b and 6c show a much clearer trend of increasing force with contact area, however.

Figures 7 and 8 show the average pressure as a function of vertical and horizontal extent. These values are useful in predicting the loads on local framing members. Later sections will further examine the implications to design.



Figure 5 AVERAGE PRESSURE VERSUS TOTAL CONTACT AREA



Figure 6 TOTAL FORCE VERSUS TOTAL CONTACT AREA



Figure 7 AVERAGE PRESSURE VERSUS HEIGHT

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Figure 8 AVERAGE PRESSURE VERSUS LENGTH

3.3 Force versus Velocity

Analytical models of ice impact mechanics predict a clear relationship between force and velocity [5, 6]. Figure 9a shows the force versus velocity data for the POLAR SEA for the North Chukchi Winter 83 data set. The maximum force for each event (one data point per event) is plotted against initial impact speed. No clear trend with velocity is evident in the data. Figure 9b shows the same data for the Antarctic Summer 84 data set. In the latter case, there does appear to be an increase of force with increasing velocity, however the trend could be masked by the fact that the data were collected in varying ice thicknesses from 3 to 6 feet (1 to 2 m) and the actual ice thickness for an individual impact is not known. In the former case, the ice conditions included a range of first-year and multi-year floes with widely varying thicknesses. With such a range of ice conditions and the tendency for operators to be more cautious in heavier ice, it is not surprising that no clear trend was found. It is evident that both high and low forces occurred at all speeds. Speed control (other than that which was already imposed) would not have lowered the force levels.

Two general conclusions can be drawn from this data. One is the need to collect ice properties data in as much detail as possible. Secondly, unless detailed ice geometry and properties data exist, only statistical analysis of the data is valid. Statistical values can be derived from the data that describe the ship impact process in an overall sense. This work has been done and is presented in Section 4.









Figure 9 TOTAL FORCE VERSUS IMPACT VELOCITY

4. STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF THE DATA

4.1 The Shape of the Ice Impact Pressure-Area Curve and its Effect on Ice Load Development

During the course of data reduction and analysis of four deployments of collected data comprising over 2000 impact events, a multitude of pressure versus area plots were produced. These include plots for each time step throughout an event, plots at the time of peak pressure and peak force during each event, and plots of the highest recorded pressure over each area for all events in a data set. One significant fact emerges; the pressure-area curve has a consistent and characteristic shape whether it is for one instant of one impact or the extreme envelope of many impacts.

The implications of this finding have a profound effect on simplifying a statistically based ice impact load algorithm. The pressure-area curve is typically plotted on a log-log scale as shown in Figure 10. At small impact areas, pressures tend toward a line which decreases slightly with increasing area. At large impact areas, the average pressure becomes force limited and tends toward a line proportional to the reciprocal of area. The upper line or the pressure asymptote has a constant slope on this type of plot that is determined by area to a power in the range of -0.2 and -0.3. Events occur randomly and the effect is to shift the asymptotes up or down, or to the left or right, depending on the severity of the impact and the type of ice encountered. If the average pressure over a small area is independent of the total force during an impact, each can be predicted statistically from measured data to determine the asymptotes of the pressure-area curve. The complete design curve at all areas can therefore be generated from two lines of constant slope, one associated with a limiting pressure and one with a limiting force.

The slope of the limiting pressure line was determined from a number of sources. First, envelope pressure-area curves from a number of measured data sets are shown in Figure 11 for a wide range of areas. As one can see a line of area to the -0.2 power fits the limits of the data well. Secondly, Figure 12 presents an analysis of the extreme events from the 1982 Summer Beaufort Sea deployment. Data from the pressure-area curves for these events up to 6 sub-panels was non-dimensionalized and plotted in the figure; that is, the ratio of the highest average pressure over 3 sub-panels to that over 1 sub-panel is plotted against the ratio of the areas (3), for instance. Most combinations of sub-panel ratios are considered in the plot up to 6 sub-panels. One can see that the upper bound of the data approaches a limiting slope of area to the -0.2 power.

There is an apparent correlation with theory as well. If it is assumed that the impact pressure (P) is proportional to compressive ice strength [12] and ice strength (α_c) is proportional to strain rate ($\dot{\epsilon}$) to a fractional power b [13], then it can be shown that pressure is proportional to area to the -b power for certain shaped indenters. Unconfined crushing strength shows this behavior at low strain rates. At the high strain rates normally encountered in ship/ice impacts, unconfined crushing strength becomes constant, but triaxially crushing strength continues to exhibit this relationship with the same fractional power as the unconfined case at lower strain rates.





A TYPICAL EVENT SHOWING THE ASYMPTOTIC NATURE OF ICE IMPACTS

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Figure 12 NON-DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS OF PRESSURE-AREA DATA FROM THE BEAUFORT SUMMER 82 DATA SET

Consider a spherical shaped indenter where the strain rate at the failure zone is proportional to:

ε = -Z

where u is the indentation velocity and z is the indentation distance

$$z = \frac{A}{2\pi R} \text{ for small } z$$

where A is the contact area and R is the radius of the indenter.

Therefore:

$$P \approx \sigma_c \approx \frac{1}{2}b \approx u^b A^{-b}$$

A similar result occurs if it is assumed that the strain rate is proportional to the indenter velocity divided by the contact area.

Cox, et al. [13] presents uniaxial compressive strength data for multi-year ice from the Alaskan Beaufort Sea tested at different temperatures. The mean of the data taken at 23 degrees Fahrenheit (-5 degrees Centigrade) gives a value of 0.209 for b. This compressive strength data should be typical of the strengths of the multi-year ice that generated the ice impact loads. The slope of the pressure limit line predicted by this method is again very close to the -0.2 shown above. This is not to say that the complex interaction of impact of a ship's side with ice can be directly compared with spherical indentation or triaxial crushing tests, but this development does show an interesting correlation to the measured results.

4.2 Regression of Extreme Value Distributions

Individual impacts from all deployments consist, in reduced form, of time-histories of the average pressure over each of the sixty sub-panel areas within the load panel. During data reduction, each sub-panel time-history is scanned to identify the time of highest average pressure over any of the sub-panels during the event and the time of peak force on the entire panel. The corresponding pressure and force are also noted. Pressure versus area relationships are developed for both of these times during the event by identifying the highest pressure on any sub-panel at that time, checking all contiguous areas for the next highest pressure and so forth until all loaded areas have been identified. Since each sub-panel area is the same, 1.63 ft² (0.15 m²), the result is a tabular listing of the decay in average pressure as a function of the number of sub-panels that are contiguously loaded at the time of peak pressure and peak force for each event. The number of sub-panels can easily be multiplied by the sub-panel area to produce plots of pressure versus area at a given instant of time as shown in Figure 10.

Additionally, the highest load along a frame or stringer was also computed since the sub-panel width was the frame spacing (16 in or 400 mm) and the sub-panel height was almost the frame spacing (14.7 in or 375 mm). For the load on the frame, the highest average pressure on a single sub-panel was located first, then the highest average pressure over two adjacent sub-panels arranged vertically one above the other, and then three adjacent sub-panels in a vertical line. The process continued for each number of sub-panels up to six in a vertical line, the total height of the array of sub-panels in the bow panel. The force for each was computed as the average pressure times the corresponding measurement area. The force remained relatively constant regardless of the length of the measurement area (high pressures over short lengths and low average pressures over longer lengths) but the maximum typically occurred at a length of about half the panel height. The fact that the force is relatively constant for all frame lengths allows a single value of force to be used to characterize each event. The fact that the maximum force on a frame occurred at a span roughly half the height of the panel means that the limited panel height was sufficient to capture the maximum load on the frame and should not effect the extreme value analysis. A similar process was done for adjacent sub-panels in a horizontal line, assuming the ship was longitudinally framed. The force versus stringer length for up to 10 sub-panels arranged in a horizontal line, the bow panel length, was computed and the highest was saved for the extreme value analysis.

The above described procedures have been performed as part of the data reduction process for each event on each deployment. The statistical analysis conducted for and described in this report starts with this data as well as the peak force on the entire panel for each event as its basis. The highest average pressures over one and four sub-panels from the pressure-area curve and the peak forces on a frame and stringer as well as the force over the total panel were analyzed statistically. Events were divided into data sets based on geographic area of operation or ice conditions as described in Section 2. Each of the five variables was identified for the events in each set of data and ranked from highest to lowest. The corresponding probability of non-exceedance was computed based on the formula:

Probability = 1-I/(N+1)

where I is the rank of the variable in the data set and N is the number of events in the data set.

A three parameter extreme value distribution was then fit to the pressure or force versus probability data [14]. The curvature parameter in the extreme value curve fit is an indication of the type of asymptotic distribution as described in Appendix B. Three types of distributions are possible [15]; a Gumbel (Type I) which is unbounded and linear on extreme value probability plots, a Frechet (Type II) which is unbounded and linear on log-extreme value plots, and a Weibull (Type III) which has an upper bound. The trends in the parameters of the distribution and therefore the type of distribution with respect to ice conditions have been studied and indicate that the more severe ice conditions have a Frechet type distribution. As ice conditions decrease in severity, a Gumbel type extreme value distribution appears to be more appropriate. First-year ice conditions often exhibit an upper bound in extreme loads, indicating a Weibull distribution gives the best fit to the data. Appendix C gives plots of the extreme value distributions for the five variables studied as well as the corresponding three parameter curve fits. Tables of the curve fit parameters are shown in Appendix D. Correlation coefficients for the curve fits were typically 0.98 or higher indicating an excellent fit to the data.

Figure 13 shows the single sub-panel pressure data from the North Chukchi Winter 83 data set as an example. Also plotted is the Gumbel distribution computed graphically for 386 of these events in the 1983 report describing this data collection [1]. As one can see, the three parameter curve fit indicates a Frechet (Type 2) extreme value distribution, due to the upward curvature. The curve fit of reference [1] is slightly below the full data set because only a portion of the data was used in the initial analysis. Extrapolation to longer return periods using the reference [1] curve fit would under-predict the extreme pressure substantially compared with the three parameter curve fit.

Figures 14 and 15 show a comparison of the highest average pressure over one sub-panel and the highest force on the entire panel extreme value distributions, respectively, for different geographical areas in the Alaskan Arctic. Figures 16 and 17 show corresponding distributions for different ice conditions. The relative, increase in the severity of the ice loads with increasing latitude and increasing severity of ice conditions is apparent in the figures.

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Figure 13 EXAMPLE OF THE 3 PARAMETER CURVE FIT OF THE NORTH CHUKCHI WINTER 83 DATA SET











Figure 16 COMPARISON OF SINGLE SUB-PANEL PRESSURE FOR DIFFERENT ICE CONDITIONS



Figure 17 COMPARISON OF TOTAL PANEL FORCE FOR DIFFERENT ICE CONDITIONS

4.3 Application to a Design Procedure

Section 4.1 described the asymptotic nature of the pressure versus area curve, for a single instant of time, observed from the measured data. That section also showed that the slope of the pressure asymptote appears to fall within a narrow range of values related to the crushing strength versus strain rate behavior of the impacted ice. If the slope for the pressure asymptote is defined by the type of ice, then the extreme value distribution for single sub-panel pressure can be used to estimate the highest expected pressure in a given return period for one contact area $(1.63 \text{ ft}^2 \text{ or } .15 \text{ m}^2)$ and thus define the location of that asymptote on the pressure-area curve. The force asymptote can be similarly determined from the extreme value distribution of force using the same return period. Since average impact pressure equals the impact force divided by the contact area, the force asymptote plots as a 45 degree line on a log-log pressure-area curve (see Figure 18).

But which force distribution should be used? The extreme value distributions described in Section 4.2 and given in Appendix C are a characterization of the forces over very specific areas and, additionally, very specific shaped areas. The total panel force is measured over the entire instrumented panel; an area of 98 ft² or 9.1 m². The panel dimensions are 7.3 feet high by 13.3 feet long (2.24 by 4.07 m). The force on a frame data used in the distribution are the highest force for each event computed from the pressure versus length along a frame described in the previous section. This force is considered to act over a vertical strip of hull plating 16 inches (400 mm) wide and up to the height of the panel high. Similarly, the force on a stringer is assumed to act over a horizontal strip along the hull that is 14.7 inches (375 mm) wide and up to the length of the panel in length. For local ice impact load development, i.e. the determination of loads for plating, frames and stringers, the force on a frame for transversely framed ships and the force on a stringer for longitudinally framed ships should be used. The force distribution must be consistent with the loaded area of the scantlings for which it will be used.

The distributions of total force on the panel and highest average pressure over four sub-panels also given in Appendix C are included for completeness. The total force distribution indicates the magnitude that ice forces can reach for bow contact areas up to $98 \text{ ft}^2 (9.1 \text{ m}^2)$. The panel did not measure total bow force, however, since some of the shell plating was obviously loaded outside the instrumented panel. Large area loads such as those that might be useful for design of girders, decks and bulkheads are therefore best determined either from global load measurements or analytical models that estimate total bow force. The measured data indicate that a contact area corresponding to four sub-panels is about where the intersection of the force and pressure asymptotes occur (see Figure 18). This is the part of the pressure-area curve where the actual pressure deviates most from the asymptotes. The four sub-panel distributions give an indication of the magnitude of this deviation, therefore.

To summarize, the extreme value distributions of the measured data can be used to develop a pressure versus area curve that describes the highest expected ice impact pressure in a given return period for the range of impact areas associated with local hull scantlings. The data presented in Section 4.2 is only appropriate to hullforms of similar size and shape to that of the POLAR Class and framing systems of similar spacing to that described here. Application of this approach to other ship designs will be discussed in the following section.



Figure 18



5. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LOCAL ICE LOAD DESIGN CRITERIA

5.1 Bow Structure Load Criteria

It is the opinion of the authors that two conditions or return periods should be considered when developing the ice loads for design; the normal operating condition (loads in the range of one to three year return period) and the survival condition (lifetime loads). Normal operating loads should cause no deterioration in the ship's operating performance while survival loads may cause some loss of performance but not catastrophic failure.

To develop the loads for each loading condition, the expected number of impacts must be estimated for the time period by conducting an operational assessment of the ship in the ice conditions in which it will operate. Table 3 gives a summary of the frequency of impacts for the collected data to assist in this estimate. The reciprocal of the number of impacts expected is the probability of non-exceedance used to enter the figures in Appendix C for the loads. The single sub-panel pressure establishes one point on the pressure asymptote (see Figure 18). The maximum force on a frame or stringer distributions establish the force asymptote, depending on whether the ship is transversely or longitudinally framed, respectively. It should be noted that the normal operating condition will be associated with a relatively small number of impacts which fall within or just beyond (slight extrapolation from) the measured data. This is not usually the case with survival loads; the number of impacts may require a large extrapolation from the existing data base of measured loads. There is typically a much higher confidence in the normal operating loads, therefore.

An example will be presented to help illustrate the proposed procedure. Assume that an icebreaker is being designed for operation in the Northern Bering Sea and is expected to be underway there for two winter months out of the year. It is expected to operate 12 hours per day during this time. The annual number of impacts is estimated to be:

8.2 impacts/hr X 12 hr/day X 60 days/yr = 5904 impacts/yr

See Table 3 for measured impacts per hour in different operating areas. If the normal operating loads are taken as those expected annually, the probability to enter the distributions for N Bering Winter 83 (Appendix C) is one minus the reciprocal of 5904 or .99983. The graphs of the distributions can be used directly or, more accurately, the equation for the three parameter curve fit can be used:

Result =
$$[1-(-ln(Probability))^{C}]$$
 (A2/C) + A1

The coefficients from Tables D1 (single sub-panel pressure) and D4 (force on a frame) are:

	C	Al	A2	RESULT	
Pressure	.026	289 (1.99)	84 (0.58)	942 (6.49)	psi (MPa)
Force on a Frame	239	36 (0.36)	11 (0.11)	356 (3.55)	LT (MN)

These results are shown graphically in Figure 19. The authors recommend using the average pressure over an area equal to the frame spacing squared as the design pressure for plating. For a 16 inch (400 mm) frame spacing, the pressure is slightly less than the result shown above since the sub-panel measurement area was slightly smaller than the frame spacing squared. The results can be scaled by the factor $[(16 \times 16)/(144 \times 1.63)]$ -0.2 = .983 to obtain the plating design over the frame spacing squared (926 psi or 6.38 MPa for this example). Design pressures for frame design can be taken from Figure 19 for this example using an area of the frame spacing times the loaded length along the frame. A loaded length equal to the frame span will result in a low uniform pressure over the entire span while choosing a shorter loaded length will result in a higher uniform pressure over a shorter length, presumably the limiting design condition.

The measurement panel that recorded the data presented in the previous chapters was located in the bow of the POLAR SEA. Load criteria based on the measured data can only be developed for the bow therefore. Extension of these loads to other areas of the ship will be discussed in the next section.

TABLE 3

FREQUENCY OF OCCURRENCE OF IMPACT EVENTS FOR THE MEASURED DATA

DATA SET	TYPICAL THRESHOLD (µɛ)	AVERAGE IMPACT FREQUENCY (events/hr)	RECORDING TIME (hrs)	TOTAL ELAPSED TIME (hrs)	NUMBER OF IMPACTS
Beaufort Summer 82	250	3.2	52.2	314.4	167
S Bering Winter 83	75	10.5	16.5	29.0	173
N Bering Winter 83	120	8.2	29.5	48.5	241
S Chukchi Winter 83	120	4.4	68.0	206.5	299
N Chukchi Winter 83	150	3.6	143.0	617.0	513
Antarctic Summer 84	100	21.0	15.0	15.0	309
Beaufort Summer 84	150	4.9	68.8	325.5	337





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5.2 Extension of the Criteria to Other Areas of the Ship

Measurement of hull-ice impact loads has concentrated on the bow of icebreaking ships since this is where the highest local loads occur. The bow area is normally considered to extend to the point of maximum beam though some reduction in impact pressures is expected near the shoulders due to the relatively low angles of incidence with the ice. Section 5.3 will discuss the effect of hull shape on the local ice loads. This section will deal with the areas aft of the forwardmost point of maximum beam which are generalized as the amidship area and the stern area. Specific ice impact loads have not as yet been measured in these areas of an icebreaking hullform. Guidelines that exist are based on theory or experience or both.

The stern area will be addressed first since it can more directly be related to bow loads. Previous sections stated that the pressure asymptote of the pressure-area curve appears to be largely independent or very weakly a function of impact speed, however the force asymptote is linearly related to impact speed. One would therefore expect that if the maximum astern speed was some percentage of the maximum forward speed in heavy ice conditions, say 30 to 50 percent, then the force on a frame or stringer values would be reduced by a similar factor relative to the bow forces. This results in a shift of the force asymptote to the left on the pressure-area curve as shown in Figure 19. The pressure asymptote remains the same indicating that average impact pressures over very small areas are expected to be equivalent to pressures over the same area at the bow. This probably means that frame design loads will be reduced more than plating design loads relative to the bow (presuming that the bow plating is determined by the pressure asymptote). An astern shape similar to the bow shape has been assumed. While this may be a good assumption for a conventional icebreaker like the POLAR Class, transom-sterned ships such as many of the icebreaking supply boats that have been built recently will probably require additional corrections for local hull angles.

For the amidship area, the problem is more complex. The ice impact speed normal to the hull in the midship area is small for straight ahead icebreaking. While the normal velocity can increase in turns or when the ship is maneuvering, the limiting load is almost certainly due to a pressured ice condition. Pressured ice conditions can occur when the ship is moving however, the greatest large area average pressures are most likely when the ship is beset. Several theoretical solutions have been advanced for the load per unit length that can be developed in an ice sheet under pressure. These are grouped in two categories (summarized in References 16, 17) known as ridge building forces, the load that causes failure in the ice sheet, and limiting driving force, the load that can be developed due to wind and current loads. The maximum force per unit length that exists in an ice sheet is the minimum of the two solutions; that is, if the driving force causing the pressure exceeds the load carrying capacity of the ice sheet, then the ice sheet will fail limiting the load to the failure value. Several of the solutions are shown in Figure 20 for the load on a multi-year floe in a three foot thick pressured ice sheet. It should be noted that driving force is limited by the first-year ice cover, the weakest part of an ice field that may contain multi-year floes of much greater thickness. The same loads could be seen by a ship beset in these conditions.

Figure 20 shows that loads range from 20 LT/ft (0.66 MN/m) to over 100 LT/ft (3.3 MN/m) depending on the loaded length and the thickness of the ice cover. But these loads are global in nature, those that are expected over the length of the waterline. Local impact pressures recommended by various classification societies for the midship area are approximately sixty percent of bow design pressures. Canadian Arctic Shipping Pollution Prevention Rules (CASPPR) [18] recommend 63 percent, the USSR Rules [19] recommend 60 percent and the new American Bureau of Shipping (ABS) Rules [20] recommend 50 to 60 percent for icebreakers depending on ice class.



Figure 20

ESTIMATES OF LIMITED DRIVING FORCE ON A MULTIYEAR FLOE SURROUNDED BY 3 FOOT THICK FIRST YEAR ICE

5.3 Areas for Improving the Load Criteria

Certainly one area for improving ice load criteria is measurement of local ice loads in locations other than at the bow. Section 5.2 discussed ways to apply the data base of measured bow loads to other areas of the hull which are based on theoretical development and experience. Measured loads, especially in the midship area, would not only verify these methods but also provide a better understanding of the ice-structure interaction as well. The slow speed impact loads that might be experienced by the midbody of a ship in the beset condition also have application to offshore structures and, conversely, measured data on offshore structures might be useful in studying the ship problem.

Two other areas of improvement must be considered to properly address the full range of icebreaking ship sizes and hull impact locations. The first is the aspect of the effect of local hull angles on the resulting loads. Both the ABS and Russian Rules incorporate a theoretical solution of the effect of local hull angles. Figure 9.2 of the new ABS Rules [20] is reproduced in Figure 21. The figure shows the variation in non-dimensional force with changing waterline half-angle (α) and local section angle (β) measured from the vertical. The values of these variables at the location of the measurement panel on the bow of POLAR SEA were $\alpha = 30$ degrees and $\beta = 54$ degrees. The resulting non-dimensional load factor is 0.9. One can obtain an estimate of the expected loads at a location with different hull angles by reading the load factor for the location from Figure 21, dividing the factor by .9, and then multiplting the result by the statistically derived pressure of Section 4 appropriate to the ice conditions being considered. Experimental verification of the underlying theory would increase one's confidence in the validity of the predicted results, however.

The second area is the effect of the ship's displacement and power on the resulting loads. Johansson [21] proposed a relationship for ice impact pressure (P) as a function of the ship's power (N) and displacement (Δ) as:

$$P \neq P_0 + c(N \Delta)^D$$

where P_0 and c are constants and b is 0.5 in his work developing the Finnish-Swedish Rules [22] and later modified the exponent b to 0.33 for Arctic LNG tankers [23]. In his discussion of the latter, Tunik [24] recommended the expression:

$$P = P_{o} + c N^{0.18} \Lambda^{0.05}$$

based on the work of Kurdyumov [25]. More recently, in his work developing the new ABS Rules, Tunik has adopted an expression of the form:

$$P = c N^{0.2} \Lambda^{0.15}$$

As more data is collected from ships of different sizes and with different available power, it will be important to try to validate these functional relationships. The task is very difficult however. Variations in ice conditions between different sets of measured loads can easily mask the effects of power and displacement. It is important to note that care must be used in scaling measured ice loads by these relationships as well, since the total available power is not always employed when the data are being collected. This is particularly true in the case of the POLAR SEA due to the flexibility of her propulsion plant. Each of her three shafts can be driven in diesel-electric mode up to 6000 HP or gas turbine mode up to 20,000+ HP. She is often operated in some combined configuration which could lead to erroneous results if scaling is based on total installed horsepower of 60,000 HP.



Figure 21

COEFFICIENTS FOR NON-DIMENSIONAL PRESSURE VARIATION WITH LOCAL HULL ANGLES

6. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR RESPONSE CRITERIA

6.1 Plating Response

A statistical description of the ice pressures and forces has been adopted. The previous section presented extreme value distributions of the loads, extreme pressures or forces versus the probability of non-exceedance. For a new design, the number of impacts expected in a given return period is estimated from an operational assessment of the ship's intended mission. Annual or several year loads might be considered operational; that is, those that are resisted with no deterioration in the ship's performance. A second return period, the desired lifetime of the ship, can also be considered. Loads for this time period represent survival loads; the ship should resist these with some probable reduction in performance but no catastrophic failure. Obviously, response criteria for the two loading conditions will vary with the ship and its intended use. A typical approach, however, might be to allow a small amount of permanent set for the plating and only elastic response of the framing under normal operating loads. Much more permanent set and even some plasticity in the framing could be considered under survival conditions.

A variety of theories and response criteria are available in the literature that could be considered for plastic response of plates. Figure 22 shows a comparison of plate response equations for the range from purely elastic response to rupture. The curves in the figure are computed for high tensile steel assuming a yield strength of 50,000 psi (345 MPa), an ultimate strength of 85,000 psi (586 MPa) and a 16 in (400 mm) frame spacing. The extreme left side of the figure (curve 14) shows an estimate of the load to cause rupture assuming a strain of 14 percent [30]. The right side of the figure (curve 1) shows the load to cause the yield stress assuming purely elastic response. Between are plotted a number of equations for plastic response to various levels of permanent set and, to the right side of the figure, the current response criteria of ABS (curve 2), the USSR (curve 3), and Canada (curve 4). It should be noted that all three of these response criteria use an equation of the form:

$t = C s \sqrt{P/qy}$

where σ_y is the yield stress, P is the uniform pressure, s is the frame spacing or plate span, and C is a coefficient that falls between the values of .707 for an elastic response (curve 1) and .5 for formation of three plastic hinges in a rigid-perfectly plastic model of an infinitely long plate with fixed end conditions (curve 7). The ABS and USSR rules add an additional 0.236 in (6 mm) to the resulting thickness (The value is less for other than the highest ice class) which accounts for their shift toward the elastic response curve.



COMPARISON OF EQUATIONS DESCRIBING PLATE RESPONSE UP TO RUPTURE

- (1) Elastic response, fixed end conditions, infinitely long plate [26].
- (2) ABS Rules, 0.236 in (6 mm) corrosion allowance included [20].
- (3) USSR Rules, 0.236 in (6 mm) corrosion allowance included [19].
- (4) CASPP Rules, no corrosion allowance required [18].
- (5) Clarkson, elastic-plastic, fixed end conditions, infinitely long plate, permanent set of the same order as welding deflections [27].
- (6) Hughes, elastic-plastic, clamped, ends free to pull in, aspect ratio of 0.133 [28].
- (7) Johansson & Jones, perfectly plastic, fixed ends, infinitely long plate, formation of three plastic hinges [21, 29].
- (8) Chiu, Haciski and Hirsimaki, STAGS finite element model, fixed end conditions, infinitely long plate, permanent set is 0.3 percent of span [30].
- (9) Chiu, Haciski and Hirsimaki, STAGS finite element model, fixed end conditions, infinitely long plate, permanent set is 0.5 percent of span [30].
- (10) Jones, perfectly plastic, fixed ends, infinitely long plate, permanent set equal to plate thickness [29].
- (11) Jones, perfectly plastic using the ultimate stress, fixed ends, infinitely long plate, permanent set equal to 10 percent of the thickness [29].
- (12) Membrane response, edge springs, infinitely long plate, permanent set of 10 percent of plate span (Appendix E).
- (13) Chiu, Haciski and Hirsimaki, membrane, pinned end conditions, infinitely long plate, permanent set is 10 percent of span [30].
- (14) Chiu, Haciski and Hirsimaki, membrane, pinned end conditions, infinitely long plate, permanent set is 23 percent of span, estimate of rupture using a strain of 14 percent [30].

Also shown are Clarkson's (curve 5) and Hughes' (curve 6) elastic-plastic solutions. Curve 5 assumes an infinitely long plate with permanent set similar to that experienced during fabrication process. Hughes' equation allows for edge pull-in, which he and Ratlaff and Kennedy [31, 32] state is important for stout (small span to thickness ratio) plates typical of icebreakers. Hughes' equation includes the effect of plate aspect ratio which can also be significant as plate length becomes smaller. Curve 6 uses an aspect ratio of .133 or a plate length of 10 ft (3 m) for this example, since permanent set is included in the equation only if the aspect ratio is non-zero. A permanent set equal to 0.5 percent of the span has been used for curve 6. Chiu et al. recommend a maximum acceptable permanent set of 1 percent of the span [33]. Further, they state that a reasonable criterion for permanent set is the fabrication fairing criteria which is in the range of 0.3 to 0.5 percent of the plate span for icebreakers. The same paper also computes the load versus permanent set for a variety of plate thicknesses that might be used in icebreakers using a finite element model with non-linear material properties. A two-dimensional model, where the plate has pinned restraints at the frame locations, is used and the loading conditions include uniform loads over all and alternating frame bays. For the case where all frame bays are loaded (fixed end conditions), results are presented here in curves 8 and 9 for permanent set equal to 0.3 and 0.5 percent of the plate span, respectively.

Coburn, et al. [34], suggest a response criteria of permanent set equal to the plate thickness for extreme loads on icebreakers using Jones' equation [29] developed from rigid-perfectly plastic analysis of a plate with fixed end conditions. For an infinitely long plate, the equation takes the form of that presented above in this section with C equal to .354 (curve 10 in Figure 22). Though curve 10 compares well with the finite element results of curves 8 and 9, the amounts of assumed permanent set are quite different. Curves 8 and 9 use 0.3 and 0.5 percent of the plate span which is approximately 3 to 16 percent of the plate thickness for the range of thicknesses considered. D'Olivera [35] states that Jones equation is conservative for stout plates and suggests using the ultimate stress or the average between the ultimate stress and the yield stress to give a more reasonable result. If Jones' equation is used with the ultimate stress (85,000 psi or 586 MPa) and permanent set equal to ten percent of the thickness, the result (the dashed line, curve 11, of Figure 22) falls within the finite element results of Chiu et al. Jones' equation has the advantage of being simpler to use in design studies since it is a straight-forward, explicit equation:

$$P/a_{c} = 4 (t/s)^{2} (1 + w/t)^{2} w < t$$

where w is the amount of permanent set.

Appendix E presents a development of a plate response equation assuming pure membrane response with edge pull-in. The edge pull-in is resisted by springs equivalent in stiffness to the surrounding plating and permanent set of ten percent of the plate span is assumed (curve 12 of Figure 22). Appendix E shows that stout plates develop edge hinges at small amounts of permanent set using the work of Hughes. For the relatively large amount of permanent set assumed in curve 12, the plate will exhibit membrane behavior and edge pull-in will be resisted by the surrounding plate. This equation is compared in the figure to the case of pure membrane response with fixed end conditions and the same permanent set (curve 13) [30].

Figure 22 illustrates the wide range of reponse equations and criteria that could be applied to the icebreaker design problem. It does seem that with a better understanding of ice impact loads, a somewhat less conservative response criteria could be used resulting in substantial weight savings in the hull structure. There is a lack of test data however on stout plates which could be used to validate the various theories. Some data is presented by Chiu, et al. [30, 33]. The authors feel that additional test data on stout plates is required, however, to fully validate these methods.

Additionally, certain equations presented here are appropriate for small amounts of permanent set such as Hughes work and the finite element work of Chiu et al. Small permanent set (0.5 percent or less of the plate span) is the most appropriate response criteria for normal operating loads where permanent deflections are held to normal building fairness tolerances. Extreme or lifetime loads might be used with a much less conservative response criteria such as 10 percent of the plate span since there is still a great amount of load capacity in the plate before rupture. Jones' equation or those of Appendix E are intended to be used with larger amounts of permanent set. .

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6.2 Frame Response Criteria

While various amounts of permanent set have been considered for plating (lesser amounts for normal operating loads and greater amounts for extreme loads), framing should generally be designed elastically. When one considers plastic design of the plating, the assumption is that the edges of the plate do not deflect. Standard practice is to design framing to a maximum stress both in shear and bending which is determined by applying a factor of safety to both the yield stress in bending and the maximum shear stress at yield [36]. Some additional specific considerations are necessary for icebreakers. The heavily loaded hull plating and framing in icebreakers requires specific attention to a framing system that is forgiving (not prone to buckling such as a trussed support system) and resistant to local crippling failure of the frame webs and tripping of the frames. The latter requires the use of tripping brackets and aligning the frames perpendicular to the hull plating as much as the structural arrangement permits.

Framing tends to be governed by the shear loads, at least in high Arctic icebreakers. The frame span can then be determined by the bending moment after the frame depth as been determined by shear force requirements. As shown in Section 4, the highest average pressures on a frame quickly reach the force asymptote as the span of the frame is increased, indicating that a short frame carries essentially the same load as a longer one. Analytical methods such as a finite element analysis of a typical frame can refine the response predictions and therefore produce a more refined structure than is possible with simple beam theory.

It seems prudent to use the existing practice of elastic frame design with a factor of safety for normal operating loads. Extreme loads could be considered with smaller or no factor of safety or even small amounts of permanent set as long as the framing system can resist these loads in shear and bending without catastrophic collapse in some other mode of failure. It should be noted that the thick plating typically employed in icebreakers provides substantial increases in the plastic section modulus of frames over the elastic one unlike conventional ship structure. An excellent paper by Varsta [37] treats plastic response of an icebreaker frame and provides insight into design for other modes of failure besides shear and bending. Plastic design of framing can only be used with confidence after a better understanding of the strength of the combined system of framing and hull plating is developed. Finite element models of grillage systems for icebreakers may help in providing a better understanding of this problem.

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7. SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The data collection and analysis efforts of this study have, over the past five years, produced a solid data base of measured loads and procedure to use the data for design. Measured loads have been gathered in all operating areas of the Polar Class including thick level ice in the Antarctic and both first-year and multi-year ice in the Arctic (2039 recorded ice impact time-histories). This study was the first to produce detailed results of both the spatial and temporal variation of local ice impact pressures, and has greatly improved understanding of the ship/ice interaction process. Specific conclusions from the study are as follows:

- Both peak force and peak pressures during an impact increase with ice severity (ice thickness and ice strength).
- In the Arctic, operation at higher latitudes increases ice severity and therefore ice loads.
- Peak pressure during an impact appears to be only weakly dependent on impact speed, and no dependancy was discernable from the measured data.
- Peak force during an impact does increase with impact speed and a linear relationship between them appears reasonable.
- Total force increases with increasing contact area but average pressure decreases with increasing contact area.
- The average pressure distribution on the hull within the impact zone at an instant in time is asymptotic to a line of constant force at large areas and to a line proportional to a negative fractional power of area (in the range of -0.2 to -0.3) at small areas. The latter asymptote appears related to the triaxial crushing strength versus strain rate dependancy of the ice.
- Extreme value distributions of ice force and pressure for the most severe ice conditions show Frechet type or upward curving distributions. Intermediate ice conditions follow a Gumbel or linear type distribution. Only the distributions for data recorded in light first-year ice conditions appear to be bounded or Weibul type distributions.
- It is possible to develop a design pressure versus area curve for local loads based on the extreme value distributions of the measured loads and an operational assessment of the ship's location. The design curve is best suited to ships similar in size and shape to the Polar Class, however, extension to ships of other sizes and shapes is possible using theoretical and empirical methods for scaling the loads.
- The statistical design approach is a rational one given the randomness of ice impact geometrics and ice properties.
- Two return period or load cases should be considered with the statistical design approach; a one to three year normal operating load and a lifetime survival load. The ship should resist the normal operating load with no deterioration in performance and resist survival loads with no catastrophic failure.

- Plastic plating response criteria should be considered to reduce hull weight given the high local loads. Small amounts of permanent set similar to the fabrication fairing criteria can be considered for normal operating loads while considerable amounts of permanent deformation can be considered for survival loads.
- Plastic design of frames in shear or bending should be considered very cautiously and only if all other failure mechanisms (tripping, web crippling, etc.) are carefully considered. Permanent set in frames is probably only acceptable for survival loads, and elastic design for normal operating loads is more prudent.

The authors feel that this study provides a good basis by documenting and providing understanding of local ice impact loads. It is recommended that, if additional research is done in this area, the focus of that work be directed toward gathering full-scale data on ships of other sizes and shapes and also collecting data at different areas other than the bow. A systematic test of load versus permanent set for small span to thickness plates would be useful in validating the various response therories appropriate to icebreakers. Finally, testing or analysis of thick plate grillage systems would provide insight to the amount of plastic deformation that can be considered in frame response.

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APPENDIX A

SUMMARY OF MEASURED DATA RANKED BY SINGLE SUB-PANEL PRESSURE

KEY:

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PM1 - Maximum single sub-panel pressure (psi)
PA1 - Average pressure over the contact area at
the time of peak pressure (psi)
Al - Contact area at the time of peak pressure
(sub-panels)
F1 - Total panel force at the time of peak
pressure (LT)
PM2 - Maximum single sub-panel force (psi)
PA2 - Average pressure over the contact area at
the time of peak force (psi)
A2 - Contact area at the time of peak force
(sub-panels)
F2 - Peak total panel force (LT)
VEL - Ship velocity at impact (kts)

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TABLE 1

SUMMARY OF DEPLOYMENTS, DATA SETS AND ICE CONDITIONS

TITLE & DATE	LOCATION	ICE Type	NO OF EVENTS
Beaufort Summer 82 Sep 28 - Oct 16	100-150 nm north of Prudhoe Bay in the Alaskan Beaufort Sea	MY	167
S Bering Winter 83 Mar 24 - Mar 26	Transit from St.Paul Is. to the west end of St.Lawrence Is. in the Bering Sea	FY	173
N Bering Winter 83 Mar 27 - Mar 28	Transit from St. Lawrence Is. to the Bering Strait in the Bering Sea	FY	241
S Chukchi Winter 83 Nar 29 -Apr 2 Apr 28 - May 2	Transit from the Bering Strait to Point Hope in the Chukchi Sea and return	FY,MY	299
N Chukchi Winter 83 Apr 3 - Apr 27	Round trip transit Point Hope to Wainwright in the Chukchi Sea, operation off Wainwright	FY,MY	513
Antarctic Summer 84 Jan 9 - Jan 13	McMurdo Sound, break-in to McMurdo Base	FY	309
Beaufort Summer 84 Nov 18 - Dec 1	Operation between Barter Is. and Barrow in the Beaufort Sea, transit through the Chukchi Sea to the Bering Strait	FY,MY	337
	SUBSETS OF KNOWN MULTIYEAR EVENTS		
- N Chukchi Winter 83 MY Apr 3 - Apr 27	North Chukchi Sea off Wainwright	MY	67
Beaufort Summer 84 MY Nov 12 - Dec I	Beaufort and Chukchi Seas	MY	32

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	DHIE		1 I ME	P 71	PHI	ni.	E 1	Pm2	Ph4	nz.	F2	VEL
03	OCT 1	982	17:39:46	193	33	8	53	183	39	8	53	0.0
03	0CT 1	982	20:44:43	5 195	72	6	45	183	81	5	51	0.0
03	OCT 1	982	17:31:54	198	132	3	42	195	133	3	42	0.0
03	OCT 1	982	17:32:24	195	132	3	47	195	132	3	42	0.0
07	OCT 1	987	71:15:44	208	29	33	100	708	79	55	100	0.0
07	007 1	287	77.07.75	5 200	20	15	127	174		45	120	0.0
02	001 I	392 807	17.70.54	200	20	10	102			10	133	0.0
20	007 1	304	17-20-34	- 210	44 ~~	19	48	211	44	10	40	0.0
62		302	21:37:51	226	63	12	82	155	28	28	82	0.0
0Z	007 1	982	21:52:03	5 Z35	40	11	4ō	190	38	-17	68	0.0
03	OCT 1	96Z	20:47:29	242	242	1	25	242	55	5	29	0.0
02	OCT 1	98Z	19:30:46	243	61	6	38	238	53	7	39	0.0
03	OCT 1	982	20:20:15	5 245	31	11	35	237	115	4	49	0.0
62	OCT U	982	19:21:04	Z50	127	4	53	153	50	18	54	0.0
03	0CT 1	982	22:24:38	250	51	13	70	250	51	13	70	0.0
03	DCT 1	982	21:15:50	253	86	S	45	Z53	85	5	45	0.0
D 1	OCT 1	582	11:48:07	7 260	119	Ā	50	250	119	Ā	50	ត ត
0. 07	00T 1	992	70:79:50	200	167	7	-50	200	705	-	20	0.0
03	001 1	002	20-25-58	, 200 , 765	102		90	2-0	203	~ ~ ~		0.0
00		302	17.47.59	. 200	100			200	60 77	11	22	0.0
60		384	17:43:50	2/5	100	5.	54	252	25	15	57	0.0
00		982 	22:27:24	282	292	1	21	252	252	1	31	0.0
01	OCT I	982	12:40:45	257	63	5	23	278	157	5	82	0.0
07	OCT 1	982	17:52:51	298	74	11	85	269	72	13	98	0.0
03	OCT 1	98Z	20:43:23	5 311	78	5	41	165	93	6	6Z	0.0
07	0CT 1	98Z	17:58:57	7 316	96	10	101	291	58	11	113	0.0
04	OCT 19	982	00:03:58	324	103	5	54	Z91	85	5	54	0.0
01	0CT 1	98Z	12:37:52	326	139	4	53	326	139	4	53	0.0
ØZ	OCT 1	982	19:35:34	327	129	4	54	377	129	4	54	0.0
02	OCT 1	98Z	19:50:48	327	245	4	103	375	45	31	150	00
01	OCT 1	982	12:39:38	352	198	2	47	187	53	2	50	. 0.0
07	00T 1	987	17:55:77	, 000 7 333	104	4		737	50	a	50	0.0
03 03	DCT 12	992	17-30-74	550	- 07	-		231	07	0	33 60	0.0
03		102. 097	70-42-17) 750 1	140	4	67	554	02	• •	63	0.0
03		282 007	40-43-12	. 330	140	-	64	000	148	4	62	0.0
20		962	18:03:54		90	6	57	248	81	8	68	0.0
67		982	18:07:53	9 228	525	Z	63	553	323	Z	63	0.0
02.	OCT 1	962	20:05:45	562	193-	3	61	ZS5	25	31	81	0.0
03	OCT 1	982	18:03:04	364	SS	10		301	49	21	108	0.0
03	0CT 1	98Z	21:11:50	364	354	1	38	279	104	6	65	0.0
© 1	0CT 1	982	21:17:53	i 388	22	54	125	312	23	53	128	0.0
03	0CT 1	982	22:25:47	370	116	12	- 146	370	115	12	146	0.0
02	0CT 1	98Z	19:44:01	371	48	20	101	320	55	19	112	0.0
0Z	OCT 1	982	20:12:32	374	299	Z	63	291	22	35	81	0.0
01	0CT 1	982	11:50:08	i 375	278	z	58	365	293	2	61	0.0
01	0CT 1	982	12:22:12	378	75	g	77	704	50	19	100	aa
07	DCT 1	982	17:57:71	378	67	10	 ==	207	81	10	25	0.0
01	0CT 1	987	17:73:34	210	20	14	20	200		14	53	0.0
<u>о</u> і		002	21+22+24	, <u>J</u> ju 1 727	24 E3	1 4 1 4	995 775	230	24 ET	17	224	<u>u.u</u> 0.0
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¥۷ م~		282	12:20:25	404	12	7	53	274	57	10	102	0.0
07		28Z	18:55:17	406	71	11	82	495	71	11	9Z	0.0
07	0CT 1	982	13:55:46	i 419	102	7	75	371	105	7	78	0.0

	0816	1 I ME	PMI PA	I A1	E I	PMZ	PAZ	AZ	FZ	VEL
Ø1	OCT 1982	12:39:02	420 129	56	79	420	125	5	79	0.0
02	OCT 1982	18:38:34	421 64	¥ 10	67	408	80	8	67	0.0
03	OCT 1982	19:45:31	425 58	3 13	93	326	59	15	93	0.0
03	OCT 1982	22:25:18	425 135	5 10	142	471	136	10	143	0.0
03	OCT 1987	21:13:53	435 108	3 5	57	198	52	13	71	0.0
14	DCT 1997	11:59:00	455 100		111	/10	107	11	110	0.0
07	OCT 1997	10.35.50	475 E(00	700	61	15	00	0.0
07	001 1302	10.33.32	400 00	7 17	03	203		13	30	0.0
07		16:23:22	427 ()		83	43(()	11	83	0.0
02	001 1982	20:30:09	459 4	45	185	271	42	45	203	0.0
ØZ	OCT 1982	20:25:04	440 78	5 11	83	333	45	22	104	0.0
0Z	OCT 1982	20:35:11	445 63	5 25	165	445	63	Z5	165	0.0
07	OCT 1982	18:29:51	448 228	54	95	443	Z26	4	95	0.0
13	OCT 1982	19:18:22	452 142	27	104	389	144	9	135	0.0
07	2361 TOO	18:07:24	452 120	14	176	452	120	14	175	0.0
Ø2	OCT 1982	18:05:20	453 20	7 31	88	335	115	11	133	0.0
07	OCT 1982	18:19:14	455 48	3 16	- 81	280	71	15	112	0 0
01	OCT 1987	11:39:47	455 19/		21	200	171		00	0.0 0 0
۵ı	DCT 1997	17-77-59	477 100	 	222	407	107		775	0.0
07	OCT 1007	12-44-33	472 100	20	222	407	104	21		0.0
03	001 1962	10-02-35	4/3 3:		85	401	5/	19	154	0.0
107	001 1982	1/:55:5/	4/5 5;	9 9	59	288	156	4	55	0.0
14	001 1982	08:17:58	481 43	5 48	217	481	43	48	217	0.0
10	OCT 1982-	23:14:38	482 100	0 15	168	437	102	16	171	0.0
12	OCT 1982	19:53:00	483 92	29	87	374	111	13	151	0.0
03	OCT 1982	19:42:32	494 69	3 14	101	494	69	14	101	0.0
13	OCT 1982	20:15:11	505 368	33	115	505	368	3	/116	0.0
12	OCT 1982	19:09:51	510 100	97	73	510	100	7	73	0.0
07	OCT 1982 -	18:13:34	511 41	22	25	469	38	24	95	0.0
10	OCT 1982	18:24:24	514 190) 5	100	342	90	12	113	0.0
14	OCT 1987	11:33:47	514 88	; 9	81	514	86	q	81	00
17	OCT 1982	16:41:49	515 114	10	170	516	114	10	120	0.0 0 0
14	OCT 1982	11.46.06	574 49	10	07	677	45	10	67	0.0
07 07	OCT 1982	70-71-60	244 40 CPC 01	7 13	107	322	40	13	100	0.0
17	OCT 1982	20.31.33	223 33		107	430	140		182	0.0
12	001 1982	16:46:28	525 74	F 20	155	248	101	15	153	0.0
10	001 1982	15:58:18	505 91	8	76	350	60	12	79	0.0
101	OCT 1982	12:51:37	542 542	2 1	57	54Z	54Z	1	57	0.0
11	OCT 1982	00:19:37	544 194	1 3	183	475	242	8	203	0.0
03	OCT 1982	20:29:06	546 171	5	90	402	87	10	9 t-	0.0
07	OCT 1982	18:28:52	546 124	1 8	104	239	75	17	134	0.0
62	OCT 1982	21:12:59	550 121	5	63	550	121	5	63	0.0
03	OCT 1982	20:47:00	551 77	7 34	275	550	83	33	297	0.0
Ø2	OCT 1982	19:00:25	553 139	3 8	117	484	127	10	133	0.0
03	OCT 1982	21:10:32	557 93	5 13	127	397	89	14	131	0.0
12	OCT 1982	15:58:27	550 174	10	130	516	115	11	133	ดด
12	OCT 1982	16:41:70	563 94	1 1 1	138	444	177	17	154	0.0
10	OCT 1992	18-43-51	E20 101		153	700	175	16	710	0.0
17	ACT 1997	19+42+31	- 203 104 - 677 - 66	. 0	100	433	123	10	210	0.0
14	OGT 1382	1/-10-01	- 370 - 86 - 50- 55-	n 17	1/1	500	34	41	207	0.0
14	OUT 1982	11:25:45	501 257	/ <u>3</u>	81	514	59	14	87	0.0
14	001 1982	13:30:39	-58Z 184	⊾ 7	122	505	Z18	7	160	0.0
ΙZ	OCT 1982	15:57:53	583 99	5 9	90	329	61	28	179	0.0
14	OCT 1982	14:01:50	283 84	L 13	128	378	113	15	187	0.0

	DATE	TIMĘ	PMI PAI	A1	F1	PMZ PAZ	A2	F2	VEL
12	OCT 1982	19:10:54	584 150	5	101	504 161	7	118	0.0
12	OCT 1982	20:05:43	584 58	23	140	582 53	38	211	0.0
13	DCT 1982	15:17:49	537 136	27	385	514 154	24	388	0.0
10	OCT 1982	16:37:38	600 66	14	97	432 80	15	125	0.0
10	OCT 1982	15:55:31	607 75	77	173	507 75	72	175	<u>a</u> a
11	OCT 1987	00:75:34	510 122		11=	574 165		100	0.0
17	OCT 1987	10.52.54		• • •	113	5/4 103		133	0.0
10	OCT 1822	15-20-27	575 74			610 72	11	80	0.0
10	007 1962		620 120	10	111	001 000	10	177	0.0
10	001 1982	17:20:07	621 116	11	134	490 94	14	138	0.0
07	OCT 1982	19:39:56	633 181	5	114	633 181	5	114	0.0
14	OCT 1992	13:31:09	634 92	14	135	612 86	15	135	0.0
10	OCT 1982	15:56:01	635 129	7	95	475 142	7	104	0.0
01	OCT 1982	12:37:25	538 110	7	81	612 134	5	84	0.0
14	OCT 1982	08:31:00	638 27	50	142	541 63	48	317	0.0
13	OCT 1962	20:10:27	642 104	18	195	342 114	17	203	0.0
12	OCT 1982	14:51:47	645 288	3	91	503 67	21	148	0 0
08	OCT 1982	10:27:30	657 85	71	167	652 85	21	197	0.0
10	OCT 1982	17:05:13	655 79	19	157	552 0J 555 79	19	157	0.0
07	OCT 1992	70.43.71	555 07	72	705		75	210	0.0
10	OCT 1987	10.30.45	522 182	23	1/5	431 87	23	513	0.0
10	OCT 1982	10,20,43	030 130		143	030 130		145	0.0
19	OCT 1982	12:25:07	621 699	12	155	600 138	16	202	0.0
12		14:39:52	678 120	12	151	655 116	13	158	0.0
14	001 1982	13:45:17	684 53	15	83	684 53	16	89	0.0
10	OCT 1982	17:05:42	687 158	6	99	687 158	6	83	0.0
11	OCT 1982	00:12:22	687 245	6	154	622 218	7	150	0.0
03	OCT 1982	09:00:44	696 472	' 2	99	333 49	24	123	0.0
03	OCT 1982	20:48:15	702 138	16	232	6Z7 112	20	235	0.0
0Z	OCT 1982	17:51:42	714 115	8	97	714 115	8	97	0.0
07	OCT 1962	20:43:45	718 155	8	130	718 155	8	130	0.0
10	OCT 1982	23:20:04	726 124	12	156	699 114	14	157	0.0
14	OCT 1982	13:48:05	727 114	9	108	595 142	q	134	<u>a</u> a
01	OCT 1982	17:05:27	755 94	14	138	689 178	. 11	1/9	0.0 0 0
10	OCT 1982	73:19:30	759 458	7	67	555 177	10	170	0.0
63	OCT 1987	07-13-10	753 450	11	100	500 122	10	700	0.0
17	OCT 1607	14.37.40	757 77	71	130	537 73	22	230	0.0
14	OCT 1382	14-27-43		21	133	550 72	24	166	0.0
07	007 1902	14-40-34	704 33	10	213	712 101	21	286	0.0
07	007 1692	13:42:29	794 199	12	247	749 103	25	- 270	0.0
47	OCT 1982	23:02:23	808 125	11	144	451 155	15	211	0.0
08	001 1982	07:51:42	817 558	4	150	622 163	14	247	0.0
10	001 1992	16:34:25	818 243	5	130	670 385	4	162	0.0
14	OCT 1982	00:21:52	819 213	5	112	792 221	5	115	0.0
08	OCT 1982	00:35:10	873 175	8	147	757 188	8	158	0.0
08	OCT 1982	09:54:07	677 145	19	289	781 BI	36	305	0.0
10	OCT 1992	17:55:27	878 124	10	130	878 124	10	130	0.0
12	OCT 1982	15:24:33	889 150	16	252	889 150	16	252	0.0
10	OCT 1982	15:23:02	501 45	32	151	295 57	47	251	0.0
07	OCT 1982	17:53:31	920 223	R	187	539 100	19	199	0 0
07	OCT 1982	18:25:30	923 67	29	704	505 E7	20	704	0.0
01	OCT 1987	17:20:50	051 276		204	295 60 777 01	10	195	9.9 0 0
13	OCT 1997	19-57-54	920 123	, 0	124		1 3	153	0.0
•••		1010104		3	• 2 4	u⊷r lüt		123	0 U

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	DATE	•	TIME	PM1	PA1	Al	F 1	PMZ	PAZ	A2	F2	VEL
10	OCT	1982	15:44:41	980	330	8	277	608	183	20	384	0.0
10	OCT	1982	16:36:14	1010	172	13	235	981	173	14	Z 54	0.0
02	OCT	1982	20:10:03	1013	157	12	198	905	146	14	214	0.0
12	OCT	1982	18:58:17	1015	254	11	293	862	200	17	357	0.0
07	OCT	1982	18:00:00	1029	Z22	7	163	878	210	8	176	0.0
07	007	1982	18:48:11	1030	174	8	146	795	198	9	187	0.0
12	OCT	1982	17:07:44	1053	518	9	489	1053	518	9	489	0.0
10	OCT	1982	18:20:07	1093	308	7	225	1093	308	7	225	0.0
10	OCT	1982	18:41:16	1109	115	16	193	1109	115	16	193	0.0
13	OCT	1982	20:14:41	1115	195	10	205	775	201	11	232	0.0
88	NOV	1982	88:88:88	1140	306	5	161	917	397	4	167	0.0
14	OCT	1982	11:48:28	1156	212	11	Z45	752	Z07	20	434	0.0
14	OCT	1982	11:30:12	1206	136	15	214	1205	135	15	214	0.0
01	OCT	1982	12:21:26	1453	183	14	269	1366	175	15	275	0.0
10	OCT	1982	16:38:15	1454	335	12	422	1366	344	12	433	0.0
07	007	1982	23:30:29	1499	394	10	413	1499	354	10	413	0.0
14	OCT	1982	11:37:39	1517	295	15	495	1617	295	16	495	0.0

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	DATE	TIME	DM1	DA1	Δ 1	= 1	PM7	DA7	A7	67	tu⊂t
25	MAR 1007		5111	10	15	77	102	F112	14	F4 77	
20	MAR 1965	11.01.33	20	75	13	44	13	3	43	10	0.0
20	NAR (282)	12:3:17	20	20	-	14	20	4	40	18	0.0
20	MAR 1953	11:50:47	21	10	د د ا	15	21	5	40	21	0.0
20	MAR 1985	11:57:46	28	Ь	42	29	20	- 7	41	31	0.0
25	MAR 1983	12:4:28	40	4	35	14	26	9	15	Z5	0.0
26	MAR 1983	12:7:42	42	16	7	25	37	9	15	31	0.0
Z6	MAR 1983	11:58:35	43	30	5	26	41	9	38	36	0.0
26	MAR 1983	11:54:1	47	5	38	27	44	8	33	29	0.0
26	MAR 1983	12:2:25	49	10	8	22	49	10	8	22	0.0
Z6	MAR 1983	11:54:20	50	12	9	17	35	7	38	29	0.0
26	MAR 1983	11:54:12	51	27	z	15	28	5	48	23	0.0
26	MAR 1983	17:14:32	57	8	18	71	44	7	33	24	0.0
25	MAR 1983	11:55:1	54	Ř	47	38	47	q	45	44	0.0
26	MAR 1983	11:54:30	67	7	41	37	47	8	PA	 A 7	0.0
26	MAR 1983	11.57.55	20	17		17	47	11	43	10	0.0
20	MAD 1003	19-71-44	117	1.2		11 CO	4 (CA	11	77	15	0.0
20	MAR 1903	13:31:44	110	21	21	63	90	17	22	63	0.0
20	NAR 1363	19:51:25	117	18	48	98	92	20	48	101	0.0
20	NAR 1983	19:51:7	121	21	45	101	105	Z4	47	118	0.0
26	MAR 1983	19:45:13	123	25	45	118	123	25	45	_ <u>118</u>	0.0
25	MAR 1983	19:0:10	135	22	48	111	92	23	49	117	0.0
26	MAR 1983	20:32:26	135	25	47	125	89	26	50	138	0.0
26	MAR 1983	18:59:43	137	49	4	35	126	59	3	43	0.0,
26	MAR 1983	19:45:14	137	17	53	93	92	18	50	94	0.0
26	MAR 1983	19:45:5Z	139	19	46	90	86	21	43	96	0.0
26	MAR 1983	19:9:27	140	15	Z2	42	83	18	10	48	0.0
26	MAR 1983	18:55:39	141	74	5	57	141	60	10	81	0.0
26	MAR 1983	19:51:17	141	18	45	87	89	31	12	93	0.0
26	MAR 1983	20:37:43	143	19	52	104	143	19	57	104	a a
25	MAR 1983	18:45:5	144	17	17	29	87	14	21	35	6.0
26	MAR 1983	19-45-5	145	17	1 <u>C</u>	70	02	10	40	00 00	0.0
75	MAR 1993	19.10.17	140	77	10	13	77	10	77	50	0.0
20	MAD 1023	13-10-12	140	10	41	70	107	13	40	84	0.0
20	MAR 1992	13+44+1	143	10	41	(0	102	10	40	65	0.0
40	nan 1583	19:51:1	149	16	45	74	100	22	46	106	0.0
25	MAR 1985	10:11:17	154	20	20	49	99	21	ZØ	52	0.0
25	MAR 1983	19:50:24	152	ZZ	45	106	9Z	24	45	114	0.0
26	MAR 1983	19:45:27	153	17	51	90	92	17	51	90	0.0
25	MAR 1983	18:39:23	154	44	8	59	154	44	8	59	0.0
26	MAR 1983	18:47:53	154	30	43	139	94	35	44	166	0.0
26	MAR 1983	19:46:39	154	20	39	93	154	20	39	93	0.0
Z6	MAR 1983	19:50:55	154	22	44	104	154	22	44	104	0.0
26	MAR 1983	19:51:29	154	53	7	127	154	53	7	127	0.0
26	MAR 1983	1:42:29	157	18	59	114	109	22	55	129	0.0
25	MAR 1983	18:59:57	157	19	27	53	115	18	30	61	0.0
26	MAR 1983	19:10:1	157	27	18	59	118	28	29	91	0.0
26	MAR 1983	3:3:34	160	17	55	98	65	18	59	110	0.0
26	MAR 1983	2:55:43	161	70	58	170	97	74	59	146	0.0
26	MAR 1983	18:45:51	161	18	17	50	161	18	17	50	0.0
26	MAR 1987	19:45-7	167	15	10	77	22	10	17	20	0.0
26	MAR 1993	10.00.1	163	70	Q / D	101	167	70	40	101	0.0
20	MAD 1907	10.00.90	124	4 U 4 U	÷3		100	20 73	43	101	0.0
23	1404 1303	10-33-23	104	4 (4	31	164	υv	U I	+ -	0.0

	DATE		TIME	PMI	PA1	AI	F1	PM2	PAZ	A2	F2	VEL
26	MAR	1983	19:15:26	164	164	1	38	88	19	10	42	0.0
26	MAR	1983	19:52:13	154	18	45	87	162	36	13	88	0.0
25	MAR	1983	10:17:33	165	33	5	35	152	99	2	36	0.0
25	MAR	1983	23:5:3	166	15	51	82	123	22	50	117	0.0
26	MAR	1983	10:18:5	165	14	42	60	145	23	30	75	0.0
25	MAR	1983	17:12:0	167	35	12	52	152	39	11	55	0.0
25	MAR	1983	23:29:14	167	15	51	78	167	15	51	78	0.0
26	MAR	1983	19:39:47	169	15	46	72	103	21	45	100	00
25	MAR	1983	18:39:28	170	73	16	44	90	24	8	50	0.0
26	MAR	1983	10:18:17	172	24	39	92	177	24	70	90	0.0
25	MAR	1983	19:45:46	177	18	48	97	117	27	49	115	0.0
26	MAR	1985	5:20:9	174	19	59	170	174	10	= J = C	170	0.0
26	MAR	1983	19:51:75	174	10		120		75	43	117	0.0
26	MAR	1985	18.55.45	175	±0		47	35 75	20	40	517	0.0
26	MAD	1007	10.40.77	170	20	45	+2	100	22	14	50	0.0
20	MAD	1007	13-43-33	170	40	40	121	158	25	45	122	0.0
20	MAD	1007	0.44.7	111	15	20	53	128	15	50	95	0.0
20		1007	0:48:47	177	17	55	102	100	24	53	154	0.0
23		1383	23:4:55	179	18	50	102	. 148	27	49	138	0.0
20		1983	10:18:25	179	19	38	81	156	23	37	89	0.0
25	MAR	1983	2:50:3	180	32	54	184	175	32	56	185	0.0
25	MAR	1983	22:57:37	181	22	52	119	155	23	52	127	0.0
25	MAR	1983	2:58:38	18Z	19	58	115	182	19	58	115	0.0
25	MAR	1982	22:17:58	183	19	52	101	146	32	46	155	0.0
26	MAR	1983	18:55:29	183	53	7	48	147	82	5	56	0.0
25	MAR	1983	0:54:33	184	33	50	172	184	- 33	50	172	0.0
26	MAR	1983	10:1:12	184	39	7	45	121	15	13	47	0.0
26	MAR	1983	- 10:4:48	184	32	20	77	14Z	24	32	86	0.0
25	MAR	1983	21:40:48	185	13	54	73	161	161	1	130	0.0
25	MAR	1983	22:57:18	187	Z1	52	117	187	21	52	117	0.0
26	MAR	1983	2:44:25	187	27	58	165	175	30	57	177	0.0
26	MAR	1983	10:11:37	187	29	11	48	84	15	35	6Z	0.0
26	MAR	1983	19:49:39	188	24	45	118	172	Z5	49	127	0.0
25	MAR	1983	23:5:48	191	19	55	107	165	32	49	16Z	0.0
25	MAR	1983	23:3:27	193	20	55	115	143	29	48	146	0.0
Z 5	MAR	1983	19:49:27	193	19	51	89	156	31	25	111	0.0
26	MAR	1983	2:54:5	194	17	57	100	136	19	55	110	0.0
25	MAR	1983	22:29:22	197	12	57	63	197	12	57	69	0.0
26	MAR	1983	0:54:54	197	18	59	112	150	22	55	124	0.0
25	MAR	1983	22:11:18	198	21	49	110	135	28	40	178	0.0
26	MAR	1983	0:57:44	198	19	55	110	182	71	54	117	0.0 0 0
26	MAR	1983	19:45:41	198	21	41	108	117	27	51	171	0.0
Z5	MAR	1983	16:54:5	199	40	12	67	178	76	37	106	0.0 0 0
26	MAR	1983	0:54:25	200	33	51	177	193	74	50	179	0.0
25	MAR	1983	23:11:57	201	25	5.	144	150	79	50	15/	0.0
25	MAR	1983	22:79:7	202	21	53	115	167	23	50	115	0.0
25	MAR	1983	1:8:43	707	24	55	140	100	20	34 55	165	0.U 0.0
25	MAR	1983	2:49:77	202	79	20	177	103	43	33 67	103	0.U 0.0
26	MAR	1983	2:50.20	203 707	10	30	114	111	92 19	31	134	0. 0
26	MAR	1983	2:43.55	200	17	31 57	107	202 00	10	a/ E2	112	ש,ש
20	MAD	1007	2+40-30	204	11	31	100	35	13	20	113	Ø.Ø
	10.01		2000-01	2V3	13	32	100	131	23	34	130	ש.ש

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_	DATE	11UE	PMI	PAI	61	F 1	Pm2	PAZ	n2	FZ	VEL
25	MAR 1983	22:2:42	206	18	51	95	100	18	54	103	0.0
25	MAR 1983	21:49:12	Z07	50	7	55	123	30	27	97	0.0
26	MAR 1983	2:50:59	207	Z 2	58	136	191	25	55	146	0.0
2E	MAR 1983	19:49:12	207	17	45	83	143	27	46	107	a a
25	MAD 1007	17-11-55	209	17	20	EE	117	10	36	.co	0.0
	MAD 1505	22-48-28	203	70	23	1 / 1	710	70	30	03	0.0
43	1000 1000	22:43:20	210	20	45	141	210	20	45	141	0.0
25	MAR 1983	ZZ:56:57	211	12	55	69	135	15	52	82	0.0
28	MAR 1983	2:51:22	Z11	19	58	116	211	19	58	116	0.0
28	MAR 1983	10:14:53	211	16	38	65	157	21	29	70	0.0
25	MAR 1983	22:48:31	214	17	49	89	99	22	45	105	0.0
25	MAR 1983	10:17:43	714	14	44	65	201	15	43	68	a a
25	MAR 1983	77+18+75	716	10	57	117	10/	20	52	114	0.0
20	MAD 1007	1.5.47	210	13	20 FC	112	134	20	34	114	0.0
20		1:0:44	215	25	20	140	1/5	25	20	149	0.0
25	MAR 1985	10:8:46	215	115	2	23	23	52	8	53	0.0
25	MAR 1983	17:17:33	220	56	5	47	Z20	56	5	47	0.0
-28	MAR 1983	1:15:2	220	18	57	110	145	ZØ	60	128	0.0
26	MAR 1983	18:38:58	220	28	42	125	186	40	31	141	0.0
25	MAR 1983	18:55:24	222	34	9	45	125	30	10	46	0.0
26	MAR 1983	10:4:77	223	61	4	45	105	27	17	60	<u> </u>
25	MAD 1903	77+19+17	770	27	40	110	710	20	40	170	0.0
20	MAD 1007	24-10-17	220	23	43	113	210	20	40	140	0.0
25	- FIRR 1985	21:50:1	228	27	51	147	228	29	50	155	0.0
ZE	MAR 1983	10:8:57	Z28	15	Z5	45	145	87	4	58	0.0
25	MAR 1983	2:52:25	229	18	57	108	Z22	18	56	108	0.0
-28	MAR 1983	2:53:38.	231	19	57	113	178	20	56	115	0.0
28	MAR 1983	10:13:56	231	37	21	91	231	37	Z1	91	0.0
25	MAR 1983	22:57:74	734	15	53	85	754	15	53	85	<u>a</u> a
26	MAR 1983	10.17.17	734	34	10	145	100	77	37	140	0.0
20	MAD 1007	77.11.70	224	75	50	173	1.00	30	51	140	0.0
23		22:11:50	200	20	50	137	(55	29	51	155	ש.ש
ZE	MAK 1983	6:10:4	241	76	5	63	171	25	21	70	0.0
25	MAR 1983	23:11:51	Z49	38	53	211	242	39	52	212	0.0
25	MAR 1983	17:40:59	250	\$Z	8	69	91	15	53	81	0.0
- 28	MAR 1983	2:43:31	250	49	48	247	250	49	48	Z47	0.0
28	MAR 1983	5:31:41	250	44	13	65	167	40	17	75	0 0
75	MAR 1985	23:5:75	757	74	51	130	191	24	51	150	0 0
26	MAD 1997	E+E+74	252	77	20	107	107	27	27	110	0.0
24	MAD 1907	3.3.24	232	22	20	197	185	31	41	110	0.0
20		24:43:31	201	32	52	173	423	51	20	174	0.0
20	- RAK 1983	5:11:50	251	28	50	173	261	28	58	173	0.0
25	MAR 1983	23:4:54	262	21	54	117	174	33	43	180	0.0
26	MAR 1983	2:51:52	Z63	19	57	111	253	19	57	111	0.0
-25	MAR 1983	2:51:17	268	22	57	134	133	23	58	141	0.0
26	MAR 1983	2:49:0	270	20	58	121	184	2Z	55	125	0.0
- 28	MAR 1983	19:59:22	272	23	55	126	272	23	53	125	0.0
25	MAR 1983	19:11:79	777	24	35	89	138	24	37	ac	a a
25	MAR 1983	27:10.51	270	17	53	ac	767	10	5:	23	0.0
20	ΜΔΟ 1007	10-10-31	200	11 70	20	102	20(.0	20	100	U -U A ~
25		13:45:21	280	20	43	100	35	19	20	105	0.0
25	MAK 1983	20:42:00	288	22	44	103	28Z	31	40	130	0.0
25	MAR 1983	ZZ:28:53	_Z89	16	55	90	185	21	56	121	0.0
28	MAR 1983	3:7:50	289	Z4	56	139	221	31	53	188	0.0
25	MAR 1983	17:41:3Z	291	27	45	129	249	32	36	131	0.0
26	MAR 1983	Z:46:24	292	20	58	123	292	20	58	123	0.0

	DATE		TIME	PM1	PA1	A1	F1	PM2	PAZ	A2	F2	VEL
26	MAR	1983	2:44:8	294	22	58	135	250	24	59	147	0.0
26	MAR	1983	2:45:54	295	Z4	59	146	250	Z9	57	171	0.0
26	MAR	1983	2:43:36	296	43	48	217	208	39	57	233	0.0
26	MAR	1983	3:8:9	296	26	54	146	295	26	54	146	0.0
26	MAR	1983	19:44:39	303	20	45	57	239	28	46	138	0.0
26	MAR	1983	10:17:25	304	27	Z 6	82	217	28	44	133	0.0
26	MAR	1983	0:48:39	312	24	53	132	125	24	58	142	0.0
26	MAR	1983	19:39:42	327	20	41	52	319	44	22	117	0.0
25	Mar	1983	10:4:32	335	63	ZØ	141	160	42	29	143	0.0
26	MAR	1983	1:55:8	336	31	58	188	336	51	58	188	0.0
26	MAR	1983	19:10:40	337	37	17	94	337	37	17	94	0.0
26	MAR	1 983	6:18:39	345	35	31	121	325	38	35	141	0.0
Z6	MAR	1983	2:56:53	350	Z5	58	153	350	25	58	153	0.0
26	MAR	1983	19:51:12	356	32	29	113	198	26	42	115	0.0
Z5	MAR	1983	5:7:53	363	21	22	50	363	21	22	50	0.0
26	MAR	1983	10:1:38	367	87	5	53	189	120	4	59	0.0
25	MAR	1983	22:2:30	369	19	48	9 5	182	18	55	103	0.0
25	MAR	1983	6:9:51	374	37	ŻΖ	93	374	37	Z 2	93	0.0
26	MAR	1983	3:19:43	385	Z4	58	144	385	24	58	144	0.0
25	MAR	1983	23:29:5	409	28	50	148	327	29	52	161	0.0
Z6	MAR	1983	6:26:9	431	41	23	145	431	41	23	145	0.0
25	MAR	1983	21:49:3	483	42	49	216	Z81	45	SØ	236	0.0
25	MAR	1983	Z:52:14	1137	47	51	253	717	49	54	280	0.0

	DATE	TIME	PMI	PAI	A1	F1	PMZ	PA2	A2	FZ	VEL
27	MAR 1983	7:39:39	114	19	59	118	114	19	59	118	0.0
27	MAR 1983	7:32:22	124	29	7	63	39	15	41	69	0.0
27	MAR 1983	7:34:44	152	20	58	119	83	20	S 8	121	0.0
27	MAR 1983	7:34:53	158	19	57	111	96	19	57	113	0.0
27	MAR 1983	7:19:13	160	20	55	115	113	72	57	121	0.0
27	MAR 1985	7:39:54	167	21	48	105	111	70	54	117	0.0
77	MAD 1007	7.20.24	102	21		153	172	22	57	175	0.0
21	MAD 1007	15.15.45	103	21	- - -	20	143	23	57	190	0.0
21	NAR 1203	13.13.43	100	20	0	13	104	80		84	0.0
21	NAR 1383	7-23:34	100	20	30	113	(22	21	22	121	0.0
21	MAR 1983	6:59:50	170	19	35	81	107	114	د 	93	0.0
21	MAR 1983	6:53:35	175	15	54	88	173	15	50	89	0.0
27	MAR 1985	15:5:50	179	111	Z	Z 7	169	125	2	30	0.0
Z 7	MAR 1983	14:49:33	190	100	3	41	162	102	3	44	0.0
27	MAR 1983	14:54:7	191	24	11	39	108	26	11	40	0.0
27	MAR 1983	7:28:23	192	31	55	177	183	39	49	204	0.0
27	MAR 1983	14:54:0	196	47	6	45	147	39	8	47	0.0
26	MAR 1983	23:22:7	198	18	39	94	122	31	45	155	0.0
27	MAR 1983	1:3:33	200	20	57	120	193	39	46	197	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:13:54	200	81	7	63	200	81	7	63	0.0
27	MAR 1983	7:14:58	203	21	57	128	203	21	57	128	0.0
27	MAR 1983	7:3:7	204	16	50	85	102	17	49	95	0.0
27	MAR 1983	6:24:41	207	20	59	126	158	26	55	149	0.0
27	MAR 1983	14:35:46	209	28	41	121	209	28	41	121	0.0
27	MAR 1983	1:24:37	211	23	55	131	191	23	53	133	0.0
27	MAR 1983	7:3:15	215	74	55	136	135	75	52	143	a a
27	MAR 1983	0:19:38	719	20	48	100	719	20	10	100	0.0
77	MAR 1923	0-45-28	220	20	54	119	195	20	E 1	135	0.0
27	MAD 1093	0-1-75	777	27	24	177	140	23	21	147	0.0
77	MAD 1907	22.51.23	220	70	43	140	143	21	44	143	0.0
21	NAR 1303	22.31.34	223	70	40	202	223	18	1	200	0.0
21	MAR 1983	0:19:52	221	41	43	203	231	41	43	209	0.0
21	NAR 1985	(124:5	232	21	20	157	202	21	55	157	0.0
21	MAR 1983	14:47:52	206	43	9	63	136	86	5	71	0.0
27	MAR 1983	21:9:48	Z36	54	5	54	154	41	10	70	0.0
-27	MAR 1983	21:53:51	Z36	25	23	63	123	ZZ	26	64	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:15:33	238	46	16	81	157	67	18	131	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:58:4	Z39	8Z	8	77	Z ZZ	95	8	90	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:15:50	245	101	10	113	195	105	10	117	0.0
27	MAR 1983	Z1:10:9	245	45	16	83	Z37	50	19	102	0.0
27	MAR 1983	0:56:38	246	21	54	121	184	49	45	238	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:53:36	247	87	10	93	247	87	10	93	0.0
27	MAR 1983	0:8:0	249	20	49	102	249	20	49	102	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:6:0	252	49	7	43	189	107	4	60	0.0
Z7	MAR 1983	13:38:22	253	50	6	45	194	38	8	47	0.0
28	MAR 1983	14:4:27	253	49	14	80	Z53	49	14	80	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:15:13	254	55	21	140	254	55	21	140	0.0
27	MAR 1983	0:48:29	257	26	52	141	ZØ4	42	49	214	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:14:40	259	66	11	83	259	55	11	83	0.0
27	MAR 1983	21:45:29	262	114	4	91	201	90	9	127	0.0
27	MAR 1983	0:48:4	255	25	52	134	255	25	57	134	0.0
27	MAR 1983	18:52:38	265	66		58	161	41	16	74	0.0
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	DATE	TIME	PM1	PA1	A1	F1	PM2	PAZ	<u>A2</u>	F2	VEL.
28	MAR 1983	0:13:41	265	Z4	50	130	155	27	46	136	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:7:16	268	83	6	60	266	83	6	60	0.0
28	MAR 1983	0:7:28	256	75	8	100	264	53	13	108	0.0
28	MAR 1983	14:3:33	267	63	17	129	267	68	17	129	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:29:0	268	81	18	158	221	70	22	165	0.0
27	MAR 1983	7:28:29	269	42	51	222	236	42	51	227	0.0
27	MAR 1983	22:27:42	269	51	32	107	178	36	33	125	0.0
28	MAR 1983	0:32:36	269	25	56	148	184	39	54	223	a a
27	MAR 1983	15:13:40	271	92	5	50	271	92	5	50	a a
78	MAR 1983	21:1:48	271	67	11	20 80	271	57	11	80	0.0
27	MAR 1983	0:14:55	272	15	49	53	203	27	47	120	0.0
27	MAR 1983	Ø:48:12	272	75	53	143	205	31		175	0.0
27	MAD 1927	10-77-55	773	4.1		47	203	52	17	173	0.0
20	MAR 1305	77.17.0	273	157		4J 01	231	157	14	12.0	0.0
20	MAD 1967	17.70.54	274	137	÷	47	107	127		61	0.0
27	MAR 1303	12.20.34	273	20	2	42	107	40	3	45	0.0
21	MAG 1007	13:23-13	2/0	212	-2	43	108	127	4	62	6.0
±(20	MAR 1007	22:10:8	2/8	20	44	127	450	63	. 15	170	0.0
20	NAR 1963	016:33	2/5	120	3	75	204	82	5	79	0.0
28	MAR 1983	21:30:50	277	88	4	42	(2	20	21	55	0.0
28	MAR 1983	0:20:27	278	29	48	153	278	29	48	153	0.0
21	MAR 1983	15:12:26	279	105	11	137	279	105	11	137	0.0
21	MAR 1983	17:30:21	Z79	108	13	152	Z79	108	13	152	0.0
27	MAR 1985	23:22:33	279	18	37	84	137	ZZ	45	109	0.0
Z8	MAR 1983	13:50:7	Z79	30	33	117	Z79	30	33	117	0.0
28	MAR 1953	0:12:25	Z80	24	52	131	280	24	52	131	0.0
27	MAR 1983	0:55:22	281	25	57	147	226	45	S1	242	0.0
28	MAR 1983	0:25:59	Z81	22	53	125	119	25	55	145	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:13:23	282	57	7	44	282	57	7	44	0.0
27	MAR 1983	21:59:30	Z82	77	4	50	147	26	10	57	0.0
27	MAR 1983	17:43:16	Z83	151	4	71	283	151	4	71	0.0
28	MAR 1983	0:34:8	Z83	26	54	.145	126	28	58	152	0.0
27	MAR 1983	1:24:45	284	27	51	14 <u>2</u>	248	30	48	153	0.0
27	MAR 1983	16:55:49	284	40	14	71	113	36	21	84	0.0
28	MAR 1983	11:50:54	284	31	25	86	284	31	25	86	0.0
27	MAR 1983	21:51:7	285	37	16	67	281	46	17	-90	0.0
28	MAR 1983	13:26:0	285	31	41	131	295	31	41	131	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:12:50	285	106	5	64	200	51	13	78	0.0
28	MAR 1983	7:45:55	286	21	50	108	195	23	49	121	0.0
28	MAR 1983	7:56:46	287	38	52	208	287	41	49	210	0.0
27	MAR 1983	21:49:35	288	36	24	97	288	36	24	97	0.0
28	MAR 1983	0:13:30	289	24	44	118	289	24	44	118	0.0
28	MAR 1983	0:14:45	291	30	43	158	269	30	49	159	0.0
29	MAR 1983	0:48:11	291	32	55	187	208	34	54	193	0.0
28	MAR 1983	14:2:54	Z91	40	13	57	126	54	10	75	0.0
28	MAR 1983	0:27:17	292	Z5	54	145	208	26	53	146	0.0
27	MAR 1983	17:3:40	293	59	ģ	61	185	54	5	65	0.0
27	MAR 1983	18:26:2	293	82	4	44	145	31	18	61	0.0
27	MAR 1983	18:37:29	293	71	10	78	154	75	10	85	0.0
29	MAR 1983	11:46:9	294	35	20	79	187	35	25	107	0.0
27	MAR 1983	0:1:5	296	29	51	162	205	32	46	167	0.0
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	DATE	TI.	ME PM1	PAI	AI	F 1	PM2	PA2	A2	F2	VEL
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27	MAR 19	83 15:1	1:58 295	51	15	84	Z85	55	19	116	0.0
28	MAR 15	83 0:39	:30 296	25	54	143	296	25	54	143	0.0
27	MAR 19	83 1:3:	43 297	25	57	149	297	25	57	149	0.0
Z7	MAR 19	83 0:45	:31 298	35	47	172	230	35	49	173	0 0
78	MAR 19	83 22:1	4:9 300	109	A	97	115	77	20	97	0.0
77	MAD 10	100 <u>22</u> .1	7.0 200	77	Ē	40	200	4/	30	54	0.0
41			2-0 301	. 72	3	43	203	31	0	50	0.0
21			9:25 201	102	2	4/	260	199	2	48	0.0
28		83 ZI:3	5:50 301	128	_4	- 61	- 91	26	- 32	- 91-	0.0
Z7	MAR 19	83 7:28	:54 305	32	57	191	Z37	44	51	241	0.0
27	MAR 15	183 15:6	:5 306	119	3	40	185	97	S	53	0.0
Z8	MAR 19	183 7:46	:28 306	- 34	35	123	232	35	38	145	0.0
28	MAR 19	83 13:1	3:9 310	39	50	205	258	39	51	208	0.0
27	MAR 19	83 15:1	2:14 311	Z20	2	65	192	67	8	74	0.0
28	MAR 15	83 17:Z	2:27 312	51	8	68	312	51	8	68	0.0
28	MAR 19	83 17:2	7:52 313	55	17	80	255	21	35	87	0.0
27	MAR 19	83 18:5	1:39 314	41	16	77	314	41	16	72	0.0
78	MAR 19	183 8•13	74 314	109		51	219	195	יט א	70	0.0
20	MAD 10		7-45 314	101		95	213	100		70	0.0
20				13	44	100	213	13	44	80	9.9
20		83 17:4	4:4/ 315	63	12	108	219	40	26	113	0.0
28	MAR 19	183 22:1	3:5 318	20	39	80	124	40	13	87	0.0
27	MAR 19	83 23:9	:24 319	37	50	195	319	37	50	195	0.0
28	MAR 19	83 22:1	3:54 320	23	30	75	257	47	12	77	0.0
27	MAR 19	183 Z1:3	0:19 321	46	27	156	321	46	27	156	0.0
27	MAR 19	83 22:2	9:27 322	101	4	85	322	101	4	85	0.0
Z7	MAR 19	83 21:4	4:16 323	37	49	191	323	37	49	191	0.0
28	MAR 19	83 8:57	:41 323	33	27	97	323	33	27	97	0.0
27	MAR 19	83 7:2:	57 324	21	55	124	324	21	55	174	0.0
27	MAR 19	83 72:1	7:11 326	36	17	77	180	30	71	74	0.0
78	MAR 19	83 0:14	:15 376	35	48	197	777	20	46	197	a a
28	MAR 19	85 13:1	T-0 T25	42	45	197	749	20	Ea	705	0.0
70	MAD 10	03 17.7	5.0 J20 5.7 779	74	75	100	770	0	20	203	0.0
20	MAD 10	03 13-2	5-5 525	177	23	100	343	23	25	108	0.0
20		07 19-3	5:0 521	122	3	43	223	48	10	69	0.0
28	MAR 19	83 17:4	4:52 333	55	19	118	516	58	16	129	0.0
28	MAR 19	81 8150	:16 354	52	11	51	124	24	26	66	0.0
-27	MAR 19	83 17:4	4:44 335	27	30	90	136	26	57	109	0.0
Z8	MAR 19	83 0:13	:52 338	43	43	198	338	43	43	198	0.0
Z8	MAR 19	83 .17:5	7:9 339	61	8	53	Ž19	38	23	95	0.0
27	MAR 19	183 18:2	1:41 340	46	14	75	172	147	3	89	0.0
27	MAR 19	83 21:6	:51 340	176	2	49	327	327	1	53	0.0
27	MAR 19	83 22:1	9:23 340	93	8	91	338	73	13	113	0.0
Z8	MAR 19	83 13:3	4:30 340	27	40	114	277	30	38	120	0.0
27	MAR 19	83 22:1	8:26 344	48	10	54	209	55	9	60	0.0
27	MAR 15	83 20:3	3:41 345	44	19	90	155	40	27	94	0.0
28	MAR 19	83 19:7	:5 347	24	33	89	317	74	33	89	aa
28	MAR 15	83 17:3	9-18 348	18	15		371	07	23	100	0.0 0 0
27	MAD 10	183 70-1	5-70 757		70	50	1001	20	a	70	0.0
21	MAD 10		.E1 787	24 E 1	<u> </u>	04 r=	100	33 E 4	2	70 22	0.0 0.0
20			-31 353		3	55	222	34		23	V.V
21			126 254	57	24	149	254	74	23	184	0.0
28	MAR 19	83 0:39	:4 355	145	3	143	151	25	53	159	0.0
29	MAR 19	13:1	2:9 355	- 38	50	199	291	42	43	Z10	0.0

	DATE	TIME	PM1 P	A1 A1	F1	PM2	PA2	A2	F2	VEL
29	MAR 1983	0:14:50	356 !	58 12	128	338	Z7	45	128	0.0
27	MAR 1983	0:45:21	358 ;	34 47	176	358	34	47	176	0.0
27	MAR 1983	7:6:51	350 3	37 55	212	324	37	55	214	0.0
78	MAR 1983	22:8:56	360	37 26	96	360	37	26	96	0.0
77	MAR 1983	21:45:5	381 1	57 11	69	779	8 A	21	108	0.0
20	MAD 1007	13.57.70	201 ;	26 II CA 0	70	223	50	 	79	0.0
20	MAR 1007	13,32,20	201 1	5 V9		201	90	3		0.0
27	MAR 1982	22:54:25	352	58 5	115	209	94	10	119	0.0
27	MAR 1985	1:3:12	353 .	57 54	211	226	45	55	257	0.0
Z7	MAR 1983	21:10:3	565 Z(0Z Z	54	125	45	12	61	0.0
28	MAR 1983	17:25:39	363 '	78 8	116	363	78	8	116	0.0
27	MAR 1983	21:54:11	357 !	51 20	177	348	63	30	207	0.0
27	MAR 1983	22:26:0	367 3	59 17	104	367	39	17	104	0.0
28	MAR 1983	0:32:23	358 3	38 55	220	Z47	42	53	231	0.0
27	MAR 1983	18:29:27	369 13	ZØ 7	116	369	120	7	116	0.0
27	MAR 1983	20:28:42	359	33 40	138	369	33	40	138	0.0
27	MAR 1983	23:21:35	369	27 31	100	369	27	31	100	a a
27	MAR 1983	1:4:1	370	21 Q. 74 51	135	370	24	54	176	0.0 0 0
20	MAD 1003	11.7.5.5	370 1	64 J4 04 0	120	370	134		100	0.0
20	MAR 1007	77.77.10	270 1	04 0 75 74	115	150	40	- 0 - 1	31	0.0
20	NOR 1305	23+22+18	512 .	40 34	110	123	40	21	121	0.0
28	MAR 1983	12:20:20	313	11 12	83	321	67	12	100	0.0
27	MAR 1983	21:16:54	374	53 16	92	374	53	16	92	0.0
27	MAR 1983	22:28:15	374	96 5	75	372	129	5	97	0.0
27	MAR 1983	20:31:48	375	82 13	121	Z93	77	14	122	0.0
28	MAR 1983	22:16:15	375 3	23 36	94	375	23	36	94	0.0
27	MAR 1983	15:53:0	378 -	40 27	115	357	56	20	121	0.0
Z7	MAR 1983	0:49:18	379	23 55	130	182	25	55	142	0.0
27	MAR 1993	7:44:9	379	25 58	155	379	25	58	155	. 0.0
28	MAR 1983	0:23:14	380	72 51	170	113	27	59	168	0.0
28	MAR 1983	13:54:6	380 1	78 3	59	380	178	3	59	0.0
77	MAD 1993	10-12-31	200 .	00 U 00 17	100	275	77	12	100	0.0
20	MAD 1907	14.5+11	201 1	00 12 E1 10	117	214	= 4	10	117	0.0
20	HAR 1363	14+3+11	204 3	34 IJ 37 /3	117	204	34	13	111	0.0
20	NAR 1985	10:12:20	202 .	22 40	33	235	24	40	100	0.0
21	MAR 1983	1:3:51	387 .	36 50	186	312	40	47	199	0.0
28	MAR 1983	22:8:41	387	25 32	86	307	30	33	107	0.0
27	MAR 1983	21:17:49	394	50 26	148	191	53	26	158	0.0
28	MAR 1983	22:13:20	396 3	25 41	109	257	31	40	130	0.0
Z8	MAR 1983	8:42:42	368 -	45 13	67	367	99	5	63	0.0
28	MAR 1983	0:22:2	400	51 48	252	283	56	47	292	0.0
28	MAR 1983	17:42:19	400	41 19	98	363	37	21	99	0.0
28	MAR 1983	14:4:4	403	80 13	114	403	80	13	114	0.0
27	MAR 1983	18:18:8	404	71 13	146	252	79	17	150	0.0`
27	MAR 1983	17:21:1	407	96 6	54	211	74	8	75	0.0
28	MAR 1983	17:58:41	408	31 36	125	796	40	33	148	0 0
28	MAR 1983	77:18:35	409	87 10	157	297	113	20	158	0 0
20	MAD 1007	71 • 10 • 10	410	01 10	107	207 A10	01	10	107	0.0
21	MAD 1807	17,70.74	417 4	שו וכט זיד זי	107	410	170	10	147	0.0
21	HAR 1362	11120204	- 413 4 - 415 - 1	10 11		202	123	שו	117	0.9 0
21	NOR 1982	21148148	415	21 35	81	185	<u>ل</u> اد	36	112	U.U
28	HAR 1985	11:48:28	416	29 مد	120	415	56	29	120	0.0
- 8	MAR 1985	17:52:57	415	47 17	99	258	Z9	35	106	0.0
-23	MAR 1983	13:15:34	422	Z4 51	128	187	36	47	180	0.0

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DATE	TIME	PM1 PA1	A1	E1	PM2	PA7	A7	F7	UEL
28 MAR 1983	0:38:58	473 30	54	173	473	30	54	173	0 0
27 MAR 1983	23:6:26	425 50	48	705	474	<u>4</u> 1	48	705	0.0
27 MAR 1983	7:78:41	475 39	⊂a	200	408	46	51	200	0.0 0 0
28 MAR 1983	13:23:7	425 03	46	701	700	43	ະລ	270	0.0
28 MAR 1983	77+17+78	425 54	10	204	475	= 3	10	221	0.0
27 MAR 1995	17-14-20	420 34	7	57	740	75	7	57	0.0
22 MAR 1985	0.21.11	421 10	- E 7	107	470	73	5	107	0.0
20 MAD 100%	17-15-47	420 34	- 33 45	132	420	24	33	101	0.0
20 MAR 1985	12-10-47	423 21	43	101	423	21	43	101	0.0
27 MAR 1903	10.17.75	450 58	13	120	225	62	24	163	0.0
20 MAR 1003	13:47.23	430 32	4(228	430	32	47	250	0.0
20 MmR 1383	1:43:47	441 36	44	168	242	33	50	185	0.0
27 MAR 1965	21:40:47	440 50	23	191	443	50	20	191	0.0
27 FIRE 1983	17:45:33	445 33	52	181	445	20	52	181	0.0
20 INR 1983	13:27:3	452 30	45	144	45.	2Ø	45	144	0.0
27 MAR 1985	14:59:37	450 45	34	162	453 	45	54	162	0.0
28 MAR 1983	18:5:58	459 38	34	140	387	57	ZZ	148	0.0
27 MAR 1985	16:0:0	462 146	4	80	413	306	Z	87	0.0
27 MAR 1985	17:7:4	472 62	13	96	154	74	15	130	0.0
28 MAR 1985	0:26:21	473 37	51	198	473	37	51	198	0.0
28 MAR 1983	19:9:5	475 43	26	127	Z11	60	23	162	0.0
28 MAR 1983	0:9:27	478 29	55	168	478	29	55	168	0.0
27 MAR 1983	17:4:19	484 80	12	166	484	80	12	165	0.0
27 MAR 1983	15:12:32	490 95	13	147	431	87	25	Z45	0.0
Z7 MAR 1983	0:48:42	491 31	52	163	368	38	49	198	0.0
28 MAR 1983	13:55:50	506 77	12	101	481	115	8	105	0.0
27 MAR 1983	7:28:7	507 3Z	56	189	474	32	58	196	0.0
28 MAR 1983	17:26:23	507 26	45	121	262	32	44	146	0.0
27 MAR 1983	20:25:39	508 144	3	145	508	144	9	145	0.0
27 MAR 1983	17:26:51	516 123	5	78	196	180	3	80	0.0
27 MAR 1983	17:26:29	535 109	31	359	535	109	31	359	0.0
27 MAR 1983	20:58:3	537 64	10	75	123	36	19	79	0.0
28 MAR 1983	11:53:33	550 38	40	16Z	461	84	17	167	0.0
28 MAR 1983	0:26:30	557 54	53	303	414	68	50	357	0.0
Z8 MAR 1983	14:4:56	563 114	7	89	563	114	7	89	0.0
-28 MAR 1983	14:32:51	578 88	11	107	565	83	12	110	0.0
27 MAR 1983	1:3:25	584 50	52	277	261	53	54	301	0.0
28 MAR 1983	14:6:29	589 57	59	240	589	57	39	Z40	0.0
27 MAR 1983	23:43:28	598 55	41	242	598	55	41	24Z	0.0
28 MAR 1983	19:41:14	599 106	9	123	599	106	9	123	0.0
28 MAR 1983	0:27:39	723 56	55	327	517	57	55	330	0.0
Z8 MAR 1983	7:54:47	745 61	43	288	650	82	40	359	0.0

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	DATE	TIME	PMI	PA1	A1	FI	PM2	PAZ	62	F2	VEL
30	MAR 198	3 11:45:36	198	15	45	77	80	21	37	85	0.0
31	MAR 198	3 22:46:15	205	47	7	37	10Z	102	1	43	0.0
1	APR 198	3 8:9:27	205	43	15	70	114	45	21	103	0.0
1	APR 198	3 8:15:22	210	46	7	42	148	77	5	58	0.0
1	APR 198	3 8:14:28	213	87	4	47	110	45	5	<u> </u>	0.C
±1	MAD 100	2 0004020 3 00047071	210	69	-	47	100	7.0	15	 C=	0.0
21	MAD 100	3 22+77+21	210	77	3	44	103	105	13	33	0.0
51	100 100 MAD 100	3 22.02.1	217	62	4	34	133	123		40	0.0
	NAR 120	G 22:32:8	217	33	3	34	190	190	1	82	0.0
21		5 25:28:5	220	50	8	P 9	117	50	- 22	120	0.0
1	APR 198	5 1:45:37	220	- 52	38	133	Z10	96	10	134	0.0
1	APR 198	3 8:19:53	Z20	147	Z	53	193	70	12	93	0.0
31	MAR 198	3 22:52:16	ZZZ	ZZZ	1	31	222	ZZZ	1	31	0.0
31	MAR 198	3 15:54:46	223	25	21	58	ŻŻ3	25	21	53	0.0
1	APR 198	3 8:21:35	Z25	94	12	128	Z25	94	12	128	0.0
30	MAR 198	3 11:43:29	226	67	. 4	92	226	67	4	92	0.0
31	MAR 198	3 22:59:44	226	226	t	30	215	215	1	32	0.0
31	MAR 198	3 22:59:49	225	226	1	31	218	218	1	33	0.0
1	APR 198	3 8:19:10	226	50	13	70	143	53	14	80	0.0
31	MAR 198	3 22:59:25	227	227	1	29	225	225	1	30	0.0
1	APR 198	3 0:40:13	230	35	30	115	209	31	<u>3</u> 4	118	0.0
1	APR 198	3 8:14:20	230	58	9	59	165	59	13	85	0.0
29	MAR 198	3 16:3:20	232	66	12	93	204	59	20	135	0.0
1	APR 198	3 0:42:47	232	99	3	45	232	99	3	45	0.0
30	MAR 198	3 10:30:38	755	68	5	44	194	41	21	57	ดิด
31	MAR 196	3 77:43:49	233	718	ž	75	233	218	3	75	0.0
31	MAR 198	3 27:55:3	735	233	1	30	213	713	1	75	0.0
30	MAP 100	5 8·51·14	234	233	7	50	137	£13	- -	22	4.Q
1	400 100	3 - 9-11-7	204	=== == 0	-	55	100	21	10	00 Ec	0.0
70	MAD 100	5 17.15.74	233	24	17	100	130	-4-2) -74	10	117	<u>v.</u> v
23	MAG 100	0 (7+13+04) 7 00+4E474	207	40	43	103	201	24	42	112	0.0
21		0 22:+0:04 7 70:40:54	437	43	10	84	150	35	14	86	0.0
21	MAR 190	5 ZZ:#8:54 7 22:F3-20	221	63		50	201	63	<u> </u>	50	0.0
21	- MAR 198	o 22:52:22	237	237	1	29	191	75	د	45	0.0
1	APR 195	5 0:4Z:16	245	87	7	74	149	66	10	82	0.0
50	APR 198	3 4:25:1	243	5Z	10	65	124	Z8	23	74	5.3
20	APR 198	3 5:15:15	Z43	97	9	152	243	97	9	152	3.7
-1	APR 198	3 3:6:34	245	34	49	175	245	34	49	175	0.0
30	MAR 198	3 11:55:50	246	25	40	104	230	29	34	107	0.0
31	MAR 198	3 21:1:36	252	31	54	177	182	35	59	218	0.0
31	MAR 198	3 22:44:32	253	53	7	53	231	71	S	58	0.0
29	MAR 198	3 15:23:43	254	61	5	39	249	37	10	42	0.0
30	MAR 198	3 19:12:36	254	71	27	201	254 ·	71	27	201	0.0
31	MAR 198	3 13:22:49	254	72	5	43	252	-72	5	43	0.0
30	APR 198	3 3:20:16	254	36	20	83	175	34	21	85	2.6
30	MAR 198	3 7:21:13	255	23	39	94	209	25	37	99	0.0
30	MAR 198	3 10:41:14	255	86	12	118	255	86	12	118	0.0
31	MAR 198	3 22:45:47	255	100	4	68	155	67	14	105	0.0
1	APR 198	3 3:45:27	255	28	58	167	205	30	54	153	0.0
I	APR 198	3 4:9:24	255	27	54	155	255	27	54	155	0.0
1	APR 198	3 8:22:42	256	73	7	108	256	73	7	108	0.0
29	MAR 15F	3 16:49:58	257	49	9	67	108	15	44	70	0.0
				-	-		1.14			· · · -	

		DAIC	1	I IME	PM1	PAI	A1	- F1	PM2	PAZ	- A2	F2	VEL
	31	MAR	1983	10:48:2	258	46	15	79	231	120	5	94	0.0
	1	APR	1983	8:31:7	258	55	8	81	Z15	56	15	92	0.0
	31	MAR	1983	22:48:7	250	103	3	44	197	33	18	67	0.0
	1	APR	1983	1:47:51	260	23	47	113	128	25	50	138	a a
	1	APR	1983	8:25:18	260	101	5	59	190	52	14	.00	0.0
	30	APR	1983	11:54:26	260	80	2	70	100	77	.7	05	0.0
	รด	MAR	1923	9:37:0	200	74	10	122	231	105	11	127	0.4
	71	MAD	1007	77+72+10	201	07	10	133	201		11	157	0.0
-	Ξ0.		1003	22-33-10	201	02 Co	2	100	34	41	12	58	0.0
2	20		1007	13.35.5	201	20	15	100	201	50	10	100	1.4
	20 70		1962	12:20:3	200	45	8	64	263	49	8	64	0.0
	90 71		1203	13:0:38	200	55	5	45	266	55	5	43	0.0
•	31 70	nnk Abb	1383	11:19:10	266	82	5	48	258	47	13	74	0.0
	20	MPR	1583	7:21:30	267	55	9	58	Z49	87	10	100	2.9
_	2	APR	1983	13:23:39	Z68	62	20	145	258	71	Z0	162	0.0
	50	MAR	1882	8:44:9	269	37	13	62	202	23	39	95	0.0
	1	APR	1983	0:36:30	269	57	14	97	269	57	14	97	0.0
3	50	APR	1983	6:14:18	270	42.	18	97	252	133	4	99	2.9
2	30	APR	1983	11:12:16	270	67	8	82	* 215	57	20	148	10.3
	50	APR	1983	4:59:47	271	56	11	75	271	56	11	75	4.2
2	29	MAR	1983	17:18:1	272	19	45	93	272	19	45	93	0.0
	1	APR	1983	8:24:32	272	57	14	87	272	57	14	87	0.0
3	30	APR	1983	5:24:51	272	27	29	87	222	28	39	171	4.4
3	50	APR	1983	7:25:15	273	33	15	55	198	77	25	59	7.1
	50	APR	1983	8:39:52	273	72	13	105	245	71	17	117	77
	1	APR	1983	8:21:42	274	104	5	90	765	<u>مح</u>	. E	97	a a
2	5 t	MAR	1983	9:52:38	275	83	4	37	775	82		37	0.0
- 7	51	MAR	1985	22:47:10	275	171	Ē	21	270	121	5	01	0.0
	1	APR	1993	3-11-20	270	28	57	144	2/3	141	-7	101	0.0
-	×م		1003	1-77-55	2(3	70	10	(44	273	20	20	144	9.9 C 7
	30	400	1003	1-22-33 C-19-70	2/3	23	0	40	128	50	20	/b	5.7
-	50		1803	7-7-4	2/3	20	8	60 ***	275	20	8	60	3. 8
-	20		1363	3:4:4	275	55	10	12	188	20	50	105	9.8
i i	שכ די		1380	12:26:51	211	70	10	82	277	70	10	8Z	0.0
í.	21	MAR	1283	9:55:32	278	9Z	6	56	Z09	55	12	91	0.0
4	23	MAR	1983	13:17:49	279	103	5	75	225	112	5	82	0.0
4	19	MAR	1983	15:59:54	Z79	98	13	149	279	98	13	149	0.0
4	29	MAR	1983	16:6:28	280	26	43	120	280	26	43	120	0.0
-	51	MAR	1983	10:29:51	280	54	20	113	260	54	20	113	0.0
Ś	50	APR	1983	3:13:3	280	280	1	50	250	Z2	23	71	5.2
1	90	MAR	1882	10:40:0	282	79	8	73	Z82	79	8	73	0.0
	1	APR	1 283	2:9:13	283	27	53	153	234	32	55	185	0.0
	30	MAR	1983	16:57:39	284	73	9	70	125	60	13	82	0.0
	1	APR	1983	4:53:28	284	53	8	54	240	27	38	107	0.0
2	50	APR	1983	12:18:52	284	119	3	41	114	114	1	44	6.5
Ζ	51	MAR	1983	13:10:36	285	89	5	49	285	89	5	48	0.0
Z	29	MAR	1983	15:22:56	286	66	9	75	218	50	17	91	0.0
Z	29	MAR	1983	16:6:58	Z86	43	14	72	257	22	35	85	0.0
З	50	MAR	1983	8:41:17	296	119	3	51	286	119		61	0.0
3	51	MAR	1983	10:25:45	286	50	14	74	286	50	14	74	0.0
2	51	MAR	1983	10:50:35	287	241	3	87	287	241	7	87	0.0
-	30	MAR	1983	17:2:10	238	88	7	55	727	62	11	79	ดด
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	DATE	Ξ	TIME	PM1	PA1	A1	F1	PMZ	PA2	A2	F2	VEL
30	MAR	1983	12:26:40	290	104	4	69	202	67	8	78	0.0
31	MAR	1983	10:49:8	290	95	7	79	196	90	11	107	0.0
30	APR	1983	10:53:10	290	48	8	51	255	51	10	51	4.8
30	APR	1983	14:43:58	290	87	15	141	269	77	18	148	.5
30	MAR	1983	18:5:40	291	153	3	61	214	63	12	79	0.0
31	MAR	1963	13:23:5	291	109	4	49	Z84	109	4	51	0.0
1	APR	1983	8:22:57	293	69	11	86	249	175	4	90	0.0
30	APR	1983	1:14:53	293	54	9	56	Z84	27	27	80	4.1
30	APR	1983	7:52:14	293	45	ZØ	102	293	46	20	102	2.2
30	APR	1983	7:54:53	Z 94	45	15	107	Z94	45	15	107	3.1
30	APR	1983	12:17:58	Z94	65	9	66	261	87	10	95	8.0
29	MAR	1983	13:17:25	295	16	46	78	213	25	35	97	0.0
31	MAR	1983	13:22:38	295	74	5	42	293	75	5	45	0.0
31	MAR	1983	13:19:22	296	38	19	78	295	38	19	78	0.0
31	MAR	1983	22:48:22	296	48	11	57	250	52	17	97	0.0
2	APR	1983	22:45:31	296	84	8	76	251	88	8	78	0.0
30	APR	1983	6:31:33	296	85	5	70	254	74	5	81	3.6
31	MAR	1983	13:22:34	Z97	68	5	41	295	63	5	42	0.0
1	APR	1983	9:53:2	297	117	9	120	Z97	117	9	120	0.0
Z9	MAR	1983	17:22:49	298	29	42	135	292	31	4Z	148	0.0
30	MAR	1983	6:24:39	298	55	15	124	161	62	19	151	0.0
30	MAR	1983	10:40:12	299	95	10	107	299	96	10	107	0.0
29	MAR	1983	7:53:3	300	55	8	63	300	55	8	63	0.0
2	APR	1983	21:34:23	300	30	39	124	ZZ 9	30	43	137	0.0
29	MAR	1983	17:19:36	301	25	45	126	234	27	46	137	0.0
2	APR	1983	21:53:46	301	30	36	117	296	39	31	130	0.0
30	APR	1983	6:11:2	301	43	24	125	301	43	24	125	8.Z
31	MAR	1983	22:47:27	30Z	44	16	76	302	44	16	76	0.0
1	APR	1983	8:21:53	30Z	68	25	185	Z54	92	24	237	0.0
30	MAR	1983	8:54:11	303	21	48	107	303	21	48	107	0.0
31	MAR	1983	13:22:43	303	80	5	47	203	80	5	47	0.0
31	MAR	1983	21:9:32	304	47	57	282	248	47	.57	283.	0.0
31	MAR	1933	22:55:8	304	60	12	102	280	71	13	121	0.0
Z	APR	1983	22:32:17	304	48	21	108	222	57	19	117	0.0
31	MAR	1963	9:31:55	305	47	Z9	143	305	47	29	143	0.0
30	APR	1983	1:52:16	305	41	11	49	222	50	9	50	8.5
31	MAR	1983	12:52:32	306	98	6	57	153	89	10	99	0.0
Z	APR	1983	15:35:48	306	32	44	147	306	32	44	147	0.0
Z	APR	1583	Z1:35:11	306	45	40	191	231	45	41	198	0.0
30	APR	1983	3:3:56	306	84	5	54	207	108	4	70	4.0
20	APR	1983	3:27:3	306	45	30	144	306	45	30	144	7.3
Z9	MAR	1993	15:58:55	308	26	30	106	224	49	22	119	0.0
30	MAR	1983	17:0:5	309	174	2	43	309	174	z	43	0.0
29	MAR	1983	15:0:4	310	41	12	70	310	44	12	70	0.0
30	APR	1963	7:11:14	310	40	16	78	310	40	16	78	5.3
31	MAR	1983	13:22:28	311	113	3	40	309	112	3	40	0.0
1	APR	1983	1:31:14	311	177	2	119	261	174	z	127	0.0
1	APR	1383	7:1:19	311	31	22	77	311	31	ZZ	77	0.0
30	APR	1983	14:11:46	313	54	13	80	313	54	13	80	.4
30	APR	1983	1:57:48	316	50	20	105	281	5Ø	17	110	7.1

61 Si	ា ហ	5	ы		<u>બ</u>	<u>6</u>	61 61	ы Gi	ы	СI Gi	61 Gi	-	UI Gi	() Gi	<u>P</u>	ୟ ତା	ñ	년	NI LÅI	ର ଭ	 .	Ē	Ы Ц	N G	ы Gi	<u>6</u>	ы Сі	6	5 Gi	N	ы	ы Gi	N	5	N	U) Gi	61 Gi	N	ы G	61 61	-	0 0	<u>မ</u>	9 0	ଧା ତା		ର ପ		20
גרב		ゴロス	ゴロス	キーマス	ゴカス	i i i i i N	ユデズ	ゴブス	ユデス	キャス	ゴブス	コンシス	ii ii ii Ni	ムデス	コンシン	Ti NR	Ting.		nn n	ユデス	ňŕR	i i i i i i i i i		HÀR	カアス	H		nińR	カデネ	HFR.	APR.	キアス	カアス	nink	нPR	Tini,	HAR.	ディス	Ĩ	APR	감지	MAR	MAR	MAR	APR	APR	APR	APR	MAR
i មិនមួយ	1985	1 38 U	ំទំនួ ទំនួ	1981	1385	1 999 1	1 385	585	1 282	1 292	1 980 1	(385)	1 4 4 5 5	1 983 2 86 1	1 985 1	1 993	1992	589) (983	1983	1 680	(999) 1	1 880 1	080	1980	1.282	[មិងស	ខែធិច	1985	1982	<u>(989</u>)	1.252	<u>585</u> 1	1583 /	10 10 10	មិន ភូមិ ភូមិ	(ដូន ស	1485	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			(មូន មូន ស្រ	1983	1085	1000	C 86 1	1982	2851	1980 1980	
12:18:15	15:41:47	ែង ៖ មិធិ ៖ ភូមិ	(3:43:35	7:13:45	22:55:19	22:40:33	6:53:50	5:21:22	13:39:47	5:22:58	i:46:58	30:51	i i :46: i 6	8:36:16	10:47:55	(6:55:53	5:57:50	12:10:0	15:25:15	12:20:40	i:20:35	15:5:8	17:24:44	15:7:56	5+5+22	(i:0:i4	i7:8:0	22:47:48	2:4:52	22:51:55	2:20:20	· Z:26:45	21:36:53	7:52:32	13:42:23	17:15:55	8:17:8	22:19:12	10:57:55	2:41:54	52:22:8	10:33:58	13:32:48	6:26:40	2:19:52	1:25:36	1:57:31	8:20:35	TINE TINE
UI UI OI	557	01 01 01	() () ()	ទី	61 61 61	61 4: 11	54 47 7	547 7	547	() 4 ()	6) 4. 11	년 주 년	01 4. 01	54 24 2	51 4	U A I	64 4 6	ն Մ Մ	50	い い ひ		ស ស ហ	ប ប ប		61 61 41 41	い い 4	01 01 4-		ស ស ស	305 708	505	장고연	840 N	720	61 1-1 01) [] []	51 151 151	5 7 1 1 1 1 1	51 151 151	U) N: 4.	01 1-1 4-	525	572 2	522	0 2 0	320	51G	1	시 PR1
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31	HAR	1983	ZZ:55:14	36Z	105	4	59	26 4	9 i	5	50	ō.ō
i	APR	1983	(8:3:2í	352	208	2	58	362	Zซีซี	Z	5ð	ชี.ชี
51	nn£	1983	10:51:4	365	82	1 i	59	318	124	8	113	0. 0
31	'nńŔ	1983	22:47:35	365	ZZ3	3	97	365	ZZ3	3	97	0.Ū
3i	HAR	1983	15:17:54	367	(Zi	6	(03	2Z9	150	5	105	ō.ō
วิขิ	APR.	1983	Z:17:49	368	38	i6	68	Z42	48	(3	71	9.Ø
30	APR	1983	3:19:49	369	58	4	63	363	55	4	63	5.0
50	HAR	1983	8:1:3	370	22	33	8Z	370	ZZ	33	82	0.0
30	APR	1983	13:50:10	57ø	183	-5	ែរគ	749	45	32	151	5.6
70	ทคลี	1985	17:58:40	371	77	Ā	77	233	45	18	85	 Б. Б.
ĩ	AFR	1983	9:19:13	371	157	š	 (成之	200	69	13	114	0.0 0.0
7	422	1987	13:43:55	571	79	71	192	371	73	77	194	0.0 6 6
る道	HAD	1000	2.2(.7	272	11	4 I d	27	120	112	21	101	0.0
<u>ত</u> ত কল	455	1303	3.31.4	372	77	10	37 63	135	110	4 .=	20	<u>.</u>
90 7	858 100	1303	4+42+41	373	33 84	7.5	60	201	51		54 367	4.4
	100	1363	12:21:37	2/6	84	20	192	205	85	21	203	v.v + -
20		1983	5:13:25	5//	23	17	87	200	29	17	87	5.2
20	THR - 4 7	1880	12:27:48	218	13	10	85	547	38	24	97	0.0
21	nnk 	1383	22:49:11	280	119	4	55	340	66	13	93	0.0
	APK	1985	12:58:2	280	4Z	Z4	116	380	4Z	Z4	116	Ø.Ø
30	hPR	1983	1:21:45	281	54	15	Si	Z49	51	18	iōi	10.1
20	APR	1982	10:54:24	38Z	188	3	74	285	9Z.	7	75	5.7
í	ńPR	(983	9:24:51	วิชิ4	140	S	143	Z85	ខែ	4	145	ชี.ชี
Z	ńPR	(382	12:58:26	584	105	9	iøs	384	105	5	(05	Ō.Ō
Z	ńPR	1982	Zi:47:14	ភិមិ4	76	i5	135	338	ชีรี	15	i53	พิ.บิ
วิซิ	APR	1983	7:22:13	384	164	4	76	Ž29	44	22	(03	1.Z
29	nnR	1983	8:24:9	385	89	5	33	352	ΞZ	9	IØØ	ซี.ซี
30	nnR	1983	(Z:35:24	365	58	15	96	385	58	15	35	Ū.Ū
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<u>5</u> ø	APR	1583	12:15:42	388	59	14	ชิ ริ	316	64	13	89	ช.ช
ZS	រាក់ត	1983	(3: (8:) (วิชิชี	41	51	22Z	283	4 i	5 i	ZZZ	ō.0
Z	APR	1983	22:45:1Z	วีชียิ	81	(3	116	389	ខ័រ	ί3	116	ซ์.บั
29	MAR	1983	តែ÷ លើ÷ ហី	391	59	25	167	238	41	44	150	ō.ō
í	HPR	1983	8:18:44	3ສາ	144	7	115	230	72	15	116	Ū.Ū
29	HAR	1883	13:28:25	394	45	47	226	394	45	47	Z26	Ū.Ū
Ź9	HAR	1983	15:57:6	396	135	14	206	376	113	17	Z08	ō.J
3 i	ner	1983	12:51:53	397	37	วิชิ	154	วังวี	36	4 Ū	155	ō.ō
<u>3</u> 0	ńĒŔ	1983	7:45:25	397	33	17	ŤŪ	i i 4	54	i7	76	Z.8
3Ø	nAR	1983	11:43:35	วิริส	39	13	5 Ø	398	23	13	ธีขี	ยี.ยี
Z9	ner	(983	(3:15:42	389	Z6	4 Í	114	399		41	114	มี.มี
30	ńPR	1983	7:39:37	4 4 7 7	37	(9	ន	i 701	37	35	1203	5.1
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29	ពក់កី	1983	13:77:48	4 <i>й</i> д	62	12	86	333	37	79	115	ភ.ភ
30	07R	1985	15:24:14	<u>д</u> ,Йд	67	4	50 E 1	233 ៨ហិក	EZ.		 Б I	7.4
30	nef	1983	17:50:57	407	37	14	187		3.3 -	77	717	
30	AP Q	1407	1:42·67	-чт 4:77	-4 79	10 	37	377	30	23	212 33	1.0.0
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50	n A R	1383	।•्र्य•्र्यः (७•दर्र•्रत	-00 di 7	23 67	11	.000 (07.1	-+vo 7 1 7	23	15	03 101	ر. د. ت
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วิขี	MAR	1983	ii:48:34	415	Z7	3ø	ຮີຮ໌	Zē4	57	15	93	ō.ō
i	APR	1993	6:25:5	417	137	4	78	Z87	126	4	ខ i	Ū.Ū
Z	APR	1983	17:53:57	4Z (165	4	ĺØÍ	4Z i	165	4	tØi	ชั.ชั
Ζ	APR	1983	22:i8:22	4Z4	Ξø	Z8	ชิริ	346	36	Zá	93	ซี.ซิ
Z	APR	i 983	Zi:29:30	425	Zi4	3	i i 4	403	113	6	(17	0.0
z	AFR	1983	ZZ:45:44	435	Z54	3	105	435	Z54	3	105	พี.พี
z	APR	1983	22:7:21	437	31	35	113	413	41	32	143	พี.พี
30	APR	1983	7:35:52	437	รข	17	95	437	50	i7	55	4.7
50	APR	(983	2:18:57	458	44	 (พิ	ស្រីនី	438	95	1173	រំហិភ	រភិភិ
51	HAR	1983	17:17:3	44Ø	148	5	-93 -93	478	132	7	(១០ (ភា)	 й й
57	HAR	(985	((:29:50	445 445	78	i 5	IIA	375	47	17	121	ن ة ب
Sí	HAR	1963	71+15+15	445	72	22	フルゴ	775	73	22	770	4.0 13 13
	423	1000	E-75-10		77	20	205	213	167	در م	220	0.0 12 13
، ج.ت	114 IX #422	1202	2.23.10	443	73	24	177	213	732	=	497	0 .0
20		1300	0·23·23 77·23·77	447	40	32	141	447	40	32 5	127	0.0
51	dan Abb	1363	22.46.21	443	140	0	133	443	140	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	125	U.U
70	HAR MAR	1300	12:30:48	445	43	10	60,	. 443	40	10	60 53	0.0
23	110K	1252	15-47-21	451	101		- 80	451	101	2	80	0.0
يەد -	0FR	1985	12:14:42	450	50	23	175	2/5	50	18	181	9.7
2	MPR	1980	22:17:40	454	40	25	112	415	49	20	113	0.0
	HPK	1983	12:2:22	453	250	ь	201	444	271	ъ	207	0.0
20 -	HPK	1283	1:56:53	471	56	45	268	471	50	45	Z68	(Z.4
_2	HPR	1983	20:36:23	47Z	Z4	33	(03	312	28	ZS	126	ũ.ũ
20	APR	(583	((:():5)	477	_Z5	37	ÍŌÍ	213	53	Z3	157	(2.2
_(HPR	1883	5:24:17	480	Z13	4	96	459	414	Z	IŪS	Ū.Ū
31	HAR	1983	(2:51:13	48Z	90	7	71	27Ø	75	3	74	Ō.Ō
Z	ńPR	(883	19:25:48	487	41	43	183	460	51	44	Z39	Ū.Ū
3 i	říňR	1983	10:38:41	495	i i i	fí	135	495	111	í í	(35	Ū.Ū
29	nnR	1983	13:16:8	507	55	34	(23	370	3ø	43	133	0.0
Z	APR	i 983	13:18:12	510	1 ØØ	ii	127	<u>3</u> 00	54	37	(31	Ū.Ū
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Z	4PR	(883	13:22:47	5Z4	55	Z5	ខេត	524	68	Z5	185	ซี.ซี
30	П'nŔ	1983	6:24:13	56 i	55	43	Z47	56 i	55	43	Z47	Ū.Ū
วีซ์	ńPR	1953	(:39:2(566	i 07	íΖ	144	566	ió7	ίZ	144	4.5
-3 i	nnR	1583	10:38:47	558	110	ษั	97	558	ίíΰ	ชื	57	Ū.Ū
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50	APR	1983	12:16:48	57 i	47	36	178	SēZ	45	57	វទីវ	7.1
30	APR	1383	12:16:35	585	ÍÍØ	ί6	Z03	585	ίÍØ	16	203	10.3
30	néR	i 983	12:19:27	592	65	15	î34	326	74	í 6	i 4 i	Ū.Ū
Z	APR	1983	Z1:46:53	538	46	22	179	538	46	33	(79	Ū.Ū
í	APR	1983	i:20:58	60Z	3Ø	49	152	585	31	43	(55	0. 0
Z	APR	1983	21:28:53	611	135	Z1	שוכ	6 i i	135	Zi	510	Ū.Ū
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Z	APR	1583	Z0:40:44	676	5Z	46	(53	676	3Z	46	153	Ū.Ū
วิชิ	ne£	1983	10:29:21	ច៍ទី4	113	í 9	23 (624	113	(9	Z3 (Ū.Ū
ЗØ	ńPR	1 583	1:39:50	764	í i 7	16	205	656	131	15	Z14	5.5
Z	6PR	1983	Z3:0:25	78 <u>3</u>	Z3Z	9	231	525	Z45	9	254	พิ.พิ
50	APR	1583	12:(6:55	85 í	ខេទ	iØ	ZØ4	85 i	189	Ū	204	5.6
Z	HPR	1583	21:28:45	שֿושֿו	4 í	53	Z29	319	Si	54	Z87	Ū.Ū

12 APR 1983 19:42:137 147 39 11 56 103 27 12 62 42 12 APR 1983 16:128:13 175 175 15 11 124 18 50 2 8 APR 1983 16:128:13 175 17 15 11 124 18 50 2 8 APR 1983 16:158:153 162 12 12 128 30 9 37 2 25 APR 1983 19:50:16 190 31 15 54 153 27 75 5.0 1.8 141 155 60 1.8 141 155 51 53 0.0 1.8 172 251 95 53 0.0 1.8 172 251 95 1.7 0.0 1.8 1.12 1.0 0.0 1.8 1.12 1.14 1.12 1.12 1.0 0.0 1.1 1.1 2.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 2.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1		DATE	TIME	Frii	Pñí 🗌	Αï	Fi	PMZ	FAZ	ńΖ	FZ	VEL
12 APR (983 (9:43:44) (55) 30 9 54 134 49 7 75 4.5 8 APR (983 18:28:31 175 175 1 21 125 128 30 9 77 2 8 APR (983 18:28:31 18:55:41 185 18:5 18:55:41 18:5 18:5 15:5:41 18:5 18:5 18:5 54 15:3 29 17 55 5.0 14 APR (983 19:55:12 220 38:8 8 44 127 18:55 18:55:12 20:0 33:16 41 15:12 25:17 15:5 35:0 2 34 18:17:2 53:0 2 30:0 3 APR (983 4:14:5:1 221:6 24:4 18:172 18:0 30:0 2 30:0 5 18:2 14:172 10:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:0 30:	iΖ	APR 1983	í9:42:37	147	39	1 Í	56	103	27	ίZ	62	4.Z
8 APR 1983 161:29:31 175 175 1 31 111 24 18 30 9 377 3 8 APR 1983 181:35:59 182 182 125 128 30 9 377 3 25 APR 1983 181:55:41 185 66 7 57 77 34 145 2.1 24 APR 1983 15:55:123 205 38 6 44 127 25 15 53 2 3 APR 1983 41:14:15 21 64 24 168 256 53 25 17 0.0 3 APR 1983 41:31:53 241 84 18 172 20.0 0 <td>ίZ</td> <td>APR (983</td> <td>19:43:49</td> <td>155</td> <td>50</td> <td>9</td> <td>54</td> <td>134</td> <td>49</td> <td>7</td> <td>75</td> <td>4.5</td>	ίZ	APR (983	19:43:49	155	50	9	54	134	49	7	75	4.5
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3 APR 1983 Z:59:23 278 S7 54 323 ZS7 S7 S5 330 0.0 2 APR 1983 Z3:35:39 279 93 14 143 Z79 93 14 143 0.0 3 APR 1983 1:3:17 Z80 41 48 205 Z52 43 49 Z23 0.0 3 APR 1983 2:59:31 280 61 55 352 280 64 56 374 0.0 3 APR 1983 2:59:31 280 61 55 352 280 64 56 374 0.0 3 APR 1983 10:4:53 280 174 3 61 159 64 10 74 11.7 7 APR 1983 14:44:25 281 65 20 152 266 69 20 159 0.0 3 APR 1983 18:32:54 284 55 314 234 55 <td>í í</td> <td>APR 1983</td> <td>14:10:30</td> <td>277</td> <td>(19</td> <td>4</td> <td>57</td> <td>ZiZ</td> <td>31</td> <td>វទី</td> <td>63</td> <td>5.6</td>	í í	APR 1983	14:10:30	277	(19	4	57	ZiZ	31	វទី	63	5.6
2 APR 1983 23:35:39 279 93 14 143 279 93 14 143 0.0 3 APR 1983 1:3:17 280 41 48 205 252 43 49 223 0.0 3 APR 1983 2:59:31 280 61 55 352 280 64 56 374 0.0 9 APR 1983 2:59:31 280 61 55 352 280 64 56 374 0.0 9 APR 1983 10:4:53 280 174 3 61 155 352 280 64 16 74 11.7 7 APR 1983 14:44:25 281 65 20 152 266 69 20 159 0.0 3 APR 1983 14:44:25 281 65 314 234 55 53 320 0.0 3 APR 1983 18:32:54 284 56 12 80 </td <td>3</td> <td>APR (983</td> <td>Z:59:23</td> <td>278</td> <td>57</td> <td>54</td> <td>323</td> <td>Z57</td> <td>57</td> <td>55</td> <td>33Ø</td> <td>Ó.Ó</td>	3	APR (983	Z:59:23	278	57	54	323	Z57	57	55	33Ø	Ó.Ó
3 APR 1983 1:3:17 280 41 48 205 252 43 49 223 0.0 3 APR 1983 2:59:31 280 61 55 352 280 64 56 374 0.0 9 APR 1983 10:4:53 280 174 3 61 159 64 10 74 11.7 7 APR 1983 10:4:53 280 174 3 61 159 64 10 74 11.7 7 APR 1983 14:44:25 281 65 20 152 266 69 20 159 0.0 3 APR 1983 2:52:12 284 54 55 314 234 55 55 320 0.0 8 APR 1983 18:32:54 284 56 12 80 284 56 12 80 3 12 APR 1983 17:44:6 285 40 56 238 264 43 55 250 5.4 3 APR	Z	APR 1983	23:35:39	279	<u>93</u>	í 4	143	279	93	i 4	145	ชี.ชี
3 APR 1983 2:59:31 280 61 55 352 280 64 56 374 0.0 9 APR 1983 10:4:53 280 174 3 61 159 64 10 74 (1.7 7 APR 1983 14:44:25 281 65 20 152 266 69 20 159 0.0 3 APR 1983 14:44:25 281 65 20 152 266 69 20 159 0.0 3 APR 1983 2:52:12 284 54 55 314 234 55 55 320 0.0 8 APR 1983 18:32:54 284 56 12 80 284 56 12 80 3 12 APR 1983 17:44:6 285 40 56 238 264 43 55 250 5.4 3 APR 1983 3:28:16 288 51 54 287 147 59 54 334 0.0 3 APR 1983 0:28:57 291 44 22 104 244	3	APR (983	1:3:17	280	4 i	48	205	252	43	45	223	Ū.Ū
9 APR 1983 10:4:53 280 174 3 61 159 64 10 74 11.7 7 APR 1983 14:44:25 281 65 20 152 266 69 20 159 0.0 3 APR 1983 2:52:12 284 54 55 314 234 55 55 320 0.0 8 APR 1983 18:32:54 284 56 12 80 284 56 12 80 3 12 APR 1983 17:44:6 285 40 56 238 254 43 55 250 5.4 3 APR 1983 17:44:6 285 40 56 238 254 43 55 250 5.4 3 APR 1983 3:28:16 288 51 54 287 147 59 54 334 0.0 3 APR 1983 0:28:57 291 44 22 104 244 95 10 107 0.0	3	APR 1983	2:59:31	280	6 i	55	352	ZSØ	64	56	374	ō.ō
7 APR 1983 14:44:25 281 65 20 152 266 69 20 159 0.0 3 APR 1983 2:52:12 284 54 55 314 234 55 55 320 0.0 8 APR 1983 18:32:54 284 56 12 80 284 56 12 80 3 12 APR 1983 17:44:5 285 40 56 238 264 43 55 250 5.4 3 APR 1983 3:28:16 288 51 54 287 147 59 54 334 0.0 3 APR 1983 0:28:57 291 44 22 104 244 95 10 107 0.0	ŝ	APR (983	(0:4:53	280	i74	3	6((53	64	ίŪ	74	11.7
3 APR 1983 2:52:12 284 54 55 314 234 55 320 0.0 8 APR 1983 18:32:54 284 56 12 80 284 56 12 80 3 12 APR 1983 17:44:6 285 40 56 238 264 43 55 250 5.4 3 APR 1983 3:28:16 288 51 54 287 147 59 54 334 0.0 3 APR 1983 0:28:57 291 44 22 104 244 55 10 107 0.0	7	APR 1983	14:44:25	28 í	65	ŽÕ	152	Z66	63	ZØ	159	ō.ō
8 AFR 1983 18:32:54 284 55 12 80 284 56 12 803 12 AFR 1983 17:44:6 285 40 56 238 264 43 55 250 5.4 3 AFR 1983 3:28:16 288 51 54 287 147 59 54 334 0.0 3 AFR 1983 0:28:57 291 44 22 104 244 95 10 107 0.0	3	APR (985	Z:52:12	Z84	54	55	314	234	55	55	320	ō.ō
IZ AFR (983) (7:44:5) 285 40 56 238 264 43 55 250 5.4 3 APR (983) 3:28:16 288 5(54 287) (47 59 54 334 0.0 3 AFR (983) 0:28:57 29(44 22) (04 244 95) (0 (07) 0.0	ਝੋ	APR 1983	18:32:54	284	56	ίZ	ซิชิ	Z84	56	ίZ	80	3
3 APR 1983 3:28:16 288 51 54 287 147 59 54 334 0.0 3 APR 1983 0:28:57 291 44 22 104 244 95 10 107 0.0	ίZ	APR (983	17:44:5	Z85	4Ø	56	238	Z64	43	55	250	5.4
3 APR 1983 0:28:57 291 44 22 104 244 95 10 107 0.0	3	APR (983	3:28:16	288	5 i	54	Z87	í47	59	54	334	Ū,Ū
	5	APR 1983	0:28:57	Z91	44	ZZ	í 🗹 4	Z44	55	ίØ	íō7	ō.ō

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	DATE		TIME	Phi	Pří	θi.	Fi	Pm2	PÁZ	ĤΖ	FZ	VEL
3	APR (S	983	3:4:20	Z5(53	57	319	198	57	ริชิ	344	พิ.พี
7	APR (983	(5:43:14	29 i	39	18	79	28ø	48	i5	ខរ	Ø.Ø
B	APR (S	983	12:24:52	29 i	ชิชิ	ទ	84	Z84	89	ชิ	85	6.3
8	APR i	983	7:46:42	29Z	31	57	(87	268	33	55	191	7.5
3	APR 1	983	1:19:26	293	Ž9	54	i65	291	32	5Z	(72	Ū.Ū
74	APR 1	983	27:7:40	293	វតី	ជហិ	67	135	-17	4.5	 มิติ	3.7
<u></u>	APR 14	483	5:3:21	294	57	55	505	272	53	57	5200	й. й
(7	APR IS	497 497	16:25:49	204 794	75	16 16	173	768	50	21	111	i 5
12	400 IS	382 282	10-20-45	234	75	==	200	165	75	20	717	i 7
14	- ne N - 13 - A55 - 14	303 307	11131142	234	23	20	200	185	53	30	214	1.1
ູ -	ADD 13	309 553	1+24+13	233	22	30	104	200	24	34	183	0.0
ວ =	HPR 13	380	2:1:7	295	52	55	362	285	52	55	362	0.0
	APK 1	983	15:8:48	235	114	<u>د</u>	41	263	188		44	0.0
25	HPK I	883	18:44:29	296	37	44	(73	296	37	44	173	Z.7
3	APR	983	0:18:34	Z97	83	ίZ	(10	28Z	5 i	19	124	שֿ.שֿ
3	APR 1	983	Z:8:43	297	44	55	Z53	Z97	44	55	Z53	0. 0
5	APR (983	3:9:16	Z97	58	58	355	297	58	58	355	Ū.Ū
Z	APR I	583	23:28:27	298	86	ίZ	i i 4	192	55	ZØ	íŻí	ซิ.ซี
11	APR (3	553	13:35:20	299	225	Z	52	295	38	13	69	7.Z
3	APR 19	983	0:20:28	300	iSØ	4	50	283	ΞØ	17	168	ซี.ซี
3	APR I	983	0:33:59	300	45	Z6	វេភវ	วิติติ	45	Z6	131	0.0
3	APR (983	3:1:17	<u>3</u> 00	56	54	316	146	56	56	<u>5</u> 20	ō.ō
5	APR 1	983	3:32:39	301	48	55	2ิชีพี	(55	49	55	ZBi	ō.ō
i i	APR IS	583	13:15:0	3ØZ	83	i 4	178	307	83	i 4	128	4.9
Zí	APR 1	983	9:54:43	 507	65	i i	77	172	- 26	51	98	5.5
77	APR IS	483	นี้:ธี:ส	302 307	24	37	і і <u>д</u>	195	74	57	170	4 7
ेंद्र	APR I	455 455	1:47:44	563	37	57	175	700		57	175	5., 6.6
ž	ADD (8	303 507	X-1-17	202	22	22	727	200	22	22	727	0.0 5 15
-		20 3 227	3.4.(2	202	20	च । हह	221	244	23	20	237	0.0
2	ADD 11	363 557	2+(+22	505	70	20	263	203	50	20	262	v.v
5	A55 13	562 687	4:04:52	202	(V)	18	150	168	50		150	0.0
د ج=	APR D	 983	5:18:8	304	52	54	293	162	50	53	305	0.0
2(APK I	363	8:28:19	305 	28	35	127	Z91	54	32	183	1.2
<u> </u>	APR IS	983	23:22:57	<u>5</u> ⊎7	88	14	138	305	E	(3	150	Ū.Ū
Ž	APR 1	582	23:34:3	309	54	16	111	Z48	79	ZŨ	i 70	พี.พี
19	APR (<u>ยีชีว</u> ี	13:12:30	503	i Ø3	5	59	30 i	175	2	6Z	7.ū
25	APR 1	983	20:21:20	309	85	ชิ	74	300	72	ίŪ	77	.7
Ż	APR I	993	23:18:58	510	64	ZÓ	138	Z54	7Z	Ζø	153	ō.ō
9	APR I	983	11:10:20	310	33	ชี	ទីវ	Z75	129	6	85	8.3
i i	APR (983	13:28:34	310	3Z	4Ø	i34	ទីខែ	32	40	134	6.4
5	APR 1	983	2:38:33	31Z	51	56	298	(67	55	54	ភូរេស	Ø.Ø
5	APR IS	983	3:0:Z	31Z	60	54	34Ø	Zið	54	55	371	ō,ō
19	APR I	583	13:8:2	312	63	íŻ	83	Z17	50	Zá	í 26	44.5
Z4	APR (983	(6:(6:58		63	15	105	256	- - - -	(6	លែឆ	.8
z	APR 19	985	23:28:14	513	56	i7	រើរជ	190	54	71	134	 ភិភិ
- 5	APR (983	3:74:5	313	52	54 54	377	73d	50		.0∓ 3d i	ა.ა თ. თ.
7d		487	71145.40	7/7	50 E M	17	<u>्र</u>	204	70	57	271	a
<u> </u>		303 687	21143	しつ	50	14	122	231	23	10	60	J.D @ @
5 7	- ABB 74	202 202	9+11+3 77+77-77	313 772	00 35	13	122	015 *7:	00	13	124	0.U
4	-06R [] -488	303 587	23-23:21 3.1.5m	516 7:-	90	11	102	2/1	5 U	18	115	0.0
<u>э</u>	nrx ()	353 775	2:1:20	215	40	55	223	214	4b, 	54	250	0.0
11	MPR (383	12:43:24	215	IZI	5	43	175	3Z	13	54	5.5
- 7	APR (983	15:43:32	3(7	128	4	63	317	138	4	63	0.Ū

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	DATE	TIME	PHI	Phi	ńί	FI	PMZ	PAZ	ń2	FZ	VEL
Z	APR (983	23:33:40	319	9ø	i i	iiø	519	ŜØ	11	ίiø	ō.ō
ΖŌ	APR 1983	(3:53:18	320	48	4Z	Ziø	275	5ø	49	Z55	б.(
Z4	APR (983	(6:(5:38	32Ø	i 32	7	íØ7	30Z	វេភិមិ	7	ίiØ	5.9
5	APR 1983	0:29:19	3Z I	55	25	i 45	3Z (55	Ź5	145	ō.ō
3	APR 1983	พี:30ี:48ี	321	55	Zō	(ZZ)	185	58	Z5	157	ชั . ชั
3	APR (983	Z:59:50	3Z i	54	54	305	187	58	55	336	ō.ō
3	APR 1983	2:39:27	32Z	6Z	54	353	322	6Z	54	353	ē.ē
ίŝ	APR 1983	(3:36:20	32Z	33	ZØ	86	i 94	45	Zi	ίøΖ	1.9
i i	APR 1983	13:31:37	3Z3	53	ស៊ែ	iði	ŽíŌ	56	រទ	115	6.5
16	AFR (983	ii:52:30	323	ខើរ	4	4Z	Зið	ซีร์	Ą	43	5.Ø
Zđ	APR 1983	(5:8:3	<u>3</u> 23	45	Ž7	128	Z55	49	Z8	144	8.5
Ź	APR 1983	Z3:20:49	3Z4	55	i5	83	158	รร	i 7	ខែទី	Ū,Ū
Z -	APR 1983	23:22:40	325	89	មី	78	ZSØ	í Z4	i i	150	ซี.ซี
3	APR (983	Ø:(2:55	325	74	ii	ร้อ	140	59	i5	95	ē .ē
ίΞ	APR 1983	12:28:18	325	34	33	i i 6	Ż74	34	34	123	Ū.i
Z	APR (983	23:(9:50	326	5 i	í 9	104	326	51	íÐ	104	Ū.Ū
Z	APR 1983	23:23:58	3Z6	ខ	İŪ	94	. 326	81	ÍØ	9 4	พิ.พิ
3	APR (983	3:14:Z	3Ž6	55	54	313	193	56	55	3ZØ-	Ō.Ō
7	APR (983	15:42:49	326	รีข	Z3	i 24	326	50	Z3	íZ4	ō.ō
5	APR 1983	5:8:45	326	59	i7	75	326	39	17	75	4.3
24	APR 1983	i8:22:i	<u>3</u> 27	i 34	3	45	248	67	7	54	4.3
7	APR (383	14:56:43	328	ຮີອີ	13	140	3ZZ	i (5	ίŻ	158	Ū.Ū
١Ż	APR 1983	20:21:8	328	328	i	ซิขิ	316	ភរត	í	105	3.7
Ž4	APR (983	(5:((:57	328	77	6	55	318	ช ิธิ	6	6 í	5.5
7	APK 1983	14:56:54	329	54	14	85	<u>5</u> 25	54	i4	ชร	Ō.Ō
íí	APR 1983	11:23:38	329	59	13	85	Zi4	99	9	נֿשֿט	5.5
Z4	APR 1983	(5: (6:5 Z	329	ទំទ័	7	95	317	iŻŻ	б	ษิชิ	1.5
Ź4	APR 1983	Z1:53:59	329	43	í3	ឪί	168	เชิริ	5	פֿטֿ	5.6
3	APR 1983	ō:27:37	333	78	14	i 23	209	6 i	ZZ	145	Ū.Ū
্র	APR 1983	0:29:10	335	i 4 i	5	97	303	47	24	123	ō.ō
11	APR (983	9:38:49	333	89	5	. 5Z	514	66	9	7,8	5.0
9	APR 1983	10:36:31	334	30	Zi	69	252	59	• 14	90 	6.7
8	APR 1983	12:40:22	335	8Z	- 6	55	335	8Z	5	_56	5.8
8	WEK 1982	15:57:50	335	109	18	Z[[202	104	Ζí	Z30	3
- <u>2</u>	APR 1983	23:19:18	336	84	. 7	67	248	75	8	69	Ū.Ū
2	MPK 1983	20:05:14	336	101	11	136	245	84	13	174	ש.ש
19	APR 1983	13:6:23	225	19	32	Б4	178	63	18	123	1.0
24	APR 1983	22:5:(335	21	21	81	238	2(29	89	6.2
23	ADD (383	20:15:7	220	22	1	79	205	51	12	88	4.2
4	ASS (883	23:28:5	221	82 5:	10	30	1000	15	11	92	0.0
5	ADD (333		227	51	23	202	220	כשו	20	221	0.0
75	ADD (363	14+32+31	227	200	5	144	551	20	13	144	0.0
20	ABD (857	17+20+10	221	200	2	60 57	510	402	2	60 87	2.0
20	ADD (303	4-20-20	357	77	8		10	10	42	83	5.3
2	400 1000 400 1007	しゃ (+ 200 (ホーズボ・70	220	۵۷) ۲۵	5 7.5	11	(85)	00	11	(5) 1 a i	0.0 5.5
נ ד	- 1000 1000 - 400 1007	0+24+23 7+22-0	000 770	40 <i>≿</i> =	210	121	213	42 22	22 27:	141	0.0
ु द च	422 (227 422 (227	2-43-0	220	20 27	75 مر	200	555	20	27 20	555	ש.ש
19 74		12+31-32	220) 	20	142	335 764) C (((() () () () () () () () (20	120 27	.0
	- APE 1883	14+2-22 77+74+44	- 555 775	שוו הק	; =	10	204 773	ששו הק	; 2	00 173	۲. (الأمالية
4		29.74.43	223	00	10	140	223	00	10	(+J	v.v

	ŨATE	TIRE	Prii	P A i	ĤÍ	Fi	PriZ	PAZ	ĤΖ	FZ	VEL
i i	APR 1983	iZ:0:45	339	iÕi	ธี	79	Z47	IÕŠ	6	84	5.3
11	APR (983	iZ:29:12	333	4 i	Z5	i 33	วิขิชิ	4Õ	35	(52	1.5
12	APR (983	18:14:44	339	44	57	Z64	312	45	57	Z76	4.5
i4	APR (983	18:12:20	34Ø	95	7	74	Z57	(85	å	84	9.4
7	APR (985	73: (5:45	541	68	: च	(38	794	77	77	175	ធីធំ
24	ADD (555	10.27.21	741	47	7.5	.50	234	12	12	37	
11	ABB (357	10-47-31	241	44	20	30	203	40	13	30	5.0
11	APR 1983	11:54:25	243	83	10		211	105	8	97	8.8
8 	MPR (983	15:21:57	244	112	5	115	344	112		115	3
20	WEK 1983	15:55:32	345	91	15	151	545	51	15	151	Z.9
8	APR 1983	0:35:46	346	<u>3</u> 0	46	148	328	5Ø	47	149	Ō.Ō
11	APR 1983	11:41:39	346	92	ÍØ	ÍØÍ	Z66	ŪË	ΪÍ	í Ø5	7.4
14	APR (983	(6:26:53	346	វេទ	6	87	346	118	6	87	10.5
14	APR (983	17:45:27	345	រែទី	ษี	87	346	ែខែ	5	87	i0.2
25	APR (983	Zi:17:6	346	5Z	14	75	Z86	57	15	Ξi	i.i
Ēİ	APR 1983	11:56:13	547	67	7	53	122	35	17	78	8.4
25	APR 1983	17:47:36	ភី4ទី	43	31	14Z	329	45	30	14 5	3.5
3	APR (983	Z:52:4	349	58	57	348	283	59	57	355	
25	AFR (983	17:8:3	रतंव		 #	75		а;	ii	រើកភ	5 5
25	APP (48%	17.2.3	773	102	- 	57	201	2,7,6	 	E7	2.3
25	ADD (607	711010	240	23	5	= 7	313	100	 	- 07 5:5	J.0 E 3
20	ABB (383	2.43.20	243	모		100	333	105		100	5.3
12	ADD (007	14:00:42	250	23	41	152	250	25	41	152	8.0
3	APR 1982		251	54	11	32	238	51	12	100	6.8
11	MPK 1983	11:52:55	352	178	4	57	175	53	19	121	4.7
<u> 24</u>	MPR 1985	19:9:45	352	61	ŬØ	75	Z99	57	ίZ	78	8.5
3	APR 1983	Ø:29:36	353	53	23	132	34 i	74	19	153	ō.ō
16	APR (983	13:3:2	354	79	ស៍	ធីឌី	Z56	55	8	ษิซิ	(.5
Z	APR 1983	23:31:54	355	ΞZ	íi	i i Z	309	ខែទ	ίZ	i 43	ชี.บั
Ζí	AFR (983	9:42:29	355	56	Zí	i 26	Z93	53	Ž4	i 35	ē.Z
Ž4	APR (983	18:41:5	355	48	วีธี	182	Z35	43	43	195	Z.ō
Ē	APR (983	10:37:3	357	43	មើ	ਝੌਝੋ	357	43	មេ	ธิชิ	7.4
í í	APR (983	8:36:i	328	í (5	4	67	315	54	11	69	3.9
ίZ	APR (983	20:49:53	358	139	3	89	230	177	5	121	7.5
7	APR (983	14:44:57	355	43	- 201	105	359	43	- 20	105	<u>й</u> , й
. 9	APR (985	10:36:10	754	54	37	115	355	-0 74	37	115	6 6
11	APR (983	13:48:55	753	चन सं		163	333	54	77	125	7 8
17	ADD (GST	16+17+30	200	27	75	-05 55	723	77	20	23	7.0
71	APR (GRT	76.55.7	200	2.3 2.1	12	- 00 74	100	44	15	0.J 2.j	2.0
	ADD (305	20.33.2	200	ು ಇ	10	14	100	47	10	34 128	0.2
3	ADD (007	0-7-20	262	94	10	143	273		23	140	v.v
2	NPK 1985	2:9:0	362	49	55	285	1/8	51	54	288	0.0
21	MPK 1985	9:22:53	262	58	19	124	255	43	32	145	1.1
3	NFK 1383	0:27:48	363	114	Ū	128	18Z	60	ZZ	148	0.0
9	APR (983	11:23:0	363	9 i	5	57	151	ÐØ	4	8Z	9.Z
i i	APR (983	8:50:10	364	35	38	140	363	37	37	143	7.7
i i	APR 1983	ii:Z3:43	364	68	16	í í 9	36 i	65	i7	ίZΰ	5.0
Zą	APR (983	15:23:26	364	38	35	i 45	Z45	50	37	195	4.8
5	AFR (983	3:3:58	365	53	56	314	Z97	55	56	323	Ō.Ō
3	APR (983	10:15:30	365	79	Zð	Z40	288	64	38	255	7.4
Ż	APR 1983	23:29:46	366	85	ίŻ	<u>i i 4</u>	157	88	iŻ	117	พิ.พี
ίŻ	APR (983	14:35:15	355	63	i 7	51	246	77	i A	9 <i>4</i>	7.9
24	APR (983	Z1:49:55	366	 i 4	 44	77	331	 Z≒A		통교	6 9
		0	200	4 T	~ •	• 4	ا ب ک		<u> </u>		

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	DHIE		1105	PHI	LU1	m 1	- F I	PMZ	PH2	m2	72	VEL
i 6	APR	ខេត្	í Z : Sē : 40	367	73	14	i 46	365	73	ZZ	i7i	Z. i
Z5	APR	1983	19:48:37	367	152	3	52	254	58	13	87	5.7
ίZ	APR :	1983	20:37:9	368	204	4	9Z	368	204	4	ΞZ	5.Z
74	APR	1983	(8:5(:53	369	(35	5	94	346	55	31	លេទ	4. vī
<u></u>	APR	(983	7:53:7	370	==	55	777	777	22	57	337	ឆិឆ
8	422	1303	18:7:3	370	20	20 2	75	221	20	10	77	- 7
12	455	1000	70-1-10 70-1-10	376	70	7	107	202	70	7	137	7.4
	не њ 455	1365	20.1.10	370	70		102	370			102	2.4 7 ÷
24	455	1365	22.33.33	570	20	40	20	240	o (55	, ÷	102	3.3
	nrn 455	1982	20:17:25	571	22	15	142	225	33	17	184	0.0
23	MPR	1983	20:49:15	512	236	~~	57	220	248		60	2.5
12	HPR :	1983	18:14:55	213	45	51	268	313	45	5/	208	b. Z
<u>د</u>	APR	1983	0:8:17	374	í Ø4	17	(96	374	104	17	196	Ū.Ū
Z7	APR	1983	8:27:49	374	44	3Z	150	317	50	33	179	1.3
Ζí	APR	1983	9:46:18	377	7Z	i 3	117	377	7Z	13	i 17	4.Z
3	APR	i 983	Ø:9:39	378	65	i7	119	378	65	í 7	113	ซิ.บี
Z4	APR	(983	21:45:4Z	378	97	5	58	248	75	13	ÍØĜ	6.6
î I	APR	1983	11:56:22	379	ទីទី	Z6	iŝi	Z46	75	Zí	ZŪZ	5.4
ΖŌ	APR	1983	13:21:37	379	49	i 5	84	35 i	5 i	15	85	3.4
8	AFR	1983	(5:43:17	380	73	11	85	257	9 4	ίŪ	55	3
ΖØ	APR	1583	(3:(0:((380	57	Z3	14Z	38Ø	57	Z3	i4Z	5.9
Z4	ÁPR	i 983	ខែ៖ 43: វទ	วิชิติ	75	19	154	191	9Z	í S	188	5.0
9	APR	1983	11:8:14	381	57	้หื	57	555	34	16	 5 i	i Ø. i
19	APR	1983	17:29:54	387	54	35	199	27á	55	54	200	5.4
75	APR	1987	5:1:37	382	18	51	.00 42	506	14	50	100 107 i	4 I
25	APR	1983	20:27:58	202	754	5	57	200 783	754	7	57	д. (А А
11	A88	1000 (Gax	17-50-18	202	722	75	113	375	13 13	24	175	
78	400	1000	76.20.40	204	40 20	23 11	113	270	40 23	12	120	3.2
20	488	1305	20.33.33	304	00 373	14	102	338	00 2.3	10	107	J.Z 3.3
3		1363	0.16.34	203	50	10	105	203	1.5.1	10	105	0.0
	ABB	1363	3-20-27	265	20	15	50	2.00	101	- -	00 77	0.Z
8	AFR	1363	15:17:45	287	120	5	65	287	120	5	53	
14	MMR -	1980	18:18:47	281	252	3	80	283	157	5	105	(.5
12	APR	1382	20:21:34	268	190	4	. 87	324	324	1	105	3.3
్	HPK	1983	0:30:5	282	105	16	186	283	105	16	186	0.0
Z5	AFR	1983	17:15:6	383	53	ίØ	58	Z19	135	6	83	6.Z
Z6	APR	1983	20:51:9	383	55	11	79	324	75	9	84	9.Ø
(9	APR	1983	12:28:33	590	í 27	ίi	i53	384	i 27	i i	154	3.8
3	Ĥ₽Ŕ	1983	2:50:33	39(56	55	32Z	181	56	56	วิวิต	Ū.Ū
3	4PR	1983	ii:9:i6	391	i 25	4	59	391	125	4	59	5.7
ίZ	APR	i 985	18:11:29	39 i	45	54	255	Z44	48	56	283	3.3
16	APR	1983	8:43:26	39Z	(56	3	รีข์	355	ίΖØ	4	5Z	4.5
25	APR	1983	13:48:0	392	39Z	i	65	239	75	7	84	7.i
3	APR	i 983	3:4:35	282	44	56	Z56	145	5ø	55	289	Ō.Ū
ίZ	ñPR	í 983	18:15:8	232	53	57	315	313	55	57	328	3.4
Zá	APR	1983	(5:36:2Z	393	57	í 9	(19	205	7Z	ZZ	169	3.9
Z4	<u>A₽R</u>	1983	15:36:27	393	115	6	109	289	125	6	íZ4	z.z
Z6	APR	í 983	6:58:15	393	ΖØ	5 i	í 06	393	Zø	5 i	105	8.0
ទ	APR	(983	18:35:35	394	94	ii	141	383	i i 3	iØ	150	Z
Z4	ńĒR	1983	Zi:4:28	395	39	43	178	<u>র</u> জর	48	47	Z35	3.2
Z4	APR	i ១៩ភ	21:43:43	395	37	38	144	345	57	36	144	10 P
25	APR	1983	17:31:34	395	134	Ē	, + J 42	200 7000	á R	20 24	122	
								200		<u> </u>	• 4 4	U • J

	DATE	TIME	PHI	PAI	Αi	Ēi	PriZ	₽ĤΖ	ΑŽ	F2	VEL
25	APR 1983	20:35:29	399	5ø	i4	76	Zii	53	14	ζē i	6.5
3	APR 1983	Ø:28:15	4 0 0	133	ίZ	184	255	63	30	199	พิ.พิ
13	APR (983	9:ii:34	403	ธร	ß	89	350	124	7	iōZ	3.8
Z4	APR (983	18:18:27	403	7Z	7	63	39Z	6Z	3	7 5	4.6
9	APR 1983	10:9:27	404	197	4	53	404	197	4	93	7.9
24	APR (983	15:7:46	404	22ō	3	85	404	ZZŵ	3	85	6.Ø
í5	APR (983	13:31:23	405	309	Ż	109	374	191	3	i (3	1.3
ទ	APR 1983	i7:20:32	40Ē	8Z	9	91	- 408	8Z	5		Z
ZS	APR 1983	20:12:37	408	57	iō	65	298	55	i Z	7.3	7.7
iЗ	APR 1983	6:17:45	409	125	14	195	ने छुच्	1.30	14.	202	5.4
÷ ī	APR (983	12:51:22	4 i võ	344	7	85	цій	749		202	វភីរ
្ម	APR (983	9:27:10	411	26	45	121	325	ΔŪ	च् <u>य</u>	i 4 6	ि स् स
q	APR 1985	10:5:55	4 i i	<u>4</u> 7	75	154	411	47 47	57 77	1740	0.J 0 0
E I	APR 1985	17-25:51	717	102	i i	174	ティー	a=	20	107	7 7
	APD (487	12+20-01	412	122	ıı <i>i</i>	77	241	03 E/	4 I 1 d	132	= 7
17	APP (487	70-72-0	412	122	4	77	221	715	14	55	3.4 E G
21	ADD 1007	20-20-3	412	143		27	213	213	:5	31 57	5.0
21	AFR (303	3-21-24	415	40 3:	10	63	412	49 51	10	83 785	
24	ADD (303	10+17+44	414	51	11	102	414	81	11	102	3.5
	ADD (697	15:10:01	415	150	2 	90	2(9	20	10	95	0.0
11	ADD 1985	8:55:57	415	197	5	122	415	191	5	122	1.7
19	APK 1985	13:20:51	415	56	29	1/5	415	55	29	1/5	2.1
	MPR 1983	2:5(:55	417	54	56	320	265	54	5(321	0.0
11	HPK 1983	10:1:13	417	20	33	105	417	30	33	105	2.9
24	MPK 1983	15:29:2	417	66	3Z	223	254	51	49	3(Z	7.3
<u>ు</u>	HLK 1283	0:12:30	418	59	15	105	34 i	64	15	i 06	Ū.Ū
12	HEK 1882	(6:12:1	418	51	ZØ	122	208	57	25	148	6.3
24	APR 1983	19:10:13	418	i 70	3	79	289	39	Z5	115	7.8
ίZ	APR (983	14:15:38	419	4 i	31	í35	Z40	38	35	i4Z	. 6.7
Zi	APR 1983	9:(;ZØ	419	7Ø	26	191	413	70	Z6	19Z	.7
ίZ	APR 1983	20:6:55	4ZØ	163	3	67	324	3 24	i	İŪB	6.Z
Zõ	APR 1983	15:0:34	4ZØ	193	3	69	158	i 23	7	ษีซี	5.3
25	APR 1983	17:23:56	42Z	Ξí	ťΖ	117	422	5i	ίŻ	i i 7	6.7
ίZ	APR (983	í 6: 28:49	4Z4	i 67	5	89	384	i 77	5	95	4.7
Z4	APR 1983	18:57:33	4Z4	i03	5	76	Z04	วิชิ	35	140	Z.6
Z4	APR 1983	íБ:4:í4	425	54	Zi	146	วีชิติ	57	Ż4	170	4.4
ਝ	APR 1983	15:9:5	426	i 77	5	ថែល	256	ίΖØ	7	í (5	5
i i	APR (983	13:37:4Z	425	59	ZZ	138	313	5Z	26	145	3.4
ίZ	APR (983	ZØ:26:5Z	427	4Z7	i	136	3ិទិទី	92	ίŪ	i 64	4.7
13	APR 1983	5:57:3	4Z7	i 92	5	i47	Z98	63	Ζí	148	4.8
5	APR (983	10:15:24	429	137	4	58	Ziō	71	i i	87	6.7
Z4	APR (983	17:49:53	4Ż5	7Z	ίZ	93	33 i	9 8	15	i 72	3.Ø
i i	APR 1983	ii:36:35	430	ίØΖ	8	90	40Z	75	ίi	9 i	7.6
i i	APR 1983	12:8:53	43 i	43 i	i	63	43 i	43 i	í	71	ż.Z
i i	APR (983	ii:55:28	43Z	304	Z	72	432	304	z	72	5.5
ίZ	APR (983	i8:11:43	43Z	53	56	314	383	55	55	324	z.z
Z5	APR (983	Z0:48:40	433	5ø	i i	63	433	50	i i	63	5.0
9	APR 1983	8:20:34	434	50	í Z	83	434	50	iZ	83	4.4
í 9	APR 1983	12:50:9	434	Z4	45	118	43 <i>4</i>	74	46	118	4.7
ZŌ	APR 1983	(2:43:5)	435	37	Zŵ	78	501	<u> </u>	-3 71	47	5.3
ΖŪ	APR 1983	(3:6:47	435	58	28	ZÖØ	505	63	 31	ZØ7	. 4
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	DATE	1	TIME	Pfii	ĒÁÍ	θí	Εi	Pri2	PéZ	ŔΖ	FZ	VEL
24	APR	1983	(8:57:17	435	45	36	169	ភភិទ	45	36	171	3.1
3	ŔĒŔ	i 983	1:54:2	437	Sø	54	Z82	437	รข	54	Z8 Z	ō.ō
Z4	Ĥ₽R	1983	Z1:36:16	437	i 38	9	140	368	163	ยี	144	8.5
ซิ	APR	1983	Ø:57:4i	438	4Ø	36	(5Z	37Z	43	35	160	ō.ō
ίZ	APR	1983	Z0:1:44	438	16 i	4	127	428	169	4	129	Ž.4
9	AFR	(983	11:8:37	439	98	7	76	34 i	(57	4	77	6.7
Ζi	APR	1983	10:50:9	44Ø	Z36	3	80	374	Zũũ	4	58	8.5
19	APR	í 983	(2:36:34	44 í	Z9	35	(ō7	347	37	30	i 26	3.4
ίZ	APR	1983	18:10:47	443	56	57	335	443	56	57	335	6.Z
i 9	AP R	i 983	13:10:18	443	66	i7	131	437	75	28	225	6.9
ซี	APR	1983	15:48:5Z	444	ίōΖ	7	90	157	63	14	95	3
Z4	APR	i 983	ZZ:2:35	444	Z6	32	96	396	Ζí	4 i	55	3.6
ŝ	H FR	មើមិទីភ្ល	18:22:20	445	445	i	58	331	33 i	i	7 i	3
Z4	6FR	1983	15:25:13	445	ธิชิ	Z5	152	445	58	Z5	152	5.5
í4	APR	1983	15:59:56	445	í 25	5	7ø	42 i	159	5	55	7.7
5	APR	1983	10:26:35	447	175	3	58	391	31	ΖŪ	67	មី.មី
ਝ	APR	1983	17:22:9	448	96	íŚ	203	44Ø		19	207	Z
Ιi	APR	(983	5:38:31	449	104	i i	127	33 i	76	ZĒ	Z36	8.5
Z	ÅPR	(983	Z3:Z3:4	45 i	ίØΞ	9	លែទ	តែទី	63	ZØ	(37	0.Ū
9	APR	1983	8:16:36	451	59	15	IØS	451	59	í5	109	3.8
12	APR	1983	Z0:25:Z0	45Z	í 46	4	íð7	315	Z99	Z	105	4.6
ਠ	APR	(983	(8:33:37	453	ÍŌÍ	i3	(45	450	i Ø4	í3	153	3
ίZ	APR	1983	15:18:25	453	16Z	Ē	i 57	453	16Z	9	167	5.9
ZØ	APR	í 983	12:55:17	453	78	ਲੋ	71	455	78	ទ	71	i.Z
Zá	APR	1983	15:51:44	453	53	ZØ	ខែមិលី	439	47	25	195	3.3
24	AFR	i 983	(5:5:ZZ	455	139	17	2 <u>5</u> 4	34ŵ	143	i7	Z72	5.6
9	AFR	1983	10:14:55	455	6Z	Ð	i 34	455	6Z	ÿ	134	7.1
iЭ	APR	1983	13:17:15	455	iūž	7	83	3Z8	i 46	ŧ	130	7.5
9	APR	í 983	11:16:11	457	i 33	4	68	225	66	មេដី	135	5.7
ਝ	H ÊŔ	1983	18:33:13	458	íōZ	ÍØ	íZZ	395	8 í	í4	i 28	Z
9	APR	1983	10:30:8	46 i	167	3	8 i	311	178	4	129	5.7
ίZ	APR	i 983	20:27:4	45 i	Z69	Z	111	46 i	Z69	Z	111	Z.5
Ē	APR	ខេតខ្ម	(0:28:iZ	46Z	i65	6	124	448	7Z	i7	132	9.3
i (ÅFR	1983	8:55:8	46Z	iō7	(3	159	385	78	Zõ	176	8.i
14	ń₽R	1983	18:14:14	458	468	i	รช	337	Z47	Z	56	i.7
9	APR	1983	10:37:15	469	76	13	(20	457	4 7	Z5	126	7.4
i i	APR	í 983	iZ:1:54	469	57	Z6	156	446	55	Z7	16Z	3.Z
i 3	ĤÊŔ	1983	9:12:1	47Ø	ΞZ	Ζi	116	455	43	Z3	119	4.Ū
ਲੋ	APR	1983	(4:29:56	471	ษิชี	ទ	85	47 i	98	ਝ	85	.Z
Zi	A₽ ₹	1983	10:50:32	47í	47	44	Z19	471	47	44	Zig	9.i
Z4	APR	1983	19:8:42	47i	ZS	Z5	8Z	359	i 27	5	82	9.Ø
19	Ĥ₽ Ŕ	1983	iZ:34:2	47Z	55	ŹΞ	i 76	289	39	47	191	4.5
Z4	ńPR	1983	22:58:59	47Z	Z53	3	iZi	41 f	250	5	123	Z.5
9	Ĥ₽R	1983	7:56:4	473	84	15	151	475	84	16	15 i	3.Z
ชิ	APR	1983	17:22:46	476	i 85	ii	225	475	i 86	i i	ZZS	- .Z
ਝ	Á PR	1983	i8:16:38	478	5Ø	i7	53	478	6Z	í4	3 6	- .2
Ζí	APR	1983	10:58:21	478	478	i	7Ō	454	78	8	85	Ž.i
Z4	Å₽ Ŕ	i 983	15:5:36	478	79	7	135	337	337	í	14Z	i.6
ίí	ńPR	1983	12:11:2	479	70	ស៊ែ	14 i	445	ธิชิ	17	165	4.5
ZŌ	ńPR	1983	13:6:52	48Ø	56	Zø	133	24Ø	46	26	í34	í.i

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귀구	シャンズ	キデス	シデス	ゴデズ	コピス	ユデス	ユーズ	デアス	ゴアス	キャズ	シアス	ユアス	ホアス	ゴアス	ホヤネ	ホアス	ゴデス	ホアス	ユデス	ドマス	ユーマス	관련	ゴマス	ゴデス	ゴヤス	シレング	カアズ	ゴデズ	カアス	ユーマス	させれ	カアス	hPR,	キーマス	シャンズ	ゴブス	ネット		ゴ・リスリ	ユーマス	ユアス	たい	キデス	书딧	ゴマス	ゴマス	キャラス	エマズ	ゴロコ	
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11:58:49	10:45:29	(2:20:12	เริ:ซิ: เชิ	9:9:58	5:(7:11	14344344	7:45:39	13:9:51	18:22:33	7:23:52	16:2:30	52:85:51	12:0:22	4:35:ii	20:53:31	21:3:48	[3:57:3]	17:23:4	16:18:45	13:40:12	8:55:45	12:12:15	10:27:5	íZ: i : 20	12:42:37	9:42:52	5:20:35	15:1:19	15:0:15	16:16:27	10:4:53	(8:52:(4	22:59:iZ	21:41:17	(8:53:5	22:4:37			18:14:54	10:2:19	15:0:10	(i : 32 : i i	13:6:27	8138128	13:0:44	21:0:18	7:40:44	18:47:45	17:41:40	
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5	11/4	22	15.) (()	ણ	-	2	í 4	ົລ	52	5	ŝ	47 7	29	â	NN	21	24	2	બ	1/1 4	N U	<u>.</u> .	归	21	4 4	5	21	٥,	42 2	ŝ		с С	4.4 4	α,	N 1 N	NJ #, -	ы ₽.,	u ¹	<u>м</u> .	5	01 01	61 61	N3 04	.	ф. С1	σι	ធ	1	- 1 A K) a
6 (B	n i n	271	- 01	(3 5	70	យ បា	ዓ u	86	91	911	82)	123	105	UI C	104	104	<u>19</u>	01 01	с С	872	521	(00	វថ	97	(43	32	75	77	9 7	132	- 4 10	6	121	Ω1 1	5	α	107		54	 		2	01 (J	6	4 4	ណ៍	01 S 1	л с 1	יד ול א ול	ľ u
сі N	Ч Ч - 4	5 - 7	4. N	7.5	01 •	7.1	сı • О	4.9	7.2	7.1	ហ ហ	ິ ເກ	01 01	ດ. ເບ	4.2	7.7	4 .4	ເກ ເຜ	4.0	7.3	8.0	е. 9	7.2	01 4	7.0	9, 9	7.4	7.7	6.7	сн Cu	ຕ • ດເ	7 01	S	ניו די די	SI -	4. I - 1	ម	7-1	1.7	4	7.2	טו סי	σι αι	ф (Я	ດ ເກ	. 4	- I 00 I	н к 1 п	2 ¢ 11 v	à

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	DATE	TIME	841	Phi	<u>n (</u>	FÍ	PMZ	PńZ	ńΖ	FZ	VEL
iZ	มีกัN เรีชี4	17:29:47	Z31	55	12	69	145	5i	23	(23	5. Z
12	JAN 1984	(7:32:47	Z3 (45	24	(Z3	ZØ9	48	25	126	4.Z
ίŻ	JAN (384	(9:(:Z6	23 i	90	íÐ	í 79	205	59	18	187	5.7
١Z	JAN 1984	(6:32:(4	Z32	35	26	ษีย	Z3Z	36	Z6	ភូន	5.3
12	JAN 1984	16:31:57	234	55	18	105	195	68	17	(Z i	5.3
{ Z	JAN 1984	17:25:34	234	4Z	8	35	142	33	17	59	3.1
ίZ	JAN (984	(7:26:27	Z34	15Z	Z	32	111	56	15	ଞଟ	4.3
ίZ	JAN 1984	18:46:25	Z35	(17	7	86	Z1Z	53	17	95	6.6
12	JAN 1984	18:49:18	235	Z3	28	68	154	32	Ζē	54	5.8
٢Z	JAN 1984	18:53:46	Z37	62	3	59	Zí7	57	ÍŌ	5Ø	6.3
(Z	JAN 1984	16:31:40	2 3ช	46	2ø	97	167	55	ZZ	127	5.6
1 Z	JAN (984	(8:ZE:48	Z38	38	ίZ	48	1 9 Z	Zf	27	59	7.8
12	JAN (984	18:39:10	Z38	74	9	70	(33	40	ZS	(22	6.6
ίZ	JAN 1984	17:30:11	Z39	45	17	82	(30	5Z	(9	104	4.4
1 Z	JAN 1984	(8:49:1Z	Z39	46	18	87	Z32	74	(3	íðí	7.0
ίZ	JAN 1984	(8:54:34	Z4Ø	105	6	67	(30	33	ZØ	69	7.3
12	JAN 1984	19:36:12	241	51	27	144	Z4 (51	Z 7	(44	8.0
12	JAN 1984	(8:41:14	Z4Z	69	(5	109	Z4Z	69	15	(09	6.6
ίZ	JAN (984	16:30:52	Z44	49	17	87	186	5Z	(7	111	5.2
(2	JAN 1984	16:48:19	Z44	ZS	35	106	(34	ZS	49	129	8.1
ίZ	JAN (984	(8:45:15	244	58	ZZ	(34	Z44	58	ZZ	(34	6.5
(Z	JAN (984	(8:53:7	Z44	 5 i		43	(Ø) i	29	4 í	125	5.8
12	JAN 1984	18:59:43	Z44	48	(5	75	i7Ø	. 34	50	(07	5.5
ίZ	JAN (984	18:58:18	Z47	44	15	69	180	49	21	(08	6.7
12	JAN 1984	(6:52:10	748	9Ø	13	(25	748	50	13	(23	7.7
íZ	JAN (984	17:26:53	248	94	3	. ১০ ১০	179	47	71	43	<u> </u>
12	JAN (984 -	18:21:4	748	74	- 5	79	755	र र	19	55	7.5
i 7	JAN (984	17:57:19	749	45	14	90 90	249	45	19	90 90	4 7
17	JAN 1984	(8:50:4)	250	51	79	155	197	51	र प् जित	187	7.2
17	JAN (984	(6:37:26	252	5. 5.3	23	47	(21	67	16	102	2 1 9
12	JAN (984	18:45:17	252		5	52	(5)	60 74	77	((3	77
(7	JAN (984	(8:58:7	755	47	7(UTA UTA	154	57	77	170	. 5 5
12	JAN (584	16:27:28	254	4 T	212	44	720	52	20	104	77
12	.TAN 1984	10.21.20	204	105	20	72	1.1 i / i	32 72	20	47	5 7
12	JAN 1984	18:40:47	725	67	17	111	779	73	70	173	5 5
.12	TAN 1984	(8·33·45	755	57	76	183	255	55	26	123	7 4
17	JAN 1984	18:47:37	257	- 80	7	 54	257	80 80		.59	7.5
17	JAN 1984	(8:50:55	257	57	, E	47 47	2(6	88	7	-00 65	7 1
i 7	JAN 1984	(8:59:49	258	59	23	-4 (d)	210	53	73	147	5 T
17	JAN 1984	(8:5i:50	259	59	15	44	180	54 54	(3	1017	70.0
17	JAN 1984	(7:29:22	260 260	- 30 Ял	7	53	754	89	7	55	5 3
12	JAN (984	17:33:13	260	5d	- ii	53	127	03 4 i	12	50 5 a	5.0
12	JAN 1984	23:26:6	200	75	11	102	107 223	41 40	10 11	ចភ្ (គិន់	J.+ / 2
13	JAN (984	3:37:79	200 763	(77	10	102	100	50	11	124	4.0 E 7
17	IAN 1984	(8:20:2)	267	77	75	71	(20) (20)	75	d i Ti	124	u.(2 3
17	JAN ISRA	(6:75.6	767	نے ⊊ر	20	4 	100	77	70	34 94	J.O 2 0
17	JAN 1984	17:31:30	203	173 173	Q k	-+U 23	03 (77	<u>د د</u> د بر	23 (4	01 82	0.U 1 E
(7	TAN 1004	(7.75.55	200	100	44 ; a	30 62	120	40 22	13 74	0C	4.0
ा <u>र</u>	14K 1504	(**************************************	204	+Q 7 7	10 74	30 (23	104	30	44 75	141	4.U a T
(7	1004 100 1004	1+23+7 (7+71+43	204	44 2 1	00 70	133	204	42 23	סנ דל	133	3.3 4 7
<u>ن</u> ا (VAN 1304	17+31+48	403	U I	<u> </u>	140	1 10 2	33	22	100	4.1

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	DATE	TIME	Pni	PÁI	Αí	FÍ	PriZ	PAZ	ńΖ	FZ	VEL
ίZ	jan 1984	18:51:58	266	73	4	31	Z Z7	48	32	151	7.Ū
(3	JAN 1984	5:40:15	266	36	Zø	76	266	36	Zø	76	6.4
ίZ	JAN 1984	18:45:39	268	39	9	37	Z48	37	19	74	7.Z
12	JAN 1984	19:0:18	Z68	55	18	104	268	55	(8	104	6.3
(2	JAN 1984	(5:0:3Z	268	44	29	134	179	79	Ζŵ	166	6.4
13	JAN 1984	Ø:22:5(269	ZS	37	57	265	25	37	97	8.5
12	JAN 1984	18:21:49	271	54	12	53	133	34	39	139	7.4
1Z	JAN 1984	19:1:14	271		31	75	226	27	33	93	5.9
(3	JAN 1984	5:21:53	272	35	27	99	272	35	27	99	5.4
12	JAN 1984	16:26:55	273	98	_∠	4 í	187	53	15	83 83	5 5
17	JAN 1984	17:30:39	275	49	. 14	77	(29	di di	707	85	4 7
13	JAN 1984	4:56:10	777	51	77	72	774	==	27	127	2 2
12	JAN 1984	18:45:5	279	л Е	20	47	770		20	121	2.0
(3	JAN (984	10040.0	270	40 7 i	10	31 20	(270	40	20	31 (30	0.0
15	TAN 1004	7-27-27	270	70	14	50	770	40 22	41	130	0.(a.a
15	JAN 1304	2.32.31	2/0	23	10	53	200	22	12	63	5.3
10		1:3:44	280	66	(48 +-	180	49	22	113	(.9
14		18:20:07	282	85	4	36	185	65	15	104	8.1
12	JAN 1984	18:40:05	282	118	5	27	124	Z4	26	65	7.4
13	JAN 1984	1:40:32	28Z	80		76	205	74	(5	124	8.2
12	JAN 1984	16:32:32	283	40	25	105	(79	51	25 -	(34	5.0
(2	JAN 1984	18:55:40	283	47	3Ø	148	Z83	47	30	(48	7.5
12	JAN 1984	(9:1:32	Z83	69	9	65	154	43	Z3	104	6.5
13	JAN 1984	5:19:34	283	37	31	(ZØ	283	37	3(120	8.3
13	JAN (984	6:59:26	Z86	33	13	45	ZS3	30	(8	57	6.7
ſZ	JAN 1984	18:15:25	288	288	1	วิข	Z79	4Ø	35	151	6.4
íΖ	JAN 1984	18:46:57	288	124	13	165	223	69	Z4	(74	6.5
12	JAN (984	17:32:11	289	65	ŕ5	109	289	65	16	109	4.4
(Z	JAN 1984	18:43:19	289	43	15	68	289	43	(5	68	7.5
ίZ	JAN 1984	23:41:24	Z89	93	7	68	(69	23	Z5	ſŌZ	7.Ø
ίŻ	JAN 1984	18:44:45	29(Zāt	Z	4 Z	(74	Z7	ΖŪ	57	7.7
ίZ	JAN 1984	18:39:39	29Z	4Ø	13	55	185	57	ZØ	14 i	6.4
íΖ	JAN 1984	(8:5Z:4	Z92	((5	5	6(29Z	116	5	6(5.7
íΖ	JAN (984	18:57:4Z	292	51	17	91	í6 í	4Z	Зō	(3Z	5.7
13	JAN 1984	Ø:(:45	29Z	56	Z7	(59	ZSZ	56	Z7	(59	8.3
iЗ	JAN 1984	Ø:4Z:44	Z92	75	9	71	195	45	19	9Z	7.7
13	JAN 1984	1:20:(3	29 <u>2</u>	38	Z4	56	ZSZ	38	Z4	56	8.5
íΖ	JAN 1984	16:26:3	293	46	14	68	(55	53	Z3	128	6.7
íΞ	JAN 1984	(:56:3	293	65	11	75	203	67	1 Z	84	4.3
ίZ	JAN 1984	18:47:55	Z94	64	ÍØ	67	133	51	Ζ(112	7.1
(Z	JAN 1984	23:40:7	Z94	130	5	68	(38	41	í S	8Z	6.7
í3	JAN 1984	Ø:58:54	Z95	31	51	101	(69	38	34	(35	8.8
(3	JAN 1984	2:2:48	Z 55	64	7	47	171	41	ZI	รีข้	8.3
13	JAN (984	2:35:45	295	72	ii	83	767	91	10	95	7.1
12	JAN 1984	23:42:4	296	55	12	71	(12	<u>З</u> й	30 30	94 94	3.8
(Z	JAN 1984	(5:44:17	Z97	257		51	(57	<u>д</u> й	18	76	7.6
12	JAN (984	21:26:43	298	 Ř4	5	5.	704	25	18	ែប ស្រែក	5.0
(3	JAN (984	7: (5:44	798	άŘ	7		767	55	77	(77	a 7
17	JAN (SB4	18:19:30	799	66	, 3	23	177	<u>,</u> 3	77	117	2.J 2 0
12	JAN 1984	(8:55:0	200 700	20 703	್ರ ಪ್ರಶಾ	02 84	112 3007		ட்ட ப் பி	113 57	5.5 5.1
12	JAN (484	18:54:17	701	77	12	27	- 200	20 1	77	(12	0.i 7 /
	4000 GUNT	10-07+14	~~ ~ (L U U		<u> </u>	110	

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	DATE	TIME	Prii	Phi	Ĥí	Εí	Priz	PńZ	ńΖ	FΖ	VEL
12	JAN 1984	17:35:3	302	49	11	57	130	36	16	60	5.8
13	JAN 1984	4:58:50	302	77	7	57	30Z	77	7	57	5.5
i Z	JAN 1984	18:27:53	303	64	9	6Ø	303	64	9	60	9.6
í Z	JAN 1984	(8:35:1	202	56	15	88	ZØŸ	44	ΖÔ	5Z	7.5
13	JAN 1984	5:8:7	303	ZS	Z8	85	303	29	ZB	ชร	7.8
ίZ	JAN 1984	18:21:24	3Ø4	31	Z9	9 4	304	31	ŹŚ	94	7.3
ίZ	JAN 1984	19:2:40	305	5ø	36	ខេទ	305	50	36	189	7.5
13	JAN 1984	2:18:11	305	31	ZŻ	72	ZZ6	43	3Ø	135	8.3
ίZ	JAN (984	15:44:55	306	305	1	3Z	Z48	55	6	35	6.4
12	JAN 1984	18:55:16	306	44	Ζi	57	203	75	ZZ	(73	6.9
12	JAN 1984	Zi:9:17	305	БØ	9	57	(90	36	18	68	7.1
(3	JAN 1984	Z:27:18	วิชิชี	83	11	107	308	53	11	เชิ7	7.8
12	JAN 1984	18:19:14	309	45	12	58	183	48	13	65	5.2
12	JAN (984	(8:3Z:28	303	ZZ	28	65	87	Z6	Z9	79	7.8
ίZ	JAN (984	18:48:33	309	39	Z4	98	174	28	34	(00)	7.2
12	JAN 1984	19:22:45	310	74	9	70	Z74	33	28	57	5.Ø
12	JAN 1984	(9:27:48	311	85	iŻ	íŪ7	223	60	18	113	8.3
1Z	JAN 1984	19:18:33	312	4 í	13	56	i Z 3	47	18	89	7.6
13	JAN 1984	Z:33:7	313	39	11	45	24Ø	69	ZZ	(59	7.Z
12	JAN 1384	(7:25:27	314	 70	12	88	264	Z7	35	55	Z.4
13	JAN (984	1:45:2	314	71	11	8Z	314	71	11	8Z	7.Ø
13	JAN 1984	2:31:35	316	50	18	54	ZSZ	68	(4	 قق)	7.6
13	JAN 1984	4:58:7	317	42	21	53	202	39	74	58	6.2
12	JAN (584	21:28:55	3(9	74	iØ	78	278	65	13	89	Z.6
13	JAN 1984	(:38:5	320	33	Zŵ	65	177	69	20	145	7.6
12	JAN (984	(8:33:16	3Z (4 í		39	160	37	4Z	(63	8.6
(3	JAN 1984	1:27:0	321	69	ίŻ	87	193	67	i 4	58	8.5
iz	JAN (984	(8:58:54	322	14Ø	4	55	ZZ (58	17	(21	6.7
ίZ	JAN (584	(6:25:36	323	Si	8	43	314	62	7	46	6.4
ίΞ	JAN (984	5:40:51	323	44	zs	(5	16Z	54	3(176	8.6
13	JAN 1984	5:57:8	323	7ø	-6	44	323	70	5	44	7.5
ίZ	JAN 1984	(8:35:39	325	53	(4	78	325	53	. [4	78	7.6
12	JAN (984	18:33:33	326	75	g	71	Z34	52	31	(69	8.3
ίZ	JAN (984	(8:43:55	326	39	32	(31	326	39	3Z	131	7.Z
.13	JAN 1984	1:47:23	3Z6	40	17	71	314	(ซิชิ	íØ	113	5.7
ίZ	JAN 1984	16:48:Z	328	47	25	(23	57	Z 7	44	(25	(0.4
13	JAN 1584	1:38:30	329	329	1	35	17Z	33	18	74	7.Ø
13	JAN 1984	3:54:29	329	59	(4	87	329	59	(4	87	6.3
13	JAN 1984	6:56:25	3Z9	44	í4	65	ZƏZ	29	Z7	8Z	9.1
(Z	JAN (984	19:1:4	วีวีขี	87	8	73	140	38	ZØ	8Ø	б.Ф
13	JAN 1984	(:38:20	330	73	ชื	61	ZZ ((12	11	129	6.9
ίZ	JAN (984	(8:46:40	33Z	6Ø	6	38	19Z	Z9	13	58	6.5
ίZ	JAN 1984	18:44:10	334	48	31	156	Z68	83	ZZ	i 92	7.4
13	JAN (984	2:29:47	336	i i i	7	8Ζ	335	1 I I	7	8Z	7.5
(3	JAN 1984	Z:37:24	336	53	í í	61	335	53	11	6(í.Z
12	JAN 1984	18:20:41	339	78	5	41	177	28	Ζí	6Z	7.8
(3	JAN 1984	1:50:43	339	7Ø	9	66	315	49	3Z	(65	7.7
13	JAN 1984	4:47:58	339	339	(36	179	35	(8	66	7.Z
13	JAN 1984	5:47:16	34Ø	ត៍ទី	í6	114	743	51	18	115	2.4

12 JAN 1984 18:56:43 341 58 14 85 247 42 23 101 6.4

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12	JAN 1984	18:59:4	34 i	7ŵ	14	103	18Z	75	18	142	6.4
١Z	JAN 1984	20:48:26	34 i	51	ΖÔ	(07	Z69	4 i	25	108	5.7
13	JAN 1984	Z:Z:4Z	34 (Z7	25	71	114	50	(7	89	8.3
13	JAN 1984	4:45:55	341	73	9	69	(40	Z7	40	113	9.Z
ťΞ	JAN (984	1:48:33	34Z	5 i	14	75	308	44	19	ਝੰਝੇ	6.4
13	JAN (984	2:32:48	34Z	89	5	47	(41	35	25	92	7.Z
13	JAN 1984	Z:31:21	343	81	5	51	ZØ7	58	(9	115	8.0
13	JAN 1984	3:45:29	343	51	12	64	- 343	51	iZ	64	5.5
13	JAN 1984	3:49:24	543	45	Z4	i (3	343	45	Z4	(13	6.7
12	JAN (984	(9:36:35	344	zz	33	76	Z (5	54	18	102	6.3
13	JAN 1984	5:(1:(1	345	43	i7	77	151	53	37	111	8.1
ίŻ	JAN 1984	(8:49:4Z	347	48	45	232	268	57	44	7417	7.1
12	JAN 1984	18:47:17	<u>348</u>	29	(9	58	348	24	14	58	5 d
13	JAN (984	(:4:54	348	38	16	64	245	43 43	7(45	8.5
13	JAN 1984	0:45:30	549	54	17	⊒. 74	141	77		20	79
(5	JAN (984	7:33:22	749	55	15	84	141		75	125	(.J E E
13	JAN 1984	5:10:43	744	78	7	57	777	75	()	123	7 7
15	JAN (984	(+25:38	240	57	ែវីហ	57	100		17	77	(.J C /
13	JAN 1984	2.25.14	220	400.5	че а	03 37	776	27	14	12	0.4 7 0
13	JAN (984	2·23-14 5·(7·73	501 567	20	15	34 37	210	21	94 72	30 47	1.0
13	JAN 1984	2.77.71	352	- 20 7 0	10	31	202	30 4 3	10 75	175	7.0
12	TAN ISBA	19+19-15	222	- J 	13		441	40 40	20	120	(,0 = 3
(3	JAN 1984	2+72+55	223	170	13	34 E4	172	40	41	00 22	0.J
15	TAM (dg/	2 • 23 • 30	222	1 (U) E d	2 	34 15	100	00 27	11	53	5.4 a =
10	TAN 1304	1+23+21	330	34		43	231	31	14	04 7340	0.0 5 E
15	TAN 1304	3.40.12	220	22	41	(1)	220	50 57	30 77	200	3.5
13	TAN (304	1.27.43	227 755	42	43	101	204	23	23	142	8.5
13	JAN 1304	2:20:48	225	42	13	84	358 455	42	19	84	6.3 e 7
13	JAN 1304	3:23:46	335	330 135	۱ -	38	(38	49	44	113	5.3
10	JEN 1984	0:41:46	323	126	3	40	214	79	19	157	1.5
13	JAN (984	2:45:55	355 ****	13	14	107	255	(2	.14	107	1.2
12	JAN 1984	18:55:15	350	21	28	109	180	44	20 	138	7.9
10	JON 1984	1:50:35	360	50	- SØ	157	178	51	24	182	8.6
10	JAN 1984	1:16:43	362		20	82	40 ن	48	17	80	7.5
13	JAN 1984	1:54:2	382 ***	110	10	115	346	75	15	118	5.2
.12	JAN 1984	23:21:34	383	55	17	118	202	80	16	134	4.1
13	JAN 1984	5:40:48	353	48	21	155	189	42	41	(8)	8.4
14	JAN 1384	18:51:42	264	48	18	21	212	54	16	31	6.8
13	JAN (384	0:2:24	505	187	2	23	253	92	10	31	(.2
12	JAN 1984	2:34:55	300	108	5	68	254	63	15	80	6.5
12		18:50:18	357 575	101	2	51	203	64	17	114	7.0
12	JON 1964	17:28:23	358	25	25	84	335	<u>చ</u> ె	Z4	88	1.0
12	JAN 1984	18:44:55	2/1	49	39	200	371	49	28	200	7.6
12	JAN 1984	23:26:30	371	5Z	17	83	327	76	16	128	7.9
10	JAN 1984	2:30:49	ు76 	149	3	47	148	51	Z3	123	7.9
1Ż	JHN 1984	23:19:41	378	105	9	99	255	i Ø4	13	(4Z	4.Z
13	JAN 1984	3:51:55	378	93	5	49	ZØ4	Z9	3Z	97	6.4
13	JAN 1984	4:52:56	378	50	15	79	17Z	32	35	121	6.8
12	JAN 1984	21:27:17	379	65	16	ÍÐS	ZÍŌ	4Z	27	119	4.7
13	JAN 1984	(:46:2)	379	38	22	ਝੱਝੋ	Z15	45	(9	90	7.4
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ÐáTi	Ξ	TIME	Phi	Pái	Αi	Fi	PHZ	PAZ	62	FZ	VEL
13 JAN	1984	0:56:29	550	55	i 9	ίiΰ	505	49	Z4	123	5.Ø
13 JAN	1984	Z:(4:8	553	553	i	58	87	26	ZÐ	79	8.Z
13 JAN	1584	0:54:37	564	7 í	ZØ	149	491	6Ø	24	151	5.í
13 JAN	1984	Z:17:35	564	96	8	81	564	96	8	81	9.Ø
13 JAN	1984	5:5:44	580	580	1	61	Z78	7ð	(Z	88	8.8
13 JAN	1984	0:55:48	58Z	<u>59</u>	<u>į</u> 7	105	í 7ø	6Z	18	í I 7	3.5
13 JAN	1964	2:Zi:0	588	37	Z9	113	5Z8	3 i	37	ίΖΦ	5.6
(3 JAN	1984	5:21:27	589	Si.	11	105	447	5Ø	í 7	107	6.í
13 JAN	1984	5:20:51	594	57	Z3	(58	594	57	Z3	(38	9.3

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4:29:0	(4:0:i	20:10:37	4:2:17	∑Ø:(:45	13:50:50	15:12:15	18:45:58	13:58:34	10:38:37	[4:5 <u>5</u> :46	12:26:32	(4:52:0	4:29:31	(3:40:3	20:10:15	13:37:17	3:42:40	18:32:31	(5:8>1(15:2:55	5:58:52	13:36:18	ទេះទេះទ	(0:35:10	13:1:53	13:36:4	[@:35:25	[4:24:[4	13:52:11	10:41:22	(3:8:5)	15:13:59	19:59:7	85:52:0)	(3:39:8	10:32:3(17:14:78 17:14:78				01:07:01	13:53:32	13:55:4	15:20:46	15:0:9	(5: (5:28	TIME 15:8:27	1
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	DATE	TIriE	Phi	PA i	Ĥİ	Ēi	PriZ	PAZ	ΑZ	FZ	VEL
Z9	NOV 1984	13:45:50	Zũ3	22	38	ទិទី	203	ZZ	38	8 8	0.0
Z9	NOV (984	(8:44:0	ZØ6	22	37	85	142	64	í4	54	3.0
i	DEC (984	14:(4:22	210	74	3	Z3	Ū7	13	37	50	Z.9
28	NOV (984	3:7:(Z	ZíZ	25	29	76	177	Z7	ЗØ	85	Z.(
18	NOV 1584	13:46:38	Z24	28	14	4 ((05	(3	4Z	57	ō.0
ż9	NOV (984	18:32:54	ZZ4	28	38	(12	ZZ4	ZS	38	(16	3.8
18	NOV 1984	10:34:7	226	64	(Z	81	214	75	- 11	87	 0.0
28	NUV 1984	5:40:53	226	35	19	72	184	35	25	52	3.(
29	NOV 1984	ZØ:1:40	227	67	, i	28	69	13	29	4.VI	45
	DEC (984	(5:(3:5)	278	38	à	36	228	38	- 9	36	1 9
18	NOV 1584	14:55:75	229	4d	í 171	46 46	779	44 4	iñi	45 45	
28	NOV (984	5:0:(6	23(46	(4	40	223	45	14	40	77
18	NOV (484	18-29:12	221	57	5	72	(78	47	7.5	32	2.()) ()
18	NDU (484	13-43112	234	71	75		(70		12	00 23	0.0
78	NOU (GEA	0.24.70	224	21	43	60	172	-+ (10	03	6.0
20	MOU (984	71.4.20	204	2 I 5 A	ېن م	40	204	41 24	10	40	1.8
23	NOV 1304	21+4/33 E+E8+E9	200	04 70	4 70	<u> </u>	200	04	4	470	<u>ت</u> . ت
40	NOV 1304	3+33+30 (7+((+7	223	20	23	115	184	44	20	128	2.(
70		13+11+7	206	23	11	40	11	12	41	52	0.0
43	NOV 1384	19:54:9	236	25	10	25	236	26	10	25	1.0
28	NUV 1984	16:15:11	221	90 	24	91	257	36	24	91	4.Z
41	NUV 1984	ZZ:17:1	258	192	Z	40	ZØ (4Ø	16	67	0.0
18	NUV 1984	13:7:26	Z42	152	3	48	105	15	33	5Z	v .v
28 	NUV (984	5:59:43	Z45	17	32	53	Z45	17	33	53	3.0
29	NOV 1984	19:49:2	Z46	31	Z (68	167	33	44	15Z	4.6
27	NOV (984	Z1:39:0	247	41	8	34	Z47	4 i	. 8	34	1.6
28	NOV 1984	9:14:10	248	140	Z	29	109	ZØ	31	65	2.8
29	NOV 1984	19:8:1	Z48	43	ÍØ	45	248	43	ĺØ	45	5.5
18	NOV 1984	13:49:27	249	ZØ	(7	36	177	64	ช	54	Ø.Ø
t	DEC (984	(5:(4:9	Z49	5Z	6	33	Z37	(7	Z (37	1.1
18	NŪV (984	(0:39:50	Z50	68	ថេ	114	238	81	(5	(27	Ø.Ø
28	NOV 1984	3:40:29	250	25Ø	1	Z6	(56	48	ZZ	111	2.5
29	NÖV 1984	19:7:24	25Z	35	33	í Z (236	36	34	(28	3.3
29	NOV 1984	19:32:6	Z53	4Ø	ſΖ	50	63	15	38	5Ø	3.9
- 1	DEC (984	15:13:45	253	35	Z4	ភភ	182	Z4	39	3 ช	Z.í
18	NOV 1984	14:49:36	254	60	5	Ξí	214	78	4	33	0.0
Z9	NOV (984	(9:(i:45	254	31	42	137	Z54	31	4Z	137	3.9
í	DEC (984	14:14:41	254	31	ίZ	39	(97	14	38	56	Z.6
28	NÚV (984	3:20:38	257	29	Zũ	6(Z53	33	21	73	3. í
28	NOV 1984	7:49:21	Z57	27	35	99	Z57	27	35	99	1.8
Z7	NOV 1984	20:19:31	Z58	258	1	27	178	34	15	54	Z.3
27	NOV (984	20:32:9	Z59	50	ŰÖ	5Z	113	Zø	4Ζ	88	Ū.Ū
18	NUV (984	10:44:23	Z60	87	3	27	135	ZØ	24	50	Ø.Ø
(9	NOV (984	(2:21:15	26 (48	ZÕ	íði	230	51	19	íøz	0.0
28	NOV (984	(6:14:4Z	262	4Z		35	· 262	42	8	35	0.0
Z8	NOV 1984	(6:(4:28	264	38	17	48	193	Z9	18	55	4.5
18	NOV 1984	(3:45:16	Z55	48	i Ø	50	232	दुव	5	52	ற்ற
28	NOV 1984	3:53:47	265	26	34	93	178	76	38 38	1Ø4	77
29	NOV 1984	 20:2:12	765	 4171	34 37	1307	120	20 45		1 <i>a</i> =	3.2 7 5
28	NOV 1984	(3:(6:58	266	58	17	73	757		i I	,	5.5 7 E
28	NOV 1984	15:1:14 15:1:14	266	35	· 4 1 5	57	200	i a	45	 66	7 6
	. 		~~~			(U 4-	1 77			<u> </u>

	DATE		TINE	Pril	₽ñ1	Ĥ İ	Fi	Priz	PAZ	ńΖ	FZ	VEL
27	NŪV I	384	22:36:27	267	30	22	69	263	Z8	Z4	7 í	3.Ø
ίŝ	NÖV I	984	14:50:58	Z68	27	17	48	267	58	f f	67	Ō.Ō
ខេ	NŪV I	984	13:1:51	Z69	64	5	40	131	15	4Ø	63	Ø.Ø
Z8	NŪV I	984	16:1:Z	269	49	11	57	269	49	11	57	Z.9
18	NOV I	584	14:54:1	Z70	Z9	30	91	179	4Ũ	Z 7	113	Ø.Ø
18	NŪV I	984	(3:10:51	271	Z5	31	8 i	248	Z7	32	9 1	0.0
19	NŪV I	984	(4:5:30	Z7Z	Z6	17	46	178	19	3ø	6Ø	Ō.Ŏ
Z7	NOV I	984	ZØ:1:50	272	55	7	4Ø	Zi4	48	9	45	0.0
Z8	NOV I	984	16:14:59	Z74	99	11	114	Z (7	36	4Z	159	0.0
í	DEC (984	15:51:29	Z74	49	ίZ	6Z	234	4 i	í7	73	3.3
Ζ9	NOV I	984	(0:15:15	Z75	75	Zõ	(57	275	75	Zø	í 57	3.5
ខេ	NŪV I	984	(0:42:3	Z77	76	4	32	108	34	Z2	78	0.0
29	NOV i	984	19:59:58	277	6Ø	6	38	Z77	<u>6</u> 0	6	38	Z.2
Z8	NOV I	584	8:39:1	278	7Z	11	83	ZZ 3	31	26	85	Z.3
29	NOV I	984	(9:29:(278	5(Z2	((8	Z4Ø	8Z	14	(20	Z.i
29	NOV I	984	Z0:3(:36	Z79	7(11	8Z	(29	Z4	29	38	0.0
ZS	NOV (984	20:25:53	282	106	5	55	Z82	í Ø6	5	56	3.7
18	NOV I	994	13:48:4	Z83	36	ίØ	38	89	25	19	50	0.0
28	NOV I	984	22:23:11	289	36	27	10Z	23 I	5(30	161	2.6
29	NOV I	984	20:4:38	ZŚŴ	67	ZŨ	14 i	ZSØ	67	ZØ	í 4 í	3.5
Z9	NŪV I	984	20:38:59	Z91	(68	2	35	1(7	(5	42	66	3.4
18	NOV I	984	13:1:43	ZSZ	36	17	64	144	Z8	35	(03	Ø.Ø
28	NOV I	984	3:5:57	29Z	31	33	íÖ7	29Z	31	33	107	3.Ø
29	NŪV I	384	(9:43:3(293	32	36	121	Z93	32	36	121	Z.7
29	NŪV I	984	18:48:54	Z94	34	39	139	Ź94	34	39	(39	3.5
មើ	NOV I	584	13:11:18	297	3 i	Z4	78	202	38	Z9	116	0.0
Z9	NŪV (984	20:3:40	Z97	34	ίZ	43	Z93	36	ίZ	45	1.4
Z9	NÖV I	984	(Ø: (7:56	298	53	23	(Z8	Z77	67	(9	134	Z.9
28	NOV I	9 8 4	6:0:5	Z99	3õ	Ζ(65	17Z	26	37	(0)	Z.7
ខេ	NOV I	584	13:46:48	303	4Z	14	6Z	63	17	28	7ø	0.Ū
18	NŪV I	984	13:47:Z	203	8Ø	9	76	ZZZ	Z7	37	105	Ø.Ø
Zซิ	NOV I	984	5:49:43	304	34	14	5Ø	(34	3Z	ZØ	67	1.2
28	NOV (984	8:47:10	305	6í,	Z3	147	Z79	43	30	154	0.0
1	DEC (984	(3:27:(9	305	Z4	32	81	305	Ζ4	3Z	81	Z.6
Z8	NOV I	984	5:49:48	305	i 30	3	- 41	189	44	27	125	1.3
28	NOV I	984	8:50:9	306	31	40	130	ZSI	3Z	39	13(2.5
Z8	NOV I	384	12:45:3	306	305	ſ	3Z	ZZ4	(5	41	65	2.4
Z9	NOV 1	984	18:34:58	306	Z9	33	001	(97	29	35	105	4.8
28	NOV I	984	10:32:31	308	69	6	43	52	12	28	48	Z.9
28	NOV 1	984	6:(:(5	311	Z (5	Z	45	Z33	6(ZØ	(28	1.7
29	NOV I	984	19:52:27	311	35	[4	51	114	19	Z7	54	0.0
28	NUV I	984	Z:ZZ:48	3(Z	33	13	45	Z76	43	14	63	1.5
28	NUV (984	8:56:4	313	63	Z3	(5Z	226	67	⁷ Z7	190	1.8
28	NUV (384	(:47:14	314	39	Z3	54	314	39	Z3	54	5.1
28		984 56 /	1:47:30	314	43	Z [95	Z76	37	35	140	3.0
28	NUV I	384 504	8:39:30	514	117	5 	37	314	117		57	1.5
28	NUV (384	8:1:45	315	50	35	113	3(6	50 	36	113	0.0
19		384 684	13:31:57	218	4Z	15	66	267	45	14	55	0.0
21		384 554	21:34:10	521	321 77	1	34 	297	76	5	40	0.0 T 7
28	Ινυν	384	0:43:40	341	26	40	163	233	23	41	125	3.Z

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	DATE	TIME	PMI	PAL	Ĥί	Fi	PMZ	ΡńΖ	ΑZ	FŻ	VËL
28	NOV 1984	8:55:9	321	37	ZЭ	113	173	53	Z3	128	Ø.Ø
29	NOV 1984	(5:25:54	322	4Ø	ZØ	84	269	33	38	(32	4.0
í	DEC 1984	22:55:19	322	63	27	178	258	57	37	ZZí	Z.5
Í	DEC (984	14:20:31	323	46	ίZ	58	304	43	19	86	Ø.Ø
íð	NOV 1984	13:17:28	325	134	3	4Z	325	134	3	42	0.0
ZŚ	NŨV 1984	(8:48:45	326	55	E É	68	316	65	ĺØ	68	1.3
28	NŨV 1984	8:46:9	327	37	33	(28	29Z	35	38	140	3. Z
18	NŪV 1984	(4:45:46	328	4 Z	ίZ	53	328	4Z	ίZ	53	Ø.Ø
Z8	NOV 1984	2:42:44	33(4Ŵ	31	(30	260	44	30	138	Z.9
18	NOV (984	13:57:5	332	59	Zi	130	33Z	53	Ζí	130	Ø.Ø
Z8	NUV (SB4	Z:5:(8	332	35	Z7	59	260	33	Z 9	ŪŨI	0.0
ZS	NOV 1984	19:45:51	332	Zi	38	84	33Z	21	38	84	5.Ø
ΖĒ	NOV 1984	Z0:2:41	33Z	25	Z9	76	30 i	89	ÍØ	93	3.i
Ζ8	NUV 1984	5:53:3(333	35	3Z	((8	144	34	37	(32	Ū.Ū
ខែ	NOV 1984	10:40:55	335	59	11	58	510	57	(Z	72	ō.0
27	NŪV 1984	ZZ:6:5	335	335	1	35	5ZØ	35	11	4Ø	Z.(
Z8	NOV (984	7:54:3Z	335	54	í 8	ίØΖ	174	52	35	191	1.8
28	NUV 1984	13:13:19	335	Z8	33	((5	535	Z8	33	115	3.3
Z9	NŪV (984	12:54:35	335	190	3	6Ø	_335	ú 90	3	6Ø	Z.5
29	NOV 1984	(9:3:40	336	37	4 í	(59	536	37	4 ((59	4.Z
19	NŪV (984	12:21:25	338	86	6	54	180	35	İB	68	Ū.Ū
Z8	NOV 1984	8:46:14	338	44	4Ū	185	538	44	4Ŭ	185	Z.8
Z9	NŪV (984	(6:5:37	228	55	Z9	170	314	57	31	185	3.8
27	NOV (984	Z[:49:8	339	6Z	- { {	7Z	223	6Z	11	7Z	2.Ø
29	NOV 1984	(Ø:21:3	339	68	1 Z	86	Z43	69	14	İŪl	Z.5
Z8	NUV 1984	6:1:5	34Ø	5Z	Ζõ	iøs	335	45	34	154	z.2
Zĕ	NUV 1584	18:5:37	34Ø	58	í 4	85	34Ø	58	14	ទទ	Z.8
Ź8	NOV 1984	8:41:31	342	44	30	138	263	36	37	í 4Ø	z.z
Z9	NŪV 1984	14:5:10	343	6Ø	Ø	63	291	28	26	76	1,8
Z9	NUV 1984	18:23:54	343	57	35	136	Z55	49	34	(75	3.6
Ζ8	NUV 1984	5:0:11	544	4Z	Z9	128	243	39	. 4 í	(68	2.7
Zā	NOV 1984	19:18:55	344	44	i 4	65	344	44	(4	65	ō.ō
Z8	NÜV 1984	5:58:45	345	81	16	136	Z75	66	Z4	166	Z.5
29	NŪV 1984	20:3:9	345	(Z6	4	53	Z74	45	í 7	8Ø	Ø.Ø
28	NŪV 1984	9:12:28	346	51	36	(93	346	51	36	193	Z.4
Z8	NÖV (984	16:1:43	347	4Z	(4	6Z	ZØS	68	13	22	Z.6
Zŝ	NOV 1984	20:24:43	347	115	4	48	272	Z7	ZØ	57	Z.9
19	NOV 1984	14:5:56	348	46	9	43	348	46	9	43	0.0
18	NOV 1984	12:15:30	349	245	3	77	5ið	192	4	81	Ø.Ø
28	NOV (984	(7:45:2(349	349	ſ	37	349	349	1	37	1.3
Z9	NOV (984	21:10:26	349	98	7	7Z	303	34	22	78	Z.5
19	NUV 1984	14:5:37	350	4Ø	Zi	មិថិ	550	4Ø	Ζ(ಕೆಕೆ	0.0
ខេ	NOV 1984	10:38:51	35 i	Ξõ	18	57	i 88	43	17	77	Ø.Ø
(8	NOV 1984	10:40:35	352	37	31	120	35Z	37	31	íZØ	Ū.Ū
Z8	NOV 1984	8:1:29	35Z	3 2	(ទ	6Ø	352	32	18	5Ø	Z.(
28	NOV 1984	16:54:16	354	67	11	77	354	67	11	77	3.0
Zð	NOV (984	8:30:59	356	44	23	ÍŨĜ	354	37	3Ø	116	3.6
Z8	NUV 1984	8:45:33	356	JŌ	43	135	254	4 Z	39	í 72	3.3
Z8	NOV 1984	7:55:4	36 í	ទំ ទី	17	(57	36 i	ទទ	17	(57	1.5
28	NŨV (984	(7:9:7	355	<u>3</u> 4	15	54	365	34	í 5	54	Z.7

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74	NOU ISA	(7.72.20	757	 	75	117	767	- C112- - 2-1	76	117	VEC 36 10
73	NOV 1984	12-20-00	307		<u></u>	147	207	41	40	11 <u>2</u> (Ed	2.0
78	NOV (984	(ス・この・の	720	73	22	57	207	*0	22	134	2.3
20	NOV 1384	13.30.0 2.17.12	203	20	24	33 82	283	20	44 70		2.3
40	NOV 1384	0+1(+40 1/+554	572	20	24	30	400	32	28	128	2.3
10	NOV 1984	14:50:47	279	20	42	122	2(2	25	42	155	0.0
20	NUV 1984	8:7:21	5(4	25	34	125	180	41	21	100	2.9
20	NUV 1984	10:5:57	315	45	12	58	223	62	12	78	3.2
28	NUV 1954	20:55:50	315	38	<u>.</u> අ	135	337	43	31	140	2.5
28	NUV 1984	19: (9: (8	377	50	15	79	335	54	18	(@Z	0.0
29	NOV 1984	(0:15:4)	377	3(Z6	85	370	32	30	ÍŬÍ	3.Ø
1	DEC 1984	21:5:5	377	44	Z4	111	25Z	59	Zi	(30	.6
28	NOV 1984	8:5(:ZZ	379	4 Z	42	(85	(89	43	4Z	185	3.8
29	NOV 1984	3:56:15	379	145	4	6 i	Z95	30	27	85	3.Ŭ
Z9	NOV 1984	(:54:52	วิชิติ	ខែទី	3	53	ZZ9	25	43	113	Z.9
27	NOV (984	(8:4(:((383	86	5	45	Z94	ZZ	27	62	1.8
28	NQV 1984	(8:18:3	383	Z6	34	93	299	28	34	(00)	3.8
28	NOV 1984	8:49:29	386	56	ŽB	- 165	386	55	28	(65	Z.4
28	NUV 1984	8:0:51	387	41	12	52	Z58	61	16	íØZ	3.4
29	NOV 1984	1:54:13	387	69	15	(09	<u>3</u> 00	71	18	134	Z.7
28	NUV 1984	9:10:57	588	4 i	4Ø	172	ວັຮັຮັ	41	4Ø	(7Z	0.0
28	NOV 1984	14:27:32	388	34	32	114	วิชิชิ	34	3Z	114	3.7
29	NOV (984	Z:(4:20	<u> </u>	4Ζ	30	132	3i6	ร่อ	Z3	140	1.Z
29	NOV 1984	(9:ii:36	388	34	33	118	388	34	33	118	4.1
(9	NOV 1984	(2:35:17	390	48	Ð	45	590	48	9	45	Ø.Ø
Z9	NOV 1984	Z:0:26	392	4Z	Z7	119	(96	55	Z 9	170	3.5
29	NOV 1984	ZZ: (5:47	392	4 Ŵ	ΖØ	84	366	43	37	144	0.0
29	NOV 1984	(8:45:43	393	50	19	(20)	34Ø	37	400	155	5.5
í	DEC (984	ZZ:43:55	396	i 48	6	93	337	(59)	7	102	3.9
(8	NOV 1984	14:78:41	398	64	9	60 60	517	71	19	147	
ខេ	NUV (984	14:15:43	399	36	38	(44	744	56	38	ान <u>न</u>	ил.ил
25	NOV (584	20:17:25	399	87	11	វភាភ	(95	् र(48 48	155	<u>а</u> а
28	NOV 1984	8:0:44	401 401	(76	ें <u>त</u>	. 55	710	2. 23	70 70	51	7 9
28	NOV (484	8:3(:39	-01 4157	Tr¢ ⊼d	15	54	2.10 1071	2, J 1 10	(3	51	2.3
29	NOU 1984	0-01-00 (Ø:(₿:⊼4	402 407	57	79	24 7014	- 101 107	=0	70	55 717/1	3.0 7.0
29	NOV (984	70:25:55	402 407	7(5	<u>ح</u> ع ح	204	702	886	23	204	5.0
28	NOV (SEA	18:47:47	402 ፈስላ	2 (D 7 X	19	95 95	200 2033	550	<u>م</u>	85	(3
29	NOV 1984	(2:55:4)	405 405	771	7	57		70	71	85	(2
28	NAU 1984	77:20:55	400	76	ন হক	113	302 A 10 A	55	۲. ۲.7	113	7 4
19	NOU (984	(3:37:76	404	30 30	ле ле	113	404	20	70	145	<u>د.</u>
78	NOV 1904	19.12.20	400	20 105	40	143	271	17	40	14J 65	v.v 17 17
28	NOV 1984	12-2-57	400	-00 75	19	45	2() 107	42 15	10	00 02	0.0 7 X
20	NOV 1984	70・3・33 7の・2ボ・スタ	407	77	10	03 53	407	는 the The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se	70	03 (70	2.0
23	NOV 1384	20-23-33	407	772 772	13	30	334	94 775	20	120	2.0
20	NOV 1384	0-37-33 70-18-74	403	940 EE	4	73	405	240	2	() 50	ש.ו כי ל
41 73	NOV 1304	49+13+44 8-74+55	412	30	10	33	305	4 l	14	00	4.0 (T
20 73	NOV 1384	0.24:30	410	00 20	35 (5	125	205	48	23	140	1.0
20 73	NUV 1984	10:40:7	410	53	10	12	413	69		(4	0.0
20 73	NUV 1984	8:24:50	415	80	19	153	اد2	69	25	181	2.8
20	NOV 1984	8:21:8	415	51	18	115	415	61	18	115	5.4
28	NUV 1584	8:53:27	415	Z9	25	76	415	29	25	76	3.3
28	NUV 1984	17:45:45	418	418	Í	44	418	4 í Š	1	44	1.4

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28	NOV 1984	20:59:50	4ZØ 5	59 Z6	161	420	59	26	161	Z.5
ខេ	NÖV 1984	14:15:33	424 (6	52 3	51	285	İÖÖ	13	136	ø.ø
28	NŨV (984	8:42:39	424 (5i 20	128	360	54	Z6	i47	Z.8
Zð	NUV (984	(9:25:25	424 3	57 Z6	ÍŌÍ	340	43	32	144	z.2
28	NOV (984	5:58:41	427 4	43 44	198	391	50	4Z	22ō	Z.6
28	NŨV 1984	9:16:2	427	73 Ż4	184	355	99	21	218	Z.(
28	NŪV 1984	(7:2:0	428 6	30 iØ	84	428	ชิชี	10	84	3.9
Z8	NOV 1984	Z0:5:5	429	77 í í	89	429	77	i i	89	Z.7
29	NŨV (984	(:53:58	43Z 4	4 31	143	43Z	44	31	143	Ø.Ø
28	NOV (984	18:30:37	433 43	53 (45	327	37	19	74	Ø.Ø
29	NOV 1984	Z:(3:9	434 5	50 29	152	434	5Ø	Z9	(5Z	4.3
ZE	NÚV (984	ZØ:52:44	435	76 (Ø	ଟଏ	(95	4Z	ΖØ	88	4.4
1	DEC (984	13:55:15	435 4	i5 i4	65	350	7Z	9	68	1.1
29	NOV 1984	ZØ:51:47	439 8	38 (8	166	389	79	Zí	(74	2.3
28	NOV 1984	8:59:28	443 5	53 22	(22	Z97	45	32	151	2.5
Z8	NOV 1984	(9:26:(i	447	77 16	129	447	77	16	(29	1.5
18	NOV 1984	14:18:14	455 5	58 34	ZØ7	351	63	33	218	v. v
28	NOV 1984	(5:0:Z	453 4	49 17	87	437	37	Z3	89	Z.Ø
25	NOV 1984	2:13:41	453 45	53 (48	Z4 i	66	Zi	í 45	1.3
28	NŪV 1984	8:45:50	457 3	56 57	(40	457	36	37	(40	3.(
f	DEC (984	2Z:35:26	458 4	ivi 45	(89	458	4Ø	45	183	3.7
29	NOV 1984	20:5:57	46Z 🕄	55 G	6Z	153	Z4	37	53	1.3
29	NOV (984	(0:12:4	469 (ê	57 5	ទិទី	433	147	6	53	Z.7
28	NOV 1984	5:41:3	470 7	71 ZI	156	463	6Z	Z5	163	(.9
18	NŨV (984	(Z:59:2(474 2	2Z 45	104	474	2Z	45	í Ø4	0.0
28	NOV (984	(4:49:46	476 (54 9	5Ø	173	41	Z6	112	4.0
28	NOV 1984	8:46:45	478 47	78 1	50	78	19	36	7Z	1.5
Z8	NOV 1984	18:5:41	478 5	53 22	122	Z46	63	Z9	(9Z	Z.ð
29	NOV 1984	21:55:19	478 E	57 ZZ	155	478	67	22	155	3.8
28	NOV 1984	5:59:23	479 4	43 29	(3)	37(43	35	158	Z.3
Z8	NOV 1984	8:54:48	475 i7	79 7	131	445	87	ΖZ	201	3.3
Z8	NOV 1984	3:21:22	486 48	36 (51	334	39	17	70	Z.6
Z8	NOV 1984	(5:20:56	487 E	55 (5	(ŌZ	Z36	58	Ż7	(93	Z.7
ſ	DEC (984	14:15:34	499 3	56 18	7Z	495	38	(8	72	i.5
,Z8	NOV 1984	8:21:23	501 Z	25 3Z	84	50 (Z5	3Ż	84	3.3
Z,9	NŪV (984	22:16:3Z	503 E	50 25	157	342	74	Z3	(79	Ø.Ø
1	DEC (984	ZZ:49:58	506 II	i4 8	96	506	114	8	96	Z.9
28	NŨV 1984	(8:26:51	507 (V	9Z 9	96	450	1 I Z	íØ	118	3.0
Z9	NOV 1984	20:39:54	503 4	16 36	174	415	44	38	í 75	0.0
29	NOV (984	20:(8:56	510 6	58 26	(85	510	68	Z6	185	Ū.Ū
28	NŪV (984	18:35:17	511 7	74 11	85	503	58	15	9 i	1.3
28	NOV 1984	(9:53:Z	515 3	50 54	107	515	<u>3</u> 0	54	í07	3.6
29	NŪV 1984	14:14:24	519 15	53 4	64	405	33	Ζ(73	3.3
(9	NOV (984	[4:7:4	52Ø 2	29 35	106	5ZØ	29	35	106	0.0
28	NOV (984	8:43:3	520 7	73 23	175	456	76	24	191	Z.5
ΖЭ	NOV (984	Z:9:33	523 5	57 Z4	144	359	67	ΖJ	16Z	5.8
28	NŬV 1984	6:0:36	5Z4 3	50 Z4	76	524	วิขิ	Z4	76	Z.3
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Zð	NOV 198	4 19:7:Z4	556	65	19	130	487	6Z	Z7	176	1.1
28	NUV 198	4 9:0:31	558	68	16	114	289	70	15	118	Z.3
Z9	NUV 198	4 21:28:17	559	87	8	73	ZZZ	2 4	36	91	z.7
28	NOV 199	4 8:46:35	55Ø	105	15	165	398	8Z	Ζi	(8)	1.8
Z8	NOV 198	4 19:33:15	56 (35	39	143	495	41	35	151	3.6
1	DEC (98	4 23:45:35	562	275	5	i44	415	73	ZZ	158	3.0
1	DEC (98	4 18:56:35	583	167	4	7Ø	454	Žŝ	32	94	3.7
f	DEC (98	4 14:16:16	589	133	ÍØ	140	575	133	Ē	153	1.3
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Z8	NOV (98	4 18:39:5(634	634	1	67	563	64	11	74	Z.6
28	NOV 198	4 8:43:23	656	77	ΖŪ	162	414	101	ZØ	Z(Z	Ø.Ø
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F	DEC (98	4 14:15:42	587	68	15	107	256	27	39	110	(.3
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28	NOV 198	4 (8:49:50	793	97	i 4	142	570	(58	íØ	166	2.4
Z9	NUV 198	4 i4:35:42	796	Z93	4	123	554	145	12	183	3.5
28	NOV (98	4 18:50:15	8(1	95	14	140	749	74	(8)	140	í.Z
Z9	NOV 198	4 19:13:3	818	97	33	336	630	83	43	374	4.4
Z8	NOV 198	4 8:7:29	838	26Ø	8	Z18	673	76	39	311	3.9
Z8	NOV 198	4 (9:19:4	(041	399	3	126	628	63	27	(78	0.0

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28	NOV 1983	4:29:31	186	78	5	4 i	(55	3Z	18	50	Ø.Ø
Í	DEC (984	13:50:30	199	199	í	Zi	184	Z4	Ð	Z3	. 1
27	NUV (983	20:1:45	ZŌŌ	Z7	16	45	87	25	ថែ	47	Ū.Ū
27	NOV 1983	20:10:37	Zõz	ZōZ	í	z١	173	i7	i4	Z5	Ø.Ö
Z8	NOV (983	4:29:0	Z03	203	i	Zí	i 56	33	ថេ	6Z	Ø.Ø
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Z7	NOV 1983	ZZ:17:1	Z38	í 92	Ζ	4 Ŵ	ZŰÍ	4Ø	15	67	Ø.Ø
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18	NOV 1984	13:43:15	Z65	4 8	iØ	5Ø	Ž32	33	5	52	Ō.Ō
18	NOV 1984	13:48:4	Z83	36	ίØ	38	ซีรี	25	(9	ร์ข์	0. 0
18	NOV 1984	13:1:45	Zēz	36	17	64	144	ZØ	35	103	Ū.Ū
18	NÖV (984	(3:47:Z	303	80	9	76	ZZZ	27	37	(05	Ø.Ø
Í	DEC (984	ZZ:56:(9	322	63	27	178	Z58	57	37	ZZÍ	Z.7
í	DEC (984	14:20:31	323	45	(2	58	304	43	ទេ	ទត	- 1
18	NOV (984	(3:(7:28	3Z5	134	3	42	325	134	5	42	0.Ū
28	NOV 1983	6 (5:(8:55	344	44	í4	65	344	44	14	65	0.0
ZS	NOV 1983	6 (9:(9:(8	377	ร์	15	79	335	54	ίð	102	Ø.Ø
28	NOV (983	19:17:23	406	406	í	43	Z7 i	4Ζ	15	55	. í
Zð	NOV 1983	18:30:37	433	433	1	45	327	37	(9	74	17.8
1	DEC (984	(5:55:(5	436	45	14	66	550	7Z	a	68	40.4
Z8	NOV (983	(9:26:()	447	77	15	(29	447	77	(6	129	0.Ū
28	NOV 1983	(9:Ø:Z	453	49	17	87	437	37	Z3	69	Z.(
28	NOV 1983	5:41:3	470	71	Zí	(56	463	δŻ	Z5	(63	ยิ.บี
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25	NOV 1984	Z0:35:53	775	Zēð	5	108	505	45	37	175	Z.4
Z8	NOV (983	(9:(9:4	1041	399	5	(26	678	63	.77	(78	ณ. ดี

APPENDIX B

USE OF EXTREME VALUE STATISTICS IN ENGINEERING ANALYSIS

Random phenomenae, such as ice loads, wind speed and wave heights can be quantified using statistical techniques. Probability density functions describe the chances of any value occuring in a given sample rather than predicting a certain value. Most statistical methods deal with the analysis of the behaviour of the random variable around the mean (i.e. Traffic Volumes, Mortality Rates, I.Q.). However, certain classes of problems demand that the rare events be investigated. This is particularly true in engineering where the rare event is normally the design event (i.e. fastest wind, highest wave, largest load). The statistical theory of extreme values has been developed to describe the probabilities of these rare events.

Gumbel [1] stated: "The aim of a statistical theory of extreme values is to explain observed extremes... and to forecast (future) extremes". Extreme value functions naturally depend on the initial or underlying distributions. Figure 1 illustrates this with an initial distribution $F_X(x)$ the random variable X, and the distribution of the extremes $G_Y(y_n)$ where;

I

 $F_{y}(x) = probability that any X will be less than x$

 $G_{Y_{N}}(y_{n}) = probability that any Y_{N}$ will be less than y_{n}

where

- X = random variable,
- x = a specific value which X might take
- Y_N = Max of N samples of X (also a random variable)
- $y_n = a$ specific value which Y_n might take

For Y_N to be less than y_n , all N X must be less than y_n . It follows that;

$$G_{Y}(Y_{n}) = [F_{X}(x)]_{x}^{N} = Y_{n}$$
 (1)



B-2

Thus, if the initial distribution of a Function is known exactly, then the extreme value function can be derived exactly. In engineering practice this is not usually possible. Small errors in estimates of the initial distribution are compounded (to the Nth power) in the extremes. It is precisely due to this problem that statistical theory of extreme values was developed. The early works on extreme value statistics are due to Von Mises (1922), Frechet (1927) and Fischer and Tippett (1928). Gumbels' landmark paper and book [1,2] give both the mathematical derivation and engineering uses of extreme distributions. There are three main types of extreme value functions, (see Table 1) originally classified by Fischer and Tippett, and which have also come to be known by the mathematicians who studied them; Type I (Gumbel), Type II (Frechet) and Type III (Weibull). All three distributions have a largest value and smallest value form. Only the largest value forms will be discussed here.

Asymptotic Distributions

The reasons that three specific extreme value distributions have been defined is that they are all asymptotic distributions. For most situations of practical importance, for a wide range of initial distributions, the extremes as defined in Equation (1) will asymptotically approach one of the three distributions, as the value of N grows large.

Type I (Gumbel).

The Type I distribution arises when dealing with unlimited random variables whose initial distributions tail off "in an exponential manner"; as for example,

$$F(x) = 1 - e^{-\lambda x}$$
 (2)

which is the negative exponential distribution. The normal and gamma distribution are of this general type. The Type I, defining the largest of many independent random variables with a common exponential type of upper tail, is written as:

 $-\alpha(y-u)$ $F_{y}(y) = e^{-e} \qquad -\infty < y < \infty \qquad (3)$

= measure of dispersion

where

u = mode of y

α

Type II (Frechet)

The Type II also represents the largest of many random variables, but which are limited on the left to zero (i.e. positive only) and have a tail which falls off as:

 $F x) = 1 - \beta \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^k \qquad x > 0 \quad (4)$

The Cauchy and log normal follow this form. The Type I and Type II have the same relationship as the normal and log normal distributions. If a variable is log normally distributed then its logarithm is normally distributed, and if a variable is Type II then its logarithm is Type I. This can be seen in the probability paper used to plot Type I and Type II. Both Type I and II use the same scale for probability, but while Type I uses a linear vertical scale, Type II uses a logarithmic scale (see Figures 2 and 3). Note also that if x in Equation 4 is replaced with lnx, then equation 4 can be transformed into equation 2. All this leads to the Type II distribution with the form;

$$r(y) = e^{-(-)}$$
 $y > 0$ (5)
y

where v = a parameter between the mode and median

k = a measure of dispersion.

Type III (Weibull)

The Type III distribution describes the largest of many random variables which are limited to some maximum value w, and fall off in a manner such that near w;

 $F(x) = 1 - c(w - x)^k$ x < w > 0 (6)

The distribution of the largest values is:

$$F(y) = e^{-\binom{w-y}{w-u}} \qquad \qquad y < w \qquad (7)$$

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TABLE EV.1

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PROPERTIES OF TYPES I, II AND III EXTREME VALUE DISTRIBUTIONS

<pre>FISCHER-TIPPEIT TYPE II FISCHER-TIPPEIT TYPE III (Weibull) Largest Values Largest Values</pre>	$F_{(y)} = e^{-(\frac{y}{y})k}$ $F_{(y)} = e^{-(\frac{w-y}{w-u})k}$	$f_{(y)} = \frac{k}{v} \left(\frac{v}{y}\right)^{k+1} e^{-\left(\frac{v}{y}\right)^{k}} f_{(y)} = \frac{k}{w-u} \left(\frac{w-y}{w-u}\right)^{k-1} \cdot F_{(\gamma)}$	$\widetilde{y} = v(\frac{k}{(k+1)})^{1/k}$ $\widetilde{y} = u$	$\overline{y} = v\Gamma(1-1/k)$ $\overline{y} = w - (w-u) \Gamma(1+1/k)$	$\bigvee_{y} = v(1.44629)^{1/k}$	σ = v/Γ(1-2/k)	If $F(\gamma)$ is Type II then F (log(γ)) is Type III -> Type I	
	y) = $e^{-\alpha(y-u)}$	$y)^{=\alpha e} - [\alpha(y - u) + e^{-\alpha(y - u)}] \Big _{f(y)}$	₹	$= u + \frac{57722}{\alpha} = u + \frac{45\sigma}{3}$	$= u + \frac{.36651}{\alpha} \qquad \bigcup_{i=1}^{i}$	$= \frac{1.2825}{\alpha}$	st Common E.V. stribution.Repre- nts the extremes of the ny standard itial distributions Typ cl. the "normal"	stribution.
PROPERTIES	Cumulative Distribution F _(y) F _{(y}	Probability Density f	mode · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	y =	U wedian	Standard Deviation σ =	Motes: Mos Dis Ser and fini	015

where w = maximum possible value of y

u = mode of y

k = measure of dispersion

Weibull [1934] actually used the distribution to study smallest rather than largest values. He studied material strength in tension and fatigue. While his justification for the distribution was purely empirical, Freudenthal [1951, 1956] has given physical reasons for its practicability.

Example

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The maximum annual mean hourly wind speed for London airport for the years 1939-1961 inclusive are as follows;

36, 37, 45, 50, 39, 33, 37, 35, 41, 52, 41, 58, 39, 46, 39, 42, 45, 36, 55, 32, 43, 34, 39

To plot the extreme values the data must be ranked as follows:

RANK m	VELOCITY (MPH)	$P(v) = 1 - \frac{m}{n+1}$	Y = -ln(-ln(P))
1	<u>-</u>	.958	
2	55	- 917	2.44
3	52	-875	2.44
4	50	.833	1 70
5	46	.792	1.46
6 ·	45	.750	1 75
7	45	.708	1.25
8	43	.667	1.00
9	42	-625	.90
10	41	- 583	• / 5
11	41	-542	.02
12	39	.500	• 4 7 > 7
13	39	- 458	
14	39	. 417	.40
15	37	- 375	.13
16	37	. 333	.02
17	37	. 292	09
18	36	.250	41
19	36	.208	33
20	35	.167	40
21	34	.125	58
22	33	- 083	/3
23	32	.042	91
v	= 11 39		

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The data can be plotted against any of the three distributions. This is best done by first linearizing the equations as follows:

T<u>ype I</u>

$$-\alpha(x-u)$$

F(x) = e^{-e} (3)

can be converted to:

$$-\ln(-\ln(F(x))) = \alpha x - \alpha u$$

which is linear in $-\ln(-\ln(F(x)))$ and x. The plotting paper used in Figure 2 is specially constructed so that data fitting Equation 3 will be a straight line.

Type II

$$F(x) = e^{-\begin{pmatrix} v \\ x \end{pmatrix}}$$
(5)

can be converted to:

 $-\ln(-\ln(F(x))) = k\ln x - k\ln v$

which is linear in $-\ln(-\ln(Fx))$ and $\ln x$. The same kind of plotting paper can be used to plot Type II if log x is used. Figure 3 uses a logarithmic scale instead.

Type III

$$F(x) = e^{-\left(\frac{w-x}{w-u}\right)k}$$
(7)

can be converted to:

$$-\ln(-\ln(F(x))) = k\ln(w-u) - k\ln(w-x)$$

which is again linear. Figure 4 plots w-x on a logarithmic scale.

B-8



FIGURE EV.2 TYPE I EXTREME VALUE PLOT OF WIND SPEEDS

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FIGURE EV.3 TYPE II EXTREME VALUE PLOT OF WIND SPEEDS





B-11

COMPARISON OF DIFFERENT DISTRIBUTIONS

This example illustrates a very important point concerning extreme value statistics. All three distributions fit the data reasonably well over the range of the data. If one were interested in predictions within the range of probabilities given, the choice would be inconsequential. The problem arises when extrapolating to longer time spans than the available data. The 100 year and 1000 year expected extreme winds are:

		100 yr.	1000 yr.
Type	I	63	75
Type	II	75	105
Type	III	62	73.5

When extrapolating 2, 3 or even 4 orders of magnitude (i.e. from 2 ship weeks of ice loads data to 50,000 ship-weeks of operations) the problems of divergence of the distributions is even greater.

The choice of the distribution must rely on the applicability of assumptions governing the distributions to the particular process governing the data. The key distinguishing aspects of the distributions are:

> Type I - unlimited additive (averaging)process Type II - unlimited multiplicative (sequential) process Type III - limited variable

The extreme value method is a valuable predictive tool, but care must be taken to get sufficient data and to use the method wisely.

THE THREE DISTRIBUTIONS COMBINED

It has been shown (Gnedenko 1943) that the three Fisher Tippett distributions are the only stable asymptotic forms for extreme values (except for improper distribution). Further, Jenkinson (1955) showed that all three forms could be expressed as special cases of a more general distribution. For the purposes of clarity this most general distribution will be called the Jenkinson distribution. It is written as follows:

$$-\begin{bmatrix} 1 - \frac{C}{A2} & (x - A1) \end{bmatrix}^{1/C}$$
(8)

This reduces to a type I, II or III depending on the value of C, as follows;

Type I: C = 0

$$-1/A2 (x - A1)$$

-e
F(x) = e

where $1/A2 = \alpha$, A1 = U

Type II: $C < 0^{\circ}$

where
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/C \\ F(x) &= e^{-\left[\frac{A1/C}{x-(A1 - A2/C)}\right]} \\ & \\ x_{\min} &= A1 - A2/C \text{ (lower limit, usually 0)} \\ & -1/C &= k \\ & \\ A2/C &= V \end{aligned}$$

Type III: · C > 0

$$F(x) = e \left[\frac{C}{A2} \left[(A2/C + A1) - x \right] \right]^{1/C}$$

where $X_{max} = W = A1 + A2/C$ (upper limit)

1/C = K A1 = U

These interrelationships allow fitting data to equation 8 and then determining both the type and parameters of the extreme value equation.

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APPENDIX C

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TABLE 1

SUMMARY OF DEPLOYMENTS, DATA SETS AND ICE CONDITIONS

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TITLE & DATE	LOCATION	ICE TYPE	NO OF EVENTS
Beaufort Summer 82 Sep 28 - Oct 16	100-150 nm north of Prudhoe Bay in the Alaskan Beaufort Sea	MY	167
S Bering Winter 83 Mar 24 - Mar 26	Transit from St.Paul Is. to the west end of St.Lawrence Is. in the Bering Sea	FY	173
N Bering Winter 83 Mar 27 - Mar 28	Transit from St. Lawrence Is. to the Bering Strait in the Bering Sea	FY	241
S Chukchi Winter 83 Mar 29 -Apr 2 Apr 28 - May 2	Transit from the Bering Strait to Point Hope in the Chukchi Sea and return	FY,MY	299
N Chukchi Winter 83 Apr 3 - Apr 27	Round trip transit Point Hope to Wainwright in the Chukchi Sea, operation off Wainwright	FY,MY	513
Antarctic Summer 84 Jan 9 - Jan 13	McMurdo Sound, break-in to McMurdo Base	FY	309
Beaufort Summer 84 Nov 18 - Dec 1	Operation between Barter Is. and Barrow in the Beaufort Sea, transit through the Chukchi Sea to the Bering Strait	FY,MY	337
	SUBSETS OF KNOWN MULTIYEAR EVENTS		
N Chokchi Winter 83 MY Apr 3 - Apr 27	North Chukchi Sea off Wainwright	MY	67

npr 5	- ubi - 1	-			
Beaufort	Summer 84 MY	Beaufort and Chukchi	Seas	MY	32
Nov 12	- Dec I				

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TABLE 2

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SUMMARY OF COMBINED DATA SETS

TITLE	COMBINED FROM	ICE TYPE	NO OF EVENTS
Known Multiyear	Beaufort Summer 82 N Chukchi Winter 83 MY Beaufort Summer 84 MY	MY	266
Heavy Mixed FY & MY	Beaufort Summer 82 S Chukchi Sea 83 N Chukchi Sea 83 Beaufort Summer 84	FY,MY	1017
Known First Year	S Bering Winter 83 N Bering Winter 83 Antarctic Summer 84	FY	723
Summer Beaufort Sea	Beaufort Summer 82 Beaufort Summer 84	mostly MY	504
Winter Chukchi Sea	S Chukchi Winter 83 N Chukchi Winter 83	FY,MY	398
Winter Bering Sea	S Bering Winter 83 N Bering Winter 83	FY	812













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APPENDIX D

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SUMMARY OF TABLES OF THE COEFFICIENTS OF THE 3 PARAMETER CURVE FIT TO THE EXTREME VALUE DISTRIBUTIONS

TABLE D-1

REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS FOR THE 3 PARAMETER EXTREME VALUE DISTRIBUTION FOR HIGHEST AVERAGE PRESSURE ON A SINGLE SUB-PANEL

		REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS				s	
	NUMBER	. A1 A			A2	2	
TITLE	OF EVENTS	Ċ	MPa	psi	MPa	psi	
Beaufort Summer 82	167	063	3.10	450	1.43	207	
S Bering Winter 83	173	071	1.27	184	.35	51	
N Bering Winter 83	241	.026	1.99	289	.58	84	
S Chuk chi Winter 83	299	218	2.01	291	.43	62	
N Chuk chi Winter 83	513	198	2.50	363	.71	103	
Antarctic Summer 84	310	.042	1.90	276	.52	75	
Beaufort Summer 84	337	•000	1.97	286	•83	121	
N Chukchi Winter 83 MY	67	236	2.95	428	.95	138	
Beaufort Summer 84 MY	32	247	1.96	284	.92	134	
Known Multi-Year	266	.000	2.89	419	1.52	221	
Heavy Mixed FY and MY	1017	128	2.37	343	.92	133	
Known First-Year	723	.042	1.71	248	.63	91	
Summer Beaufort Sea	504	116	2.22	322	1.06	154	
Winter Chukchi Sea	812	193	2.28	330	.65	94	
Winter Bering Sea	398	.000	1.56	226	.66	96	

REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS FOR THE 3 PARAMETER EXTREME VALUE DISTRIBUTION FOR HIGHEST AVERAGE PRESSURE ON FOUR SUB-PANELS

		REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS				
	NUMBER	A1			A2	
TITLE	OF EVENTS	С	MPa	psi	MPa	psi
Beaufort Summer 82	148	204	1.31	190	.60	87
S Bering Winter 83	154	.020	. 56	81	.21	31
N Bering Winter 83	2 28	092	-86	125	.29	42
S Chukchi Winter 83	271	104	. 88	128	.28	40
N Chukchi Winter 83	460	200	1.14	165	.33	48
Antarctic Summer 84	283	.101	-88	127	.23	34
Beaufort Summer 84	289	.055	-86	124	.43	62
N Chukchi Winter 83 MY	63	322	1.31	190	.46	67
Beaufort Summer 84 MY	24	.071	•88	128	.52	75
Known Multi-Year	266	.001	1.21	175	.81	118
Heavy Mixed FY and MY	897	168	1.05	152	.41	60
Known First-Year	665	.005	. 78	113	.28	40
Summer Beaufort Sea		136	.89	129	.53	77
Winter Chukchi Sea		149	1.05	153	.35	51
Winter Bering Sea		043	.72	104	.33	48

REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS FOR THE 3 PARAMETER EXTREME VALUE DISTRIBUTION FOR HIGHEST TOTAL FORCE ON THE PANEL

		REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS			
	NUMBER	Al		A2	
TITLE	OF EVENTS	С	MN LT	MN LT	
Beaufort Summer 82	167	133	1.12 112	-62 62	
S Bering Winter 83	173	.130	.96 96	-38 38	
N Bering Winter 83	241	048	1.03 103	45 45	
S Chukchi Winter 83	299	052	.87 87	.37 37	
N Chukchi Winter 83	513	016	1.23 123	.63 63	
Antarctic Summer 84	310	005	.93 93	.30 30	
Beaufort Summer 84	337	.000	.77 77	.46 46	
N Chukchi Winter 83 MY	67	163	1-40 140	.60 60	
Beaufort Summer 84 MY	32	028	.73 73	.52 52	
Known Multi-Year	266	-001	1.08 108	75 75	
Heavy Mixed FY and MY	1017	043	1.04 104	60 60	
Known First-Year	723	048	.96 96	.36 36	
Summer Beaufort Sea	504	- 114	83 83	50. 50	
Winter Chukchi Sea	812	001	1 06 106	• JU JU	
Winter Bering Sea	398	.001	95 95	.03 03 AS AS	
				•40 40	

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REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS FOR THE 3 PARAMETER EXTREME VALUE DISTRIBUTION FOR HIGHEST TOTAL FORCE ON A FRAME

		REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS			NTS	
	NUMBER	. A1			A	2
TITLE	OF EVENTS	C	MN	LT	MN	LT
Beaufort Summer 82	167	.001	. 56	56	.37	37
S Bering Winter 83	173	197	.22	22	.07	7
N Bering Winter 83	241	239	.36	36	.11	11
S Chukchi Winter 83	299	084	.39	39	.10	10
N Chukchi Winter 83	513	127	.46	46	.16	16
Antarctic Summer 84	310	.028	_33	33	_10	10
Beaufort Summer 84	337	.005	.30	30	.13	13
N Chukchi Winter 83 MY	67	033	. 62	62	.26	26
Beaufort Summer 84 MY	32	127	.34	34	.18	18
Known Multi-Year	266	.001	.53	53	-35	35
Heavy Mixed FY and MY	1017	.005	.39	39	.26	26
Known First-Year	723	145	.31	31	.10	10
Summer Beaufort Sea	504	205	-38	38	.19	19
Winter Chukchi Sea	812	- 145	.43	43	_14	14
Winter Bering Sea	398	188	.29	29	.11	11

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REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS FOR THE 3 PARAMETER EXTREME VALUE DISTRIBUTION FOR HIGHEST TOTAL FORCE ON A STRINGER

		REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS				NTS
	NUMBER	A1		41	A2	
TITLE	OF EVENTS	С	MN	LT	MN	LT
Beaufort Summer 82	167	.001	•89	89	.55	55
S Bering Winter 83	173	.005	.41	41	.25	25
N Bering Winter 83	241	.234	.75	75	.30	30
S Chukchi Winter 83	299	.001	.73	73	.30	30
N Chukchi Winter 83	513	020	.98	98	.36	36
Antarctic Summer 84	310	.095	.69	69	.23	23
Beaufort Summer 84	337	. 169	. 60	60	.36	36
N Chukchi Winter 83 MY	67	.001	1.13	113	.55	55
Beaufort Summer 84 MY	32	.210	.52	52	.32	32
Known Multi-Year	266	.001	.89	89	.54	54
Heavy Mixed FY and MY	1017	.006	-81	81	_41	41
Known First-Year	723	.170	.64	64	.29	29
Summer Beaufort Sea	504	066	.66	66	.39	39
Winter Chukchi Sea	812	.001	_87	87	.37	37
Winter Bering Sea	398	.165	.60	60	.31	31

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APPENDIX E

DESIGN OF SHELL PLATING ON ICEBREAKERS

Failure of shell plating can be defined in several ways:

- initial yielding
- unacceptable deformation (permanent set)
- rupture (after large deformation)
- fatigue

Initial yielding is not normally considered as failure in icebreakers. No visible damage results from yielding. As well, design against initial yielding would be unnecessarily costly. Fatigue considerations are normally dealt with through proper selection of steel grades.

For modern icebreakers, constructed of high strength and highly ductile steels, the design condition is some level of permanent set that is considered acceptable. For these steels the rupture strength is very high and is of less interest.

Post yield behavior of plating depends on a number of parameters and mechanisms:

- plastic hinge formation at edges
- plastic hinge formation at center
- membrane action due to deflection
- lateral deflection of plate edges
- * "pulling out" of plastic hinges under high membrane loads
- plate aspect ratio
- plate slenderness ratio
- load shape
- load relaxation due to deformation

The complexity of the plastic response of the plate, together with scarcity of experimental data, has so far resulted in a diverse range of opinions and equations in the literature. This report will discuss the various approaches and propose a suitable basis for design of shell plating.

- stress strain model
- yield criteria
- ultimate strain at rupture

Timoshenko [1] studied long flat plates with built in and simply supported edges. All of his solutions considered elastic action only. His solutions considered the membrane stresses resulting from laterally restrained supports. This work provided the basis for later plasticity analysis.

Clarkson [2] considered the elastic and plastic response of rigid clamped plates of various aspect ratios, up to the formation of a single plastic hinge at the edge (including membrane action). Clarkson's equation (for zero aspect ratio) is:

 $p = 4.56 \begin{bmatrix} 4/3 & 1/3 \\ \sigma & /E \end{bmatrix} \cdot (t/s)$ (F.1) p = applied load (capacity) $\sigma_{y} = yield strength$ E = Xoung's Modulus t = plate thicknesss = plate span (frame spacing)

The resulting permanent deformation was equal to those caused by the welding process during fabrication.

Johansson [3] considered a three plastic hinge mechanism as the design condition. He assumed that membrane stresses would not be important and that (practically) no permanent deformation would result. His strength formula is:

 $p = 4 \sigma \begin{pmatrix} t \\ -s \end{pmatrix}^2$

(F.2)

Hooke [5] based on the experimental results of Hooke and Rawlings [4], extended Clarkson's work on fixed edged plates of non-zero aspect ratio. In [4] it is noted that the tests were unable to prevent lateral movements of the plate boundaries.

Jones [6] examined finite plastic deflection of rectangular plates with simply supported and fully clamped edges. Using a rigid perfectly plastic stress model and assuming no lateral deflections at the boundaries, he produced the following formula for the fully clamped case:

$$p = \frac{1}{p} \cdot \left[1 + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{W}{t} \right)^2 + \left\{ \frac{\zeta + (3-2\zeta)^2}{(3-\zeta)} \right\} \right] \quad (F.3)$$

where ₩ ≤ t

$$p_{c} = 12 \sigma \left(\frac{t}{s}\right)^{2} \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{s} + \alpha} - \alpha\right)^{2}} \quad (3 \text{ hinge load})$$

$$\zeta = \alpha \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{2}{3 + \alpha} - \alpha} \right\}$$

$$\alpha = s/a \text{ (aspect ratio)}$$

$$a = \text{height of plate}$$

$$W_{c} = \text{ permanent deflection}$$

(Note that (F.3) reduces to (F.2) when α and W are equal to 0).

For the simply supported case:

$$p = \frac{p}{\frac{c}{2}} \left[1 + \frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{W}{t} \right)^2 \left\{ \frac{\zeta + (3 - 2\zeta)^2}{(3 - \zeta)} \right\} \right]$$

$$W < t/2$$
(F.4)

or

$$p = \frac{p}{\frac{c}{2}} \frac{4W}{t} \left[1 + \frac{\zeta (\zeta - 2)}{3 - \zeta} \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{t}{2} \\ 12W \end{pmatrix} \right]$$
(F.5)

W > t/2

for plates of zero aspect ratio this reduces to:

$$p = 8 \sigma_{y} \left(\frac{t}{s}\right) \left(\frac{w}{s}\right)$$
(F.6)

Coburn et al [7] took equation (F.3) for W/t = 1, $\alpha = 0$ to obtain

$$p = 8 \sigma \left(\frac{t}{s}\right)^{2}$$
 (F.7)

and suggested a plate design (inverting (F.7)) of;

$$t = .353 \text{ s } \sqrt{P/\sigma}$$

Coburn et al also reports that Clarkson's equation (F.1) if extended to 3 plastic hinges would become approximately

$$P = 9.12 \begin{bmatrix} \sigma & 4/3 \\ y \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 \\ E \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} t \\ \overline{s} \end{bmatrix} 4/3 \quad (F.8)$$

Hughes [8] in a very comprehensive paper, developed a solution for plastic plate response based on an elastic-perfectly plastic stress model and allowing for the freedom of the edges to pull in (Figure 1). Hughes defines the slenderness ratio β as;

$$\beta = s/t \sqrt{\sigma_v/E}$$
 (F.9)



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Hughes explains that for sturdy plates ($\beta < 2.4$) the deflections under load will be quite small and, because of the occurrence of edge pull-in, that membrane effects are small even after yielding. It is noted that plates on icebreakers are very sturdy (i.e. s = 400 mm, t = 36 mm, $\sigma = 360 \text{ will result in } \beta = .46!$) and that edge pull-in could be very important. As a result membrane stresses would be small. Using a non-dimensional load parameter Q;

$$Q = pE/\sigma_y^2$$
 (F.10)

Hughes developes a 3 part expression for the load/deformation equation:

 $Q = Qy + K_w (\Delta Q_0 + \Delta Q_1 \cdot R_w)$ (F.11)

in which;

Qy = nondimensional load at initial yield ΔQ_0 = increase in load up to full formation of the edge hinge ΔQ_1 = slope of Qvs W_p/Wp_0 after edge hinge $R_w = W_p/W_{p0}$ $K_w = 1$ $R_w > 1$ $= (1-(1-R_w)^3)^{1/3}$ $R_w < 1$ Wp = permanent deformation Wp = permanent deformation at completion of edge 0 hinge formation $= .07\beta^2 t$

E-6

Equation (F.11) is based on small deflection theory and is valid for $Wp_0 < Wp < t$. Equation (F.11) considers the steel to follow Hencky-VonMises yield criteria. The equation includes the effects of non zero aspect ratios. The complete equations are as follows:

$$Qy = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1 + \nu + \nu \beta}} \left(1 + 0.5 (\alpha)^4 \right)$$
 (F.12)

$$\Delta Q = 1 + .5\beta \frac{\alpha (1 + \alpha (3.3 - 1/\beta))}{\sqrt{1 - \nu + \nu \beta}}$$
(F.13)
$$\Delta Q = .95 \left[\alpha / \sqrt{\beta} \right]^{1.5}$$
(F.14)

$$\Delta Q_{1} = .95$$

For
$$\alpha = 0$$
, this reduces to

$$Q = \frac{3}{\sqrt{1 - \nu + \nu}} \frac{2}{\beta}$$

(F.15)

or

$$P = 3.46 \sigma \left(\frac{t}{s}\right)^2$$

(F.16)

For $\alpha = .2$, $\beta = .46$, and Wp = t, (F.11) reduces to

$$Q = \frac{3.06}{\sqrt{1 - \nu + \nu}} + .15 \quad \frac{Wp}{Wp} \qquad (F.17)$$

$$P = 3.44 \quad \sigma_{Y} \left(\frac{t}{s}\right)^{2} + 2.14 \quad \sigma_{y} \left(\frac{t}{s}\right)^{2} \left(\frac{Wp}{t}\right)$$

$$= 5.58 \quad \sigma_{y} \left(\frac{t}{s}\right)^{2} \qquad (F.18)$$

To examine the edge pull-in, consider first the limiting condition of membrane behaviour. Figure 2 illustrates ideal membrane behaviour with pinned ends. Ratzlaff and Kennedy [9] provide a clear discussion of the ideal membrane situation (as well as a very informative discussion of many aspects of the problem). It can easily be shown that for the case shown in Figure 2

 $P = \frac{8 \text{ W T}}{\sqrt{4}}$

(F.19)

T = Membrane Tension

This is true for any stress condition (elastic or plastic) as long as the membrane tension T is constant throughout the plate. The increase in length due to the sag is given by λ ;

 $\lambda = \frac{8}{3} \frac{W}{s}$ (F.20)

again, regardless of the state of stress.
For the elastic condition, the strain is given by ε ;

$$\varepsilon = \lambda/s$$
 (F.21)

the stress o is;

$$\sigma = \frac{\varepsilon E}{(1-v^2)} = \frac{\lambda E}{s(1-v^2)} = \frac{8}{3} \frac{w^2}{s^2} \frac{E}{(1-v^2)}$$
(F.22)

which leads to the membrane tension of T = st and combining this result with F.22

$$T = \frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{W}{s}\right)^2 \frac{Et}{2}$$
(F.23)

Therefore using (F.19), the load vs. deflection is

$$P = \frac{64}{3} \left(\frac{W}{s}\right)^{3} \frac{Et}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2}{s} + (4W)}}$$
(F.24)

This elastic solution is only valid up to the yield stress, at which the deflection is:

$$Wy = \sqrt{\frac{3 \sigma_y (1-v^2)}{Y}} \cdot s$$
 (F.25)

which for $\sigma = 360$ MPa is;

$$Wy = 0.025 \cdot s$$
 (F.26)

For deflections above Wy, the tension becomes constant at the yield value $(T = \sigma y t / (1 - v p^2))$ which results in a load vs. deflection equation of:

$$P = \frac{8 \sigma}{\binom{v}{1-vp}^2} \frac{\binom{w}{s}}{\binom{t}{s}} \frac{\frac{t}{s}}{\sqrt{1+\binom{4w}{s}}^2}$$

(F.27)

where vp = plastic Poissons ratio

· = .5

It is necessary to examine the assumption of edge pull-in. To do this the neighbouring plate is considered as a spring (as in Figure 3). To get the value of the spring constant, assume that the plates to either side are semi-infinite and edge loaded over a length of a. Timoshenko [10] gives the solution for this condition. The deflection of the center

$$\delta = \frac{2 q}{\pi E} \quad (a \log a/2)$$

(F.28)

which means that the stiffness (for plates on both sides combined) is:

 $\frac{K}{e} = \frac{\pi E t}{4 \log (a/2)}$

(F.29)

The stiffness of the plate itself is determined using equations (F.20 and F.21).

$$K = T/\lambda \cdot a$$

$$P$$

$$= \frac{\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{W}{s}\right)^{2} \frac{E t}{2} \cdot a}{(1-v)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{8}{3} \frac{W}{3}}{\frac{2}{s}}$$

$$K_{p} = \frac{E t \cdot a}{s (1-v)} \qquad (F.30)$$

It is possible to combine K and K and simply consider the ideal membrane case (Figure 2) but with a more flexible plate of the combined stiffness K_c , is

$$K_{c} = \frac{1}{(1/K + 1/K)} p e$$

$$= K (1/(1 + K/K)) p p e$$

$$= K \Theta (F.31)$$

$$\Theta = \frac{1}{(1 + 1.4 - \frac{1 \log a}{2})} (F.32)$$

E-11

by determining T from K \cdot $\lambda,$ a modified load vs. deflection equation:

$$p = \frac{64}{3} \left(\frac{W}{s}\right)^{3} \frac{E t}{2} \frac{\Theta}{\sqrt{2} - \frac{2}{2}}$$

$$(1-v) \sqrt{s} + (W) \qquad (F.33)$$

Note that (F.33) is only (24) times Θ . Essentially E can be replaced by E Θ to simulate the edge springs. Again the elastic solution is only valid up to the yield stress, at which point the deflection is;

$$\Theta = \frac{1}{\left(1 + 1.4 \frac{a \log a/2}{s}\right)}$$

Given $\sigma_y = 360$
 $a = 1.2 m$
 $a/s = 4$

The onset of full membrane action would take place at a deflection of

$$w = .036 \cdot s$$

(F.35)

E-12

Any deflection greater than 3.6% of the frame span would result in complete plasticity and therefore complete membrane action. This simplifies the problem greatly because T becomes constant at $\sigma_t/(1-v_1^2)$. Again utilizing (F.19) the load/deflection equation for a full plastic membrane is:

$$p = 8 W \cdot \frac{v}{\frac{v}{1-v}} = \frac{1}{\frac{4}{1-v}}$$

or

$$p = 10.67 \left(\frac{W}{s}\right) \sigma \left(\frac{t}{s}\right) \frac{1}{1 + (4 W/s)}$$
(F.36)

for
$$W/s = -0.1$$

 $P = 0.99 \sigma \frac{t}{s}$ (F.37)

It is worth noting that when the full plastic membrane stress is activated, the plastic hinge at the edge of the plate is completely pulled out resulting in no edge moment, and the ideal membrane condition upon which equation (F.37) depends. Note also that (F.36) is almost identical to (F.6), which would be expected, since both involve both membrane action. In fact, equation (F.5) probably best describes the action of plates subject to large deflections and has the advantage of considering non zero aspect ratios. As a result it is suggested that a suitable design criteria would be some ratio of permanent set (W) to frame spacing. The required plate thickness would be:

$$t = 4.17 \times 10^{-2} s \begin{pmatrix} \frac{P}{\sigma} \\ y \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{s}{W} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e$$
 (F.38)

w = allowable permanent set

P = design ice load (MPa)

s = frame spacing (mm)

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<u>}</u>.,

$$\sigma$$
 y = yield stress (MPa)

 θ = function of plate aspect ratio (F.39)

$$\Theta = \frac{\left(\overline{1 + \frac{\zeta}{3 + \beta} - \beta}\right)^{2}}{\left(1 + \frac{\zeta}{3 - \zeta}\right)}$$

$$\zeta = \beta \left(\overline{1 + \beta - \beta}\right)$$

(F.40)

0 is Tabulated in Table 1.

ß	θ
0	3
.1	2.99
.2	2.96
.25	2.93
.33	2.86
.5	2.71
1	2

Noting the limited range of 0, a simpler and still accurate formula could be:

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$$t = 0.125 \text{ s} \frac{P}{\sigma} \left(\frac{s}{W}\right) \qquad (F.41)$$

 $0.03 < \frac{W}{s} < 0.2$

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